CNTEE Transelectrica SA Two-Tier Company

Consolidated Financial Statements on the date and for the financial year concluded on December 31st, 2017

in accordance the Decision no. 6 of the Ordinary General Shareholders Meeting of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica" - SA from April 30th , 2018

(free translation)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

in accordance with the Decision no. 6 of the Ordinary General Shareholders Meeting of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica"- SA on April 30th, 2018

(All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

	Note	31 December 2017	31 December 2016
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	5	3,085,762	3,254,345
Intangible assets	6	15,612	14,775
Other investments		32,636	32,636
Long-term receivables	7	<u> </u>	9,775
Total non-current assets		3,134,010	3,311,531
Current assets			
Inventories	8	50,106	45,475
Trade and other receivables	9	825,949	864,332
Other financial assets	10	-	135,090
Cash and cash equivalents	11	553,875	960,489
Total current assets		1,429,930	2,005,386
Total assets		4,563,940	5,316,917
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital		733,031	733,031
Share premium		49,843	49,843
Legal reserves		119,153	116,552
Other reserves		57,627	57,627
Revaluation reserves		408,899	458,184
Retained earnings		1,366,936	1,714,462
Equity attributable to the owners of the Group	12	2,735,489	3,129,699
Non-controlling interests		4,065	5,484
Total equity		2,739,554	3,135,183
Non-current liabilities			
Deferred income	13	412,866	433,692
Borrowings	13	195,186	501,930
Deferred tax liability	-1	27,263	32,565
Employee benefits obligations	15	62,513	58,050
Total non-current liabilities		697,828	1,026,237

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

in accordance with the Decision no. 6 of the Ordinary General Shareholders Meeting of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica"- SA on April 30th, 2018

(All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

	Note	31 December 2017	31 December 2016
Current liabilities			
Trade and other liabilities	16	693,349	877,058
Provisions	17	42,921	55,274
Other tax and social security liabilities	20	11,225	12,291
Borrowings	14	338,183	155,548
Deferred income	13	40,881	38,025
Income tax payable			17,301
Total current liabilities		1,126,558	1,155,497
Total liabilities		1,824,386	2,181,734
Total shareholders' equity and liabilities		4,563,940	5,316,917

Directorate

Adrian-Constantin	Dan-Valeriu	Andreea Georgiana	Georgeta-Corina	Florin-Cristian
RUSU	ARDELEAN	FLOREA	POPESCU	TATARU
Chairman	Member	Member	Member	Member

Cristina STOIAN Economics and Financial Strategy Department Director Cristiana ZIRNOVAN Budgeting and Management Reporting Department Manager

Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss

in accordance with theDecision no. 6 of the Ordinary General Shareholders Meeting of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica"- SA on April 30th, 2018

(All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

	Note	2017	2016
Revenues			
Transmission revenues		1,054,629	1,146,257
System services revenues		650,747	716,340
Balancing market revenues		1,304,613	814,080
Other revenues	-	58,015	61,411
Total revenues	21	3,068,004	2,738,088
Operating expenses			
System operating expenses	22	(257,917)	(230,757)
Balancing market expenses	22	(1,304,613)	(814,080)
Technological system services expenses	22	(661,323)	(561,027)
Depreciation and amortization		(321,027)	(331,433)
Personnel expenses		(237,262)	(271,938)
Repairs and maintenance expenses		(52,383)	(28,913)
Consumables		(22,206)	(27,741)
Other operating expenses	23	(147,127)	(130,483)
Total operating expenses	-	(3,003,859)	(2,396,372)
Operating result		64,145	341,716
Financial revenues		17,229	28,676
Financial expenses		(40,854)	(48,520)
Net financial result	24	(23,625)	(19,844)
Result before income tax		40,520	321,872
Income tax expense	18	(19,096)	(62,878)
Result for the year from continuing operations		21,424	258,994
RESULT FOR THE YEAR Attributable to:			
Owners of the Group		22,843	265,155
Non-controlling interests		(1,419)	(6,161)
Basic and diluted lost/earnings per share			
(lei/share)	19	0.29	3.53
	-		

Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss

in accordance with theDecision no. 6 of the Ordinary General Shareholders Meeting of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica"- SA on April 30th, 2018

(All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

	Note	2017	2016
Result of the financial year		21,424	258,994
Other comprehensive income Elements which will not be reclassified in the profit and loss account, out of which:			
- Effect of taxation on revaluation reserve			
Surplus from the revaluation of tangible assetsActuarial losses on defined benefit plans	14	(5,035)	(3,318)
Other comprehensive income		(5,035)	(3,318)
Total comprehensive income for the year		16,389	255,676
Attributable to:			
Owners of the Group		22,843	265,155
Non-controlling interests		(1,419)	(6,161)

Directorate

Adrian-Constantin	Dan-Valeriu	Andreea Georgiana	Georgeta-Corina	Florin-Cristian
RUSU	ARDELEAN	FLOREA	POPESCU	TATARU
Chairman	Member	Member	Member	Member

Cristina STOIAN Economics and Financial Strategy Department Director Cristiana ZIRNOVAN Budgeting and Management Reporting Department Manager

Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

in accordance with theDecision no. 6 of the Ordinary General Shareholders Meeting of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica"- SA on April 30th , 2018 (All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

		Share Capital	Share premium L	egal reserve	Revaluation reserve	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Attributable to the owners of the group	Non- controlling interests	Total
Balance on January 1 st , 2017		733,031	49,843	116,552	458,184	57,627	1,714,462	3,129,699	5,484	3,135,183
Comprehensive income for the year										
Result for the year		-	-	-	-	-	21,424	21,424	-	21,424
Other comprehensive income Defined benefit plan actuarial loss		-	-	-	-	-	(5,035)	(5,035)	-	(5,035)
Surplus from revaluation of tangible assets		-	-	-	-	-	(3,035)	-	-	-
Deferred tax liability generated by revaluation	reserve	-	-			-		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-
Total other comprehensive income		<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	(5,035)	(5,035)	<u> </u>	(5,035)
Total comprehensive income for the year							16,389	16,389	<u> </u>	16,389
Legal reserve		_	_	_		_	_		_	_
Transfer of revaluation reserve to retained earn	nings	-	-	-	(49.285)	-	49.285	-	-	-
Increase of the legal reserve	8	-	-	2.601	-	-	(2.601)	-	-	-
Adjustments of fixed assets obtained through		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustment for inflation of share capital to cov	ver losses									
resulted from applying IAS 29 Non-controlling interests arising from decrease	e of ownership	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
in SMART SA	of ownership	-	-	-	-	-	1,419	1,419	(1419)	-
Other elements		-		-	-	-	(75,727)	(75,727)	-	(75,727)
Total other elements		_		2,601	(49,285)		(27,624)	(74,308)	(1,419)	(75,727)-
Land derecognision				-	(4),203)		(50)	(74,508)	(1,+1))	(13,121)-
Dividends distributed from the profit of 2016		-	-	-	-	-	(165,445)	(165,445)	-	(165,445)
Special dividends according to GO 29/2017		-	-	-	-	-	(170,796)	(170,796)	-	(170,796)
Total transactions with owners			-		-		(336,291)	(336,291)		(336,291)
Balance as of December 31 st , 2017		733,031	49,843	119,153	408,899	57,627	1,366,936	2,735,489	4,065	2,739,554
				D	virectorate					
Adrian-Constantin RUSU	Dan-Valeriu ARDELEAN			Andreea Ge FLOREA	eorgiana		Georgeta-Corina POPESCU	Flori TAT	n-Cristian ARU	
Chairman	Member			Member			Member	Mem		
Cristina STOIAN Economics and Financial Strategy Depart			a ZIRNOVAN ng and Manage		Department Mar					

Economics and Financial Strategy Department Director

Budgeting and Management Reporting Department Manager

Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

in accordance with theDecision no. 6 of the Ordinary General Shareholders Meeting of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica"- SA on April 30th, 2018 (All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

	_	Share Capital	Share premium	Legal reserve	Revaluation reserve	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Attributable to the owners of the group	Non- controlling interests	Total
Balance on January 1 st 2016	_	733,031	49,843	99,599	512,781	56,368	1,608,506	3,060,128	11,645	3,071,773
Comprehensive income for the year										
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	258,994	258,994	-	258,994
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Defined benefit plan actuarial loss		-	-	-	-	-	(3,318)	(3,318)	-	(3,318)
Surplus from revaluation of tangible as Deferred tax liability generated by reva	sets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax hability generated by reva			<u> </u>				-		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total other comprehensive income	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	-	-	(3,318)	(3,318)	<u> </u>	(3,318)
Total comprehensive income for the	year	-	-	-	-	-	255,676	255,676		255,676
Legal reserve	-	-	-	16,953	-	-	(16,953)	-	-	-
Transfer of revaluation reserve to retain		-	-	-	(54,597)	-	54,597	-	-	-
Fixed assets obtained through public fu		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustments of fixed assets obtained th		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustment for inflation of share capita	al to cover losses									
resulted from applying IAS 29 Non-controlling interests arising from a	doomoogo of	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ownership in SMART SA	decrease of	_	_	_	_	_	6,161	6,161	(6,161)	_
Other elements		-	-				743	743	(0,101)	743
	—									
Total other elements		-	-	16,953	(54,597)	-	44,548	6,904	(6,161)	743
Contributions by and distributions to	o owners									
Grants related with property assets		-	-	-	-	1,259	-	1,259	-	1,259
Dividends distributed	_	-		-	-	-	(194,268)	(194,268)	<u> </u>	(194,268)
Total transactions with owners	_	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	-	1,259	(194,268)	(194,268)	<u> </u>	(194,268)
Balance as at 31 December 2016		733,031	49,843	116,552	458,184	57,627	1,714,462	3,129,699	5,484	3,135,183
					virectorate					
				D	hectorate					
Adrian-Constantin RUSU	Dan-Valeriu ARDELEAN			Andreea G FLOREA	eorgiana		Georgeta-Corina POPESCU	Flori TAT	n-Cristian ARU	
Chairman	Member			Member		1	Member	Mem	ber	
Cristina STOIAN		Cris	tiana ZIRNOV	/AN						
Economics and Financial Strateg	y Department Directo				porting Departr	ment Manager				

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

in accordance with the Decision no. 6 of the Ordinary General Shareholders Meeting of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica"- SA on April 30th, 2018

(All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

Cash flows from operating activities	2017	2016
Recording loss in retained earnings from correction of f accounting errors Result for the year	(75,727) 21,424	258,994
Adjustments for:	,	,
Income tax expense	19,096	62,878
Depreciation expenses	321,027	331,433
Expenses on provisions for impairment of trade receivables and other		
receivables	74,586	32,739
Losses from various debtors	45,081	-
Income from reversal of value losses for trade receivables and other receivables	(61,874)	(11,324)
Net expenses for adjustments for inventory impairment	1,612	-
Loss from disposal of intangible assets, net	838	273
Financial expenses regarding the adjustments for impairment of fixed assets	2,867	411
Value adjustments for property, plant and equipment	382	18,805
Value adjustments for provisions	(12,884)	19,100
Interest expense, interest income and unrealized foreign		
exchange gains	21,484	19,844
	357,912	733,152
Changes in:		
Trade and other receivables	(6,243)	308
Inventories	(10,374)	(156,359)
Trade and other liabilities	(81,148)	51,861
Other tax and social security liabilities	(1,066)	3,597
Liabilities paid according to NAFA tax decision	(99,891)	-
Deferred income	(17,970)	(29,640)
Cash generated from operating activities	141,220	602,919
Interest paid	(22,246)	(25,390)
Income tax paid	(8,861)	(66,538)
	(0,001)	(00,550)
Net cash from operating activities	110,013	510,992
Cash flows used in investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment and of intangible assets	(191,801)	(142,730)
Other financial assets	135,090	(65,005)
Dividends received	-	1,219
Interest received	5,991	5,880
Cashing from the sale of property, plant and equipment	26	
Net cash used in investing activities	(50,694)	(200,636)
Cash flows used in financing activities		
Proceeds from long term borrowings		
Repayments of long term borrowings	(134,372)	(162,486)
Repayments of short term borrowings	3,776	4,133
Dividends paid	(165,541)	(194,342)
Special dividends acordingly with GD 29/2017	(169,799)	
Net cash used in financing activities	(465,935)	(352,695)
The cash used in manening activities	(703,733)	(332,073)

CNTEE TRANSELECTRICA SA Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

in accordance with the Decision no. 6 of the Ordinary General Shareholders Meeting of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica"- SA on April 30th, 2018

(All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

Cash flows from operating activities	2017	2016
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(406,614)	(42,339)
Cash and cash equivalents as at 1 January (see Note 11)	960,489	1,002,829
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period (see Note 11)	553,875	960,489

Directorate

Adrian-Constantin	Dan-Valeriu	Andreea Georgiana	Georgeta-Corina	Florin-Cristian
RUSU	ARDELEAN	FLOREA	POPESCU	TATARU
Chairman	Member	Member	Member	Member

Cristina STOIAN Economics and Financial Strategy Department Director Cristiana ZIRNOVAN Budgeting and Management Reporting Department Manager

1. DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY AND GENERAL INFORMATION

The main activity of CNTEE Transelectrica SA ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively with the Company, "the Group") consists of: the electricity transmission services and of the system service, operator of the balancing market, administrator of the bonus type support scheme, other related activities. These activities take place according to the provisions of the business license no. 161/2000 issued by ANRE, updated through the Decision ANRE no. 270/February 4th, 2015, of the general Conditions associated to the license approved through the ANRE Order no. 104/2014 and of the final certification of the Company as a transport operator and system of the National Electroenergetic System according to the model of separating the property ("ownership unbundling").

The registered headquarters is located in: 33 General Gheorghe Magheru Blvd., Bucharest, district 1. Currently, the activity of the Company's executive takes place at the place of operations in 2-4 Olteni Street, district 3, Bucharest.

The Group's consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2017 prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards adopted by the European Union are available at the Company's working point located at Str. Olteni nr. 2 - 4, sector 3, Bucharest.

Starting with August 2006, the Company's shares are traded on the Bucharest Stock Exchange, under the symbol TEL.

According to the Decision of the Extraordinary General Assembly of Shareholders from July 18th, 2012, the Company switched from one-tier to two-tier Company in order to perform a clear separation of the management activities from the controlling activities. Thus, the Company is managed by a Directorate under the supervision of a Board of Supervisors.

Establishment of the Company

In accordance with Government Decision ("GD") no. 627 on the reorganization of the National Power Company - SA (the "Predecessor Entity") issued on July 31st, 2000 by the Government of Romania, the National Power Company was split into four newly created legal entities ("Successor Entities"). The sole shareholder of the Successor Entities was the Romanian State, through the Ministry of Economy ("ME"). CNTEE Transelectrica SA was established as a result of this reorganization as a joint-stock company which has as main activity the electricity transmission, dispatching of electricity, organization and management of the electricity market.

As described in Note 12, as of December 31st, 2017, the shareholders of the Company are: the Romanian State via the Ministry of Economy, Commerce and Tourism, which holds 43,020,309 shares (58.69%), DEDEMAN SRL with 4,192,363 (5.72%), other legal entity shareholders which hold 20,689,339 shares (28.22%) and other natural person shareholders which hold 5,401,131 shares (7.37%).

According to GEO no. 86/17.12.2014 "on the establishment of reorganization measures at the level of the central public administration and to amend and supplement certain legal acts", the Ministry of Economy, Commerce and Tourism exercises the rights, as of December 17th, 2014, and fulfills the obligations arising from its capacity as State shareholder in the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica" - S.A.

GD no. 47/2013 on the organization and operation of the Ministry of Economy was amended and supplemented accordingly by GD no. 41/2015.

To enforce the provisions of GEO no. 86/2014, on February 20, 2015, Depozitarul Central SA recorded the transfer of 43,020,309 shares (representing 58.68% of the share capital) issued by CNTEE Transelectrica SA, from the account of the Romanian State represented by the Government through the General Secretariat of the Government into the account of the Romanian State through the Ministry of Ministry of Economy, Commerce and Tourism.

Based on the provisions of art. 2 of GEO no. 55/November 19th, 2015 on establishing reorganization measures in the central public administration and amending certain legal acts, the Ministry of Economy, Commerce and Relations with the Business Environment was established, by reorganizing and taking over the activities of the Ministry of Economy, Commerce and Tourism, which was closed, and by taking over the activity and structures of small and medium-sized enterprises from the Ministry of Energy, Small and Medium-Sized Enterprises and the Business Environment.

The mission of the Group

The mission of the Group is to ensure safety and security in the functioning of the National Power System (NPS) by complying with the standards and the performance stipulated by the technical regulations in force, providing a public

service for all users of the electricity transmission grids, ensuring transparency, non-discrimination and fairness for all the market participants.

1. DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY AND GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

Other information relating to the Group's activity

CNTEE Transelectrica SA became a member of the Union for the Coordination of Transmission of Electricity ("UCTE") in October 2004, and from November 2004 became a member of the European Electricity Systems Operators Association ("ETSO"). As of July 2009, ENTSO-E was created by joining ETSO, UCTE and other four European Transmission System Operators ("TSO") associations have been fully integrated into the European Network of Transmission System Operators for Electricity ("ENTSO-E"), joining 42 TSOs from 35 countries. The activity of ENTSO-E is regulated by the European legislation in force (Regulation 714/2009).

CNTEE Transelectrica SA is an affiliate member to the following international organizations:

- ENTSO E European Network of Transmission System Operators for Electricity
- CIGRE International Council on Large Electric Systems
- LWA Live Work Association;

The Group is responsible for the secure, reliable and efficient functioning of the NPS, by carrying out the provisions of Directive (EU) no. 54/2003, Art. 9.

On May 23, 2017, Moody's Investors Service's credit rating agency published its updated credit rating, assessing Transelectrica's current and future ability to meet its payment obligations to creditors. The credit rating of Moody's Investors Service credit rating agency maintained the Company's rating at the level of the

The credit rating of Moody's Investors Service credit rating agency maintained the Company's rating at the level of the previous year, respectively Ba1.

Starting January 2017, the Company has signed a contract with Fitch Ratings International Credit Company. On July 5, 2017, Fitch grants the Company a stable BBB rating, as a recognition of the Company's efforts to achieve operational excellence and a responsible approach to the business environment in which it operates. On Oct. 11, 2017, Fitch maintains the BBB rating, stable outlook, rating one step above the country's rating (BBB- / stable outlook) for the Company.

Legislative environment

The activity in the energy sector is regulated by the Romanian Energy Regulatory Authority ("ANRE"), an autonomous public institution whose object of activity is to design, approve and monitor the application of all the regulations mandatory at national level necessary for the efficient operation of the electricity, heat and gas sectors and markets, observing the competition, transparency and consumer protection rules.

ANRE has the following main responsibilities in the field of electricity and heat produced in cogeneration: to grant, suspend or revoke the permits and licenses, to set up and approve the methodologies and criteria for the calculation of tariffs and regulated prices, to approve tariffs and regulated prices, prepare framework contracts, approve commercial and technical regulations etc.

ANRE establishes the tariffs for electricity transmission and system services. Consequently, the decisions made by ANRE can have significant effects on the Company's activity.

The Company's operating activity has been carried out according to License no. 161/2000 for electricity transmission and provision of system services issued by ANRE, valid until 2025, revised by ANRE Decision no. 802/18.05.2016 and the General Conditions associated to the license approved by ANRE Order no. 104/2014, as subsequently amended and supplemented.

Taking into account that the Group's operations and revenues are regulated by ANRE, the most important risks arising from this aspect are:

- the regulatory framework is relatively new and constantly prone to changes, which may affect the Company's performances;
- ANRE decisions regarding future tariffs may affect the Company's activity;

(All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

the volume risk, namely the decrease in the amount of tariffable energy that may adversely affect the Company's financial situation. In 2017, according to ANRE Decision no. 71/2017, a simulation of two-tier tariffs has been performed by inserting a tariff for grid capacity reservation (the tariff component – fixed – for power) additional to

DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY AND GENERAL INFORMATION (continued) 1.

the tariff for the energy distributed in the grid (the tariff component – variable – for energy). The application of two-tier tariffs aims at better reflecting the costs of use of the electricity transmission grid (by applying the fixed tariff

component), optimizing investments in the electricity transmission grid and protecting the revenues of the transmission operator through the stability offered by the fixed tariff component.

Final certification of Transelectrica as TSO of the NPS, according to the ownership unbundling model

In accordance with the provisions of Law no. 123/2012 regarding electricity and natural gas, with the subsequent amendments, the Romanian Energy Regulatory Authority (ANRE) approved by Order no. 164/07.12.2015 the certification of the Company as transmission and system operator of the National Power System according to the ownership unbundling model.

The ownership unbundling model has become available to the Company based on Law no. 123/2012 regarding electricity and natural gas which transposes Directive 2009/72/EC.

ANRE Order no. 164/07.12.2015 accompanied by European Commission Approval no. C (2015) 7053 final/12.10.2015, as integral part of the Order, was published in Official Journal no. 908/08.12.2015 and together with the Approval Report thereof is communicated by ANRE to the European Commission.

This order enforces the provisions of the European Union and the national legislation regarding the certification of transmission and system operators.

The certification notification was sent to the European Union, which published it in the Official Journal of the EU of 08.01.2016, in accordance with Art. 10 paragraph (2) of Directive 2009/72/EC.

Tariffs for electricity transmission and system service

Electricity transmission is a general interest activity in the field of electricity, authorized and monitored by a public authority (public service), in the form of natural monopoly. The tariffs charged by the Company for transmission and system services are established and approved by ANRE (see Note 20).

Regulated assets base ("RAB")

The transmission tariff is set, among others, based on the regulated asset base. The regulated asset base includes the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets which correspond to the private patrimony of the Company and the carrying amount of the State's public patrimony assets that were financed through the Company's sources, recognized by ANRE and used in providing the electricity transmission service.

Assets resulting from additional investments made with the approval of the regulatory authority, due to exceptional circumstances as compared to the investment program initially approved at the beginning of the regulatory period are inserted in the RAB in the specific period if in the regulation period savings amounts were registered and only within the limits thereof, or will be included in the RAB at the beginning of the next regulatory period, by the amount remaining depreciated if a valuable saving was not made.

The current regulatory period lasts five years (July 1st, 2014 – June 30th, 2019), and comprises five tariff years (the tariff year begins on July 1st and lasts for 12 months). Thus, 2017 was the year of transition from the third tariff year to the fourth tariff year within the current regulatory period (the third tariff year ended June 30th, 2017, the fourth tariff year began July 1st, 2017).

The regulated return on assets in 2017 for the electricity transmission activity is 7.7%, a value determined ANRE for the current regulatory period.

Inclusion of Transelectrica in the local and international stock exchange indexes

Starting from 29.08.2006, CNTEE Transelectrica SA shares are traded on the regulated market managed by the BSE, in category I under the symbol TEL. The Transelectrica shares are part of the BET index [which reflects the evolution of the 10 most traded companies on the BSE Regulated Market, excluding financial investment companies (SIFs)], with a share

1. DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY AND GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

of 2.21% as of December 31^{st} , 2017 (December 31^{st} , 2016: 4.11%), with a stock exchange capitalization of 1,799,592,136 as of December 31^{st} , 2017 (December 31^{st} , 2016: 2,140,451,746).

Transelectrica is also included in the local stock exchange indexes BET-XT, BET-NG, BET-XT-TR, BET Plus, BET-TR,

BET-BK, ROTX and in the international indexes Dow Jones Wilshire Global Indexes (Dow Jones Wilshire Global Total Market Index SM; Dow Jones Wilshire Romania Index SM; Dow Jones Wilshire Electricity Index SM). Starting with January 5th, 2015, the Company was included in the Premium category of the regulated market managed by the BSE.

Group's revenues

The main revenue generating activities for the Group are:

- Electricity transmission service;
- System services (the technical operational management of the NPS);
- Balancing market operator.

Electricity transmission service

The transmission service consists in ensuring the electricity transmission between two or more points of the power transmission grid ("PTG"), under conditions of efficiency and safety, whilst observing the applicable performance standards.

The Group ensures the non-discriminatory access to the transmission grid of all electricity market participants. The transmission activity is carried out through eight branches located in Bucharest, Bacau, Cluj, Craiova, Constanta, Pitesti, Sibiu and Timisoara.

The transmission service provided by Transelectrica consists in ensuring the technical conditions and maintaining the PTG parameters during the injection/extraction of energy in/from PTG.

System services

The Group's responsibility is to maintain the National Power System operating uninterruptedly under safe conditions while complying with the quality standards provided in the technical code of the electricity transmission grid. To this effect, the Group uses its own resources called functional system services and purchases technological system services from electricity producers.

The Company provides this service by using dispatch management systems under a tariff regulated and approved by ANRE, which is applied to the same base - electricity delivered to consumers - and includes:

- tariff for system services, of which:
- tariff for functional system services.

Technological system services are purchased from energy producers at the request of the Company pursuant to a procedure regulated by ANRE for maintaining the operational safety of the NPS as well as the quality of electricity transmitted at the parameters required by the applicable legislation. The Company re-invoices the entire amount of system services purchased from producers (except for the active energy component which covers the PTG losses) to electricity suppliers licensed by ANRE which are the end beneficiaries of such services.

The functional system services pertain to the dispatch services provided by CNTEE Transelectrica SA and consist of planning and operationally managing the NPS, as well as the other activities of CNTEE Transelectrica SA in order to balance production against consumption in real time, in order to safely cover the electricity consumption at minimum costs whilst maintaining the operational safety level of the NPS.

Balancing market operator

In accordance with the provisions of the Commercial Code of the Wholesale Electricity Market, the balancing market was introduced and started functioning in Romania in July 2005. The purpose of this market is to maintain the balance between

1. DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY AND GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

production and consumption in real time, using resources offered in a competitive system.

CNTEE Transelectrica SA is the balancing market operator which, based on procedures and regulations approved by ANRE, must approve all the participants on the balancing market, collect, verify and process all the bids and perform the clearing procedures.

High-efficiency cogeneration

Starting with April 1st, 2011, the Company is the administrator of the support scheme for high-efficiency cogeneration. The purpose of this support scheme is to promote highly efficient systems cogenerating heat and power, with the advantage of a more environmentally friendly electricity production. It aims to provide easy access on the market for electricity produced in high-efficiency cogeneration plants via a cogeneration bonus granted if the total electricity and heat

production costs generated by such cogeneration plants exceed the market prices of the two types of energy. The support scheme targets electricity and heat producers owning or operating high-efficiency power plants, so as to encourage new investments in cogeneration, as well as the refurbishment of existing facilities.

Government Decision no. 1215/2009 establishes the legal framework according to the European Union regulations necessary for implementing the bonus support scheme for promoting high-efficiency cogeneration based on the demand for thermal energy, in order to cover the difference between high-efficiency cogeneration production costs and sale prices. ANRE approved the reference bonus values per megawatt an hour ("MWh") of electricity produced and delivered in the grid from high-efficiency cogeneration plants. The beneficiaries of the scheme are the producers that meet certain criteria established by ANRE.

According to provisions of article 14 of Government Resolution no. 1215/2009, the Company is designated as being responsible for the administration of the support scheme. The main tasks of the Company as the administrator of the support scheme are to collect the contribution from the suppliers of the electricity consumers in a bank account distinct from the core activity and by the payment of the bonus to the producers of electricity and heat in high-efficiency cogeneration; to conclude contracts with the contribution collected; to issue invoices to suppliers; to refund the contribution to the suppliers for the energy imported and produced in cogeneration in other member states; to monitor and report to ANRE the way of administration of the support scheme; to pay the bonus to the producers beneficiaries of the scheme; to pay late penalties to the producers for not paying the bonus on the due date.

The Company acts as an agent of the State in collecting the cogeneration contribution on a monthly basis and paying the bonus on a monthly basis. Under such circumstances, the operations associated to the support scheme do no influence the income and expense accounts, except for the own administration costs recognized by ANRE to run the support scheme, which are self-invoiced.

On December 8th, 2016, by Government Decision no. 925, the amendment and supplement have been adopted for GD no. 1215/2009 on setting the necessary criteria and conditions to implement the support scheme for promoting the high efficiency cogeneration based on the effective heat demand. The main amendments refer to the following:

- to receive the bonus, produces are requested not to generate liabilities to the administrator of the support scheme or to conclude conventions for the settlement of liabilities and receivables;

- the over-compensation is recovered according to the national legislation and the legislation of the European Union in the field of State aid;

- the undue over-compensation/bonus remaining to be paid by producers, for which all the legal actions have been taken, will be recovered by including the amount in the cogeneration contribution, according to the methodology issued by ANRE;

- the ANRE decisions regarding the amount of the over-compensation and/or the undue bonus are mandatory for producers and are enforced for recovering the amount by issuing a decision by the scheme administrator in accordance with the legislation in the field of State aid;

- the financial closing of the support scheme is made in the first semester of 2024, according to the regulatory framework drawn up by ANRE.

Electricity markets price coupling mechanism

On November 19, 2014, the "4M Market Coupling" project became operational, which provides the connection of Day Ahead electricity markets (Day Ahead Market) in Romania, Hungary, The Czech Republic and Slovakia.

1. DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY AND GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

In terms of the internal regulatory framework,, the roles and responsibilities of the operators involved, i.e., the Company and SC OPCOM SA as well as the operations carried out within the market coupling processes are provided in the Regulation for the Organization and Operation of the Day-Ahead Electricity Market, approved by ANRE Order no. 82/2014 (the Regulation), by observing the price coupling mechanism of markets and amending certain legal acts that regulate the day-ahead electricity market.

The target model for the day ahead market, based on the principle of price coupling of regions (PCR - Price Coupling of Regions) uses a single algorithm to correlate bids and set the price.

If coupling is not possible on the 4M MC market, the TSOs in Romania, Hungary, the Czech Republic, and Slovakia will apply the fallback procedures, by which cross-border capacity is allocated.

Art. 138 of the Regulation provides that, during post-coupling, Transmission and System Operators (TSOs) act as agents that transfer the electricity resulting from the coupling algorithm as being transferred between two adjacent bidding zones.

Within the price coupling mechanism of day-ahead markets, the electricity exchanges correlate, based on auctions, the day-ahead electricity trades depending on the interconnection capacity made available by TSOs through which it is implicitly allocated.

CNTEE Transelectrica SA, acting as TSO, transfers the electricity both in physical and commercial terms to the neighboring TSOs (MAVIR-Hungary) and manages the congestion income on the respective interconnection (Article 139 from ANRE Order no. 82/2014), while in relation to SC OPCOM SA it acts as Implicit Participant on the Day-Ahead Market.

As a Shipping Agent and Implicit Participant, the Company has the commercial task to settle the power traded between SC OPCOM SA and MAVIR.

Thus, within the price coupling mechanism of regional markets, the Company:

- fulfils the role of implicit participant on the DAM and acts as shipping agent;
- provides the interconnection capacity for the physical supply of electricity traded on the DAM, namely the transfer of power from one bidding zone to another through the interconnection lines, limited to the available transfer capacity of such lines.

Congestion income is divided on a monthly basis between transmission and system operators and foreign exchange differences are withheld or covered by TSOs, as the case may be.

The Company approved that the transactions related to the price coupling mechanism of regional markets will not influence the income and expense accounts, except for income from congestion management across interconnection lines, for income/expenses from foreign exchange differences and for expenses with bank fees resulting from clearing transactions carried out by the Company as shipping agent.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements ("financial statements") were drafted according to the Order of the Ministry of Public Finances no. 2844/2016 approving the Accounting arrangements pursuant to the International Financial Reporting Standards with subsequent amendments and additions ("OMFP no. 2844/2016"). Within the meaning of Order no. 2844/2016, the International Financial Reporting Standards mean the standards adopted according to the procedure provided by Regulation (EC) no. 1.606/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 July 2002 on the application of international accounting standards ("EU IFRS").

The Group applies International Financial Reporting Standards as endorsed by the European Union upon the preparation of the separate financial statements for 2016 in accordance with MoPFO no. 881/2012 as subsequently amended and supplemented.

Basis of assessment

The financial statements are prepared at historical cost, except for property, plant and equipment other than the ones in progress, which are assessed at revaluated value, while the liabilities related to cash settled share-based payment transactions are assessed at fair value.

Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Romanian Lei ("LEI" or "RON") according to the applicable accounting regulations, which is the Group's functional currency.

Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with EU IFRS requires management to use professional judgment, estimates and assumptions that impact the application of accounting policies and the recognized value of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, assumptions regarding the fair value (see Note 4), commitments and contingencies (see Note 26), the recognition of non-refundable funds to be received (see Note 13), the provision for impairment of receivables (see Note 9), the liabilities related to cash settled share-based payment transaction (Note 28) and the liabilities for defined benefit plans (Note 15).

Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and assumptions are revised periodically. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future impacted periods.

Information about assumptions and estimates due to significant uncertainties are included in the following notes:

Note 13 – the Company's management estimate related to the existence of a reasonable assurance that the conditions regarding non-refundable funds will be fulfilled and the funds will be received;

Note 15 – assessment of liabilities for defined benefit plans;

Note 26 – recognition and assessment of provisions, commitments and contingencies; key assumptions regarding the probability and magnitude of an outflow of resources;

Note 28 – assessment of liabilities related to cash settled share-based payment transactions.

Information regarding the critical professional judgement applied to the accounting policy regarding the service concession agreements is presented in the following paragraphs.

In 2004, the Group (operator) concluded a service concession agreement with the Ministry of Economy (grantor) according to which the Company has the right to use public patrimony assets which mainly include the electricity transmission grid and the land on which it is located, in exchange for providing electricity transmission services (see Note 3 (b)). Taking into consideration that the majority of the Company's shares are held by the State, the Company's management considers it to be a public-sector company and therefore out of the scope of IFRIC 12 "Service Concession Arrangements". With no other specific international financial reporting standard pertaining to service concession agreements, the Company considered whether IFRIC 12 should nevertheless be applied, based on the hierarchy set out in IAS 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors", which requires to first consider the requirements of other IFRSs dealing with similar issues.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

In determining if IFRIC 12 is applicable, the Group considered whether the following features of a public-private service concession agreement are to be applied to the concession agreement it had entered into with ME, as at the date at which IFRIC 12 is required to be adopted:

- The grantor controls or regulates what services the operator must provide within the infrastructure, to whom it must provide them, and at what price;
- The grantor controls through ownership the beneficial entitlement or otherwise-any significant residual interest in the infrastructure at the end of the term of the agreement; 49 years;
- The contractual agreement would include the same terms if entered into with a private-sector company.

The analysis of the characteristics of the concession agreements of public-private services reveals as follows:

- the services provided by the Group are regulated by ANRE, therefore the grantor the competent ministry does not control or regulate the type of services that the Group must supply;
- at the end of the contractual period, the residual interest in infrastructure is approximately nil, and most of the goods belonging to the State public domain are completely depreciated;
- there are currently are no other similar contracts, the Company holds the monopoly in the electricity transmission sector..

The concluded that accounting for the concession agreement under IFRIC 12 would not reflect the economic substance of the transaction, as the Company pays an annual fee as royalty for the use of the assets under the concession agreement of 1/1000 of the total annual revenue from electricity transmission services, computed based on the actual transmitted quantity, a fee that is significantly lower than the amount of the depreciation that the Company would have recorded for these assets, had the concession agreement not been signed. As a result, IFRIC 12 is not applicable, and the Company applied the accounting policies as explained in Notes 3 (a) and (b).

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements, except for those aspects disclosed in Note 3 letter (x) which discloses the changes in accounting policies.

(a) Basis of consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The group has control over an entity when it is exposed to, or is entitled to variable gains resulting from its involvement in the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases.

(ii) Loss of control

On the loss of control, the Group derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, any non-controlling interests and the other components of equity related to the subsidiary. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognised in profit or loss. If the Group retains any interest in the previous subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost. Subsequently it is accounted for as an equity-accounted investee or as an available-for-sale financial asset depending on the level of influence retained.

(iii) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity-accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

(b) Property, plant and equipment

Owned assets

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment, except for the ones in progress, are stated at their revalued value, less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Property, plant and equipment in progress is stated at cost. The cost of assets built by the Company includes cost of materials, direct salaries, initial estimate, where applicable, of costs with dismantling and relocating items and restoring the site, plus a share of indirect costs.

Recognition

Property, plant and equipment is initially valued at cost.

The cost includes the costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition. The cost of constructed assets by the entity includes:

- cost of materials and direct staff costs;
- other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition/stage necessary for the intended use; and
- capitalized loan costs.

Impairment allowances for the idle or obsolete tangible assets,

Subsequent expenditure

The Group recognizes in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment the cost of replacing part of such item when that cost is incurred if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other costs are recognized in the income statement as occurred.

Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment items are depreciated using the straight-line method over their useful lives, as follows:

	Normal useful life (years)
Buildings and special installations	40-60
Machinery and equipment	15-40
Control and measurement devices	7-12
Vehicles	5-8
Other property, plant and equipment	3-5

Land is not depreciated. Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, these are accounted for as separate items of property, plant and equipment (major components). Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are revised and adjusted, if the case, at the end of each reporting period.

Revaluation

The Group chose to disclose property, plant and equipment at revalued amount, except for advances and construction in progress presented at historical cost.

Revaluations are performed by independent appraisers, with sufficient regularity so that the book value does not differ significantly from the value which can be determined based on the fair value as at the reporting date.

(c) Public patrimony assets

As stipulated by Law no. 213/1998, the electricity transmission grids are State's public patrimony goods.

Government Resolution no. 627/2000 establishes in Annex no. 8 the State public patrimony fixed assets which are under the Company's administration since August 1st, 2000, and which are subject to inventory count and are updated whenever necessary, through legal act (GD).

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Prior to signing the concession agreement described below in this note, public patrimony assets were treated as assets contributed by the Romanian state through its representative, the Ministry of Economy, as the Group did not have to pay any tax for using the assets.

In November 1998, Law no. 213/1998 was issued, which regulates the status of public patrimony. The law stipulates that the State or local authorities have ownership of the State public patrimony and that they can rent or grant use of such patrimony. According to the provisions of Law no. 213/1998 and Law no. 219/1998, the Ministry of Economy has signed, on behalf of the State, a concession agreement pertaining to the energy transmission grid (high voltage electricity lines and electrical substations) and the land on which they are built. Concession agreement no. 1 was concluded on June 29th, 2004 between the Ministry of Economy and the Company for all public patrimony tangible assets in balance as of December 31st, 2003 and is in effect for 49 years.

Following the execution of the concession agreement with the Ministry of Economy on behalf of the Romanian State, on June 29th, 2004, the nature of the relationship between the Ministry and the Company changed and thus the Company derecognized public patrimony assets, including the public patrimony reserve included in equity. Subsequent to the conclusion of the concession agreement, the Company accounts as operating lease the assets over which it has been granted a right of use. The payments for the concession agreement (royalty) are accounted for by the Company as expenses in the profit or loss account during the year.

Concession agreement no. 1/2004 was published in the Official Journal of Romania no. 298 bis of April 30th, 2015.

Between 2005 and 2013, seven addenda were concluded to the concession contract. Therefore, assets from the public patrimony obtained out of the development fee after June 29, 2004 have been derecognized.

Taking into account Government Resolution no. 1009/2012 and Government Resolution no. 984/2012 through which was approved the modification of Appendix no. 7 to Government Resolution no. 1705/2006 approving the centralized stock take of the assets from the public patrimony that were transferred to the Company under concession, and following the inventory procedure of the assets part of the public patrimony in 2012 and the revaluation/valuation of these goods, on 14.02.2013, Addendum no. 7 to Concession contract no. 1/29.06.2004 was signed with the Ministry of Economy.

Government Decision no. 1032 from December 11th, 2013, published in the Official Journal no. 22 from January 13th, 2014, approved the amendment and supplementing of Addendum no. 7 to Government Decision no. 1705/2006 approving the centralized inventory of the assets under public patrimony, following the 2012 inventory of the assets under public patrimony.

The main terms of the concession contract are as follows:

- The Ministry of Economy has legal ownership over the assets within the scope of the agreement;
- The Company has the right of use over these assets for a period of 49 years from June 1st, 2004 until May 31st, 2053;
- The annual fee paid by the Company in the form of royalty for use of the assets is set by the Ministry of Economy and represents 1/1000 of the total revenue gained from the electricity transmission services, based on the actual capacity transmitted;
- The assets will be returned to the Ministry of Economy upon termination or expiration of the agreement; the contract can be unilaterally terminated by either party;
- The Company has the obligation to use the assets according to the provisions of the concession agreement and pursuant to the operating license.

The amount that the Company paid under the concession agreement for the period January 1^{st} – December 31^{st} , 2014 is significantly lower than the amount of the depreciation that the Company would have recorded for such assets had the concession agreement not been concluded. However, the Company has not recorded into the financial statements any

amount related to this potential benefit, as the Company is unable to determine the amount that a third party would pay for the use of the assets in an arm's length transaction.

Self-funded investments made by the Company regarding the assets from the concession contract are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful life of the assets. After the depreciation of the investment if recovered, they will be included in the inventory of goods belonging to the State's public domain.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

In the case of assets representing self-funded finished non-current assets, they will be included in the inventory of goods belonging to the State's public domain after recovering the depreciation of the investment, namely upon the expiry of the normal period of utilization, of the concession or lease contract, according to the legal provisions in force, based on a normative act adopted in this regard.

(d) Intangible assets

The intangible assets by the Group are stated at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. The amortization is recognized in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the intangible asset. Intangible assets consist mainly of intangibles in progress and customized software, which are amortized on a straight-line basis over 3 years.

Asset depreciation methods and useful lives are revised and adjusted, if necessary, at the end of each reporting period.

Subsequent expenditures

Subsequent expenditures are capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group.

(e) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted to LEI by applying the exchange rates applicable at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities expressed in foreign currencies at the end of the period are converted to LEI at the exchange rates applicable on that date. Exchange gains and losses, realized or unrealized, are included in the profit and loss account for that year. The exchange rates at December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016 are as follows:

The exchange rates at December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:

Currency	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016	
1 EUR	4.6597	4.5411	
1 USD	3.8957	4.3033	

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are measured at fair value, at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

(f) Receivables

Trade receivables are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently assessed using the effective interest method, less the value losses. A value loss is established when there is clear evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due within the agreed deadline. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, the probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganization and late payments (over 180 days) are considered indications that these trade receivables might be impaired.

A value loss corresponding to an asset is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced via the use of a value loss, and the amount of the loss is recognized in profit or loss account under "Other operating expenses".

(g) Inventories

Inventories consist of:

- raw materials, materials, spare parts that do not meet the definition of PPE and other consumables that are to be used during the performance of the basic activity of the Company;
- security and intervention stock needed for fast repairs of the failures occurred in the PTG installations in order to assure the safe functioning of the NPS. These materials are recorded as inventories when purchased and then expensed when consumed or capitalized, as the case may be.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Inventories are assessed at the lowest value between the cost and net realizable value. The cost of inventories consumed is determined based on the FIFO method and includes expenditures with acquisition. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion, if any, and selling expenses.

The Company's policy is to write off a loss of value of 100% for current inventories older than 365 days and that are not expected to be used in the future.

(h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, in current accounts and bank deposits with original maturities of 3 months or less that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in fair value.

(i) Revaluation reserves

After the recognition as an asset, an item of property, plants and equipment whose fair value can be measured reliably is carried at a revalued amount, being its fair value at the date of the revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. Revaluations are made with sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using the fair value at the balance sheet date.

(h) Revaluation reserves (continued)

If an asset's carrying amount is increased as a result of a revaluation, this increase is recorded directly in equity under the heading of revaluation reserve. However, the increase is recognized in the profit and loss account to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease for the same asset previously recognized in the profit and loss account.

If the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment decreases as a result of a revaluation, such decrease is recognized the in profit or loss account. However, the decrease is made by decreasing revaluation reserves, if there is any credit balance existing in the revaluation surplus in respect of such property, plant and equipment.

Revaluation reserve included in equity related to an item of property and equipment is transferred directly to retained earnings as the revaluated item is depreciated and when the item is derecognized.

Starting with May 1^{st} , 2009, the reserves from the revaluation of property, plant and equipment, including land plots, recorded after January 1^{st} , 2004, which are deducted when calculating taxable income through tax depreciation expenses or transferred and/or ceased assets expenses, are taxed simultaneously with the tax depreciation deduction, namely when the assets are disposed, as the case may be.

The Group registered deferred tax for the liability with reserves from the revaluation of fixed assets, including land plots, recorded after January 1^{st} , 2004.

Reserves from the revaluation of property, plant and equipment, including land plots, recorded before December 31st, 2003, as well as the portion of the revaluation performed after January 1st, 2004 and related to the period before April 30th, 2009 will not be taxed when transferred to retained earnings.

The Group did not register deferred tax for the liability pertaining to the reserves from the revaluation of fixed assets, including land plots, recorded until December 31^{st} , 2003.

CNTEE TRANSELECTRICA SA Notes of the Consolidated Financial Statements as of December 31st, 2017 in accordance with the Decision no. 6 of the Ordinary General Shareholders Meeting of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica"- SA on April 30th, 2018 *(All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)*

Reserves from the revaluation of property, plant and equipment are taxable in the future, in case of changing the destination of reserves in any form, in case of liquidation, merger of the Company, including using the reserves for covering the Group's losses, except for the transfer in the retained earnings after May 1st, 2009 of revaluation reserves when the revaluation was performed after January 1st, 2004, which are taxed at the same time with the deduction of tax depreciation.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(j) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amount of the Company's non-financial assets, other than inventories and deferred tax assets, are revised at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or its related cash-generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash generating unit is the greater value between the value of use and the fair value less selling costs. In assessing the value of use, the estimated future cash flows are updated in order to determine the presented value, using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continued and use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets ("cash generating unit").

Impairment losses are recognized in the profit or loss account. Impairment losses recognized in respect of cash generating units are primarily allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the goodwill allocated to cash generating units (group of cash generating units), as the case may be, and then to reduce the carrying amount of other assets in the cash generating unit (group of cash generating units) on a pro-rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. For other assets, the impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

(k) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as part of equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares and shares options are recognized as a deduction in equity at the value net from tax effects.

(l) Dividends

Dividends are recognized as a liability when the shareholder's right to payment is established.

(m) Trade and other payables

Trade accounts payables and other payables are recorded at depreciated cost and include the value of invoices issued by suppliers of goods, executed works and provided services.

(n) Interest-bearing loans

Interest-bearing loans are initially recognized at fair value net of attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to the initial recognition, interest-bearing loans are recorded at depreciated cost with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognized in the profit and loss account over the period of the loan based on the effective interest rate.

(o) Recognition and de-recognition of the non-derivative financial instruments

Non-derivative financial assets

The Group initially recognizes receivables on the date when they originated. All other financial assets are initially recognized on the trading date when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Group derecognizes a financial asset upon the expiry of the contractual rights on the cash flows generated by the asset, or upon the transfer of the rights to collect the contractual cash flows generated by the financial asset in a transaction in which all the risks and rewards associated with the ownership of the financial asset are significantly transferred. Any interest in such transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Company is recognized as a separate asset or liability.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The Group's non-derivative financial assets are mainly represented by trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents.

Non-derivative financial liabilities

The Group initially recognizes debt securities issued and subordinated liabilities on the date they originated. All other liabilities (including liabilities designated at fair value through the profit or loss account) are initially recognized on the trade date when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Group derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire. The Group classifies non-derivative financial liabilities into the other financial liabilities category. Such financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities comprise loans, trade and other payables.

(p) Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognized in the profit or loss account except for the extent that it relates to a business combination or items directly recognized in equity or in other elements of comprehensive income.

(i) Current tax

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the fiscal profit or loss for the current year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, as well as any adjustment to income tax payable in respect of previous years. Current income tax also includes any tax liability arising from declared dividends.

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the tax base used for taxation purposes.

(o) Income tax (continued)

(ii) Deferred tax (continued)

Deferred tax is not recognized for:

- temporary differences that occur at the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that impact neither accounting nor fiscal profit or loss;
- temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries or jointly controlled entities to the extent that it is probable that they will not be reversed in the foreseeable future; and

temporary differences occurring at the initial recognition of goodwill.

The assessment of deferred tax reflects the tax consequence that would ensue from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax is calculated based on the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences at the moment of their reversal, pursuant to the enacted legislation or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and if they relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority for the same taxable entity, or for different tax entities which intend to settle current tax assets and liabilities with the current tax on a net basis or whose tax assets and liabilities will be realized simultaneously.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

A deferred tax asset is recognized for unused fiscal losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences, only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits are possible to be used for covering the fiscal loss. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related fiscal benefit will be realized.

(iii) Income tax exposure

In determining the amount of current and deferred tax, the Group takes into account the impact of uncertain tax positions and whether additional taxes and interest may be due. This assessment relies on estimates and assumptions and may involve a series of judgements about future events. New information may become available that causes the Group to change its judgement regarding the adequacy of existing tax liabilities; such changes to tax liabilities may affect tax expense in the period when such determination is made.

(q) Employee benefits

Other long-term employee benefits

The Group's net obligation in respect of long-term employee benefits, other than pension plans, is the value of future benefits that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. Such benefit is updated to determine its fair value, and the fair value of any related asset is deducted. Such benefits are estimated using the projected unit credit method. Any actuarial gains or losses are recognized in other elements of the comprehensive income in the period in which they arise. Other long-term employee benefits are represented by anniversary premiums.

Cash settled share-based payment transactions

The fair value of the amount payable to employees in respect of share appreciation rights, which are settled in cash, is recognized as an expense with a corresponding increase in liabilities over the period during which employees become unconditionally entitled to payment. Until the liability settlement date, the Company must reassess the fait value of the liability at each reporting date and at the settlement date, and any changes in the fair value are recognized in the profit or loss account of the period.

As the employees render their service, the Company recognizes the services received and a liability to pay for those services. Certain share appreciation rights vest immediately and the employees are therefore not required to complete a specified period of service in order to become entitled to the cash payment. In such cases, the Company recognizes the entire value of the right as an expense, at the date of granting.

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are assessed on an un-updated basis and are recognized as the related service is provided. A provision is recognized for the amount estimated to be paid for short-term benefits as premiums or profit sharing plans only if the Company has a present legal or implicit obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by employees and the obligation can be reliably estimated. The short-term employee benefits are represented mainly by salaries.

The Company, in the normal course of business, makes payments to the pension funds on behalf of its employees. All

employees of the Company are members of the Romanian State pension plan. These payments are expensed as the related services are provided by the employees.

(r) Revenues

Revenue is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, recovery of the consideration is probable and the associated costs can be estimated reliably. Revenues comprise mainly the value of electricity transmission service, system service and balancing market computed based on the volume of energy supplied to consumers. The tariffs for transmission and system services are regulated by ANRE. Revenues include also the transactions on the balancing market as described in Note 1.

The Romanian State, via ANRE, regulates the prices charged by the Group for electricity transmission and system operator services. The Romanian State has a number of roles to fulfil, apart from being the majority shareholder, and might thus have broader goals and objectives than an investor, whose main concern is return on investment.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

As mentioned in Note 1, the Company is also the administrator of the bonus support scheme for promoting high-efficiency cogeneration. The Company acts as agent because it is involved in the collection and distribution of money.

In addition, the Company and SC OPCOM SA are involved in the price coupling mechanism of regional markets based on ANRE Order no. 82/2014 (see Note 1).

Thus, within the mechanism of price coupling of regional markets, the Group:

- fulfils the role of implicit participant on the DAM and acts as shipping agent;

- provides the interconnection capacity for the physical supply of electricity traded on the DAM, namely the transfer of power from one bidding zone to another through the interconnection lines, limited to the available transfer capacity of such lines.

IFRIC 18 "Transfers of Assets from Customers" applies to contracts with customers in which the Company receives cash from a customer when that amount of cash must be used only to construct or acquire an item of property, plant or equipment and the Company must then use the item of property, plant or equipment to connect customers to the network.

According to Art. 25(1) of Law no. 123/2012 on electricity and natural gas, as subsequently amended and supplemented, the "access to power grids of public interest shall be a mandatory service provided under regulated conditions, which the transmission and system operator, as well as the distribution operator, must ensure".

The connection tariff is a regulated fee which represents the expense incurred by a network operator to perform the works for connecting a demand and/or production facility of a user to the power grid.

If the connection of a customer to the power transmission grid does not represent a separate component of the connection contract, then the connection tariffs are recognized in the profit and loss account on a systematic basis throughout the useful life of the asset.

The Group recognizes the cash received from the connection tariff as a credit under the account "Deferred income" in the statement of financial position in order to subsequently reverse it under "Other income" in the profit and loss account on a systematic basis over the useful life of the asset.

(s) Net financing costs

Net financing costs comprise interest payable on borrowings calculated using the effective interest rate method, except for borrowings costs capitalized to qualifying assets, dividend income, foreign exchange gains and losses, commitment fees and risk commissions.

In accordance with revised IAS 23 "Borrowing Costs", invoking the optional exception from the retrospective application according to IFRS 1 "First-time adoption of IFRS" the Group capitalizes the borrowing costs that relate to assets that take a substantial period of time to get ready for use or sale for which financing was obtained after January 1, 2011, the date of transition to IFRS.

Interest revenues are recognized in the income statement as they accrue, using the effective interest method. Dividend revenues are recognized in the income statement as at the date when the Group's right to receive dividends is recognized.

(t) Subsidies

Subsidies pertaining to assets are initially recognized as "deferred income" at fair value when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and the Company will comply with the conditions associated with the subsidies, and then the subsidies shall be recognized in the profit and loss account as other operating revenues over the useful life of the asset. Non-refundable funds are recognized as assets when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and the conditions corresponding will be met.

(u) Provisions

A provision is recognized when, and only when the following conditions are met: the Group has a current obligation (legal or implicit) as a result of a past event; it is probable (i.e. more likely than not) that an outflow of resources representing economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; a reliable estimate for the value of the obligation can be made. Where the effect of the time value of money is significant, the amount of a provision is the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(v) Earnings per share

Pursuant to SIC 33, "Earnings per share", the earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit or loss allocated to the Company's shareholders by the weighted average of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

The weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period is the number of shares outstanding at the beginning of the period, adjusted by the number of shares issued during the period multiplied by the number of months when the shares were outstanding during the year.

Dilution is a reduction in earnings per share or an increase in loss per share resulting from the assumption that convertible instruments are converted, or that ordinary shares are issued upon the satisfaction of specified conditions. The objective of diluted earnings per share is consistent with that of basic earnings per share, namely to provide a measure of the interest of each ordinary share in the performance of an entity.

(w) Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the accompanying financial statements. They are disclosed only when an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is possible, but not probable.

A contingent asset is not recognized in the accompanying financial statements, but disclosed when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

(x) **Operating segments**

An operating segment is a component of an entity:

- that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the same entity);
- whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the entity's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance; and
- for which distinct financial information is available.

The Group's activities are taking place in different parts of Romania with each location being involved in both transmission and dispatch activities. The management of the Group considers all activities together, as "a single segment".

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

(y) Implications of the New International Financial Reporting Standards (EU IFRS)

Initial application of the new amendments to existing standards in force for the current reporting period

The following amendments to the existing standards and the new interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and adopted by the European Union (EU) have entered into force for the current period:

Amendments to IAS 7 "Statement of cash flows" – Disclosure initiative (applicable for annual periods starting with or after January 1st, 2017), Amendments to IAS 12 "Income taxes" – Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealized losses (applicable for annual periods starting with or after January 1st, 2017),

Amendments to IFRS 12 following the "Improvements to IFRSs (cycle 2014-2016)" resulting from the annual improvement project of IFRS (IFRS 1, IFRS 12 and IAS 28) with the primary objective to remove inconsistencies and clarify wording (amendments to IFRS 12 are applicable to annual periods starting with or after January 1st, 2017, and amendments to IFRS 1 and IAS 28 are applicable to annual periods starting with or after January 1st, 2018),

The adoption of such amendments to the existing standards has not changed the Group's accounting policies.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Amendments to standards issued by IASB and adopted by the EU, not yet entered into force

IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" – adopted by the EU on November 22^{nd} , 2016 (applicable for annual periods starting with or after January 1st, 2018),

IFRS 15 "Revenue from contracts with customers" with the subsequent amendments and the amendments to IFRS 15 "Effective date of IFRS 15" – adopted by the EU on September 22^{nd} , 2016 (applicable for annual periods starting with or after January 1st, 2018).

IFRS 16 "Leasing" - adopted by the EU on 31 October 2017 (applicable for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019),

Amendments to IFRS 4 "Insurance contracts" – Applying IFRS 9 financial instruments with IFRS 4 Insurance contracts (applicable for annual periods starting with or after January 1st, 2018 or when IFRS 9 "Financial instruments" is applied for first time),

Amendments to IFRS 15" Revenue from contracts with customers" – Clarifications to IFRS 15 Revenues from contracts with customers - adopted by the EU on 31st,October 2017 (applicable for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018),

Amendments to IFRS 1 and IAS 28 following the "Improvements to IFRSs (cycle 2014-2016)" resulting from the annual improvement project of IFRS (IFRS 1, IFRS 12 and IAS 28) with the primary objective to remove inconsistencies and clarify wording – adopted by the EU on February 7 th, 2018(amendments to IFRS 12 are applicable to annual periods starting with or after January 1st, 2018).

The Group chose not to adopt these new standards and amendments to existing standards prior to the effective dates of entry into force .The Group predicts that the adoption of these standards and amendments to existing standards will not have a significant impact on the Group's financial statements during the initial period of application.

New Standards and interpretations issued by IASB but not yet adopted by the EU

At the time of authorization of these financial statements, IFRS as adopted by the EU do not significantly differ from regulations adopted by IASB, except for the following standards, amendments and interpretations which were not endorsed for use in EU as of the date of authorization of these financial statements:

CNTEE TRANSELECTRICA SA Notes of the Consolidated Financial Statements as of December 31st, 2017 in accordance with the Decision no. 6 of the Ordinary General Shareholders Meeting of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica"- SA on April 30th, 2018

(All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

IFRS 14 "Regulatory deferral accounts" (applicable for annual periods starting with or after January 1st, 2016) – the European Commission has decided not to launch the approval process of this interim standard, but to wait for the issuance of the final standard,

IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts" (applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1st,2021),

Amendments to IFRS 2 "Share-based payment" – Classification and measurement of share-based payment transactions (applicable for annual periods starting with or after January 1st, 2018,

Amendments to IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" - advance payment charges with negative compensation (applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1st, 2019),

Amendments to IFRS 10 "Consolidated financial statements" and IAS 28 "Investments in associates and joint ventures" – Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture and further amendments (effective date deferred indefinitely until the research project on the equity method is concluded),

Amendments to IAS 19 "Employee Benefits" - Change, reduction or settlement of a plan (applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1st, 2019),

Amendments to IAS 28 "Investments in associates and joint ventures" - Long-term interests in associates and joint ventures (applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1st, 2019),

Amendments to IAS 40 "Investment property" - Real estate investment transfers (applicable for annual periods beginning on or afterJanuary 1st,2018),

3 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Amendments to various Standards following the "IFRS Improvements (Cycle 2015-2017)" resulting from the annual IFRS Improvement Project (IFRS 3, IFRS 11, IAS 12 and IAS 23) with the primary aim of eliminating inconsistencies and clarifying certain formulations (applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1st, 2019),

IFRIC 22 "Foreign currency transactions and advances" (applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January1st)

IFRIC 23 "Income Tax Treatment Uncertainty" (applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1st, 2019).

TheGroup predicts that the adoption of these standards and amendments to existing standards will not have a significant impact on the Group's financial statements during the initial period of application.

4. DETERMINATION OF FAIR VALUE

Certain accounting policies and information disclosures of the Group require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and nonfinancial assets and liabilities. When measuring the fair value of an asset or liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques, as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices);
- Level 3: inputs for the assets and liabilities that are not based on observable market data.

The fair values were determined in order to measure and / or disclose information based on the methods described below:

Property, plant and equipment

The fair value of items of property, plant and equipment are based primarily on the cost method considering the particularities of the Group's property, plant and equipment, except for assets in progress, which are accounted for under the cost model.

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The movements of property, plant and equipment between January 1, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:

	Freehold land and land improvements	Buildings and special installations	Machinery and equipment	Control devices	Vehicles	Other fixed assets	Construction in progress	Total
COST	_							
Balance on January 1 st , 2017	55,015	1,370,623	3,063,346	459,864	60,740	272,489		5,772,906
Additions Transfers from capital assets in progress Reclass between assets accounts Disposals	(59)	10 37,621 - (277)	3 107,321 (15,092)	- 36,796 - (909)	3,360	17 16,844 (2,261)	156,323 (201,941) (2,182) (1,221)	156,352 (2,182) (20,431)
Balance on December 31 st , 2017	54,956	1,407,976	3,155,579	495,751	63,488	287,088	441,809	5,906,646
Balance on January 1 st , 2016	55,015	1,350,150	3,019,564	452,861	53,035	269,792	406,625	5,607,041
Additions Transfers form capital assets in progress Reclass between assets accounts Disposals	- - - -	554 19,717 444 (242)	745 49,818 (437) (6,344)	8,067 (7) (1,057)	7,985 (280)	5,369 (2,672)	175,454 (90,956) (293)	176,753 - (10,888)
Balance on December 31 st , 2016	55,015	1,370,623	3,063,346	459,864	60,740	272,489	490,830	5,772,906

Notes of the Consolidated Financial Statements as of December 31st, 2017 in accordance with the Decision no. 6 of the Ordinary General Shareholders Meeting of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica"- SA on April 30th, 2018 (All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

	Freehold land and land improvements	Buildings and special installations	Machinery and equipment	Control devices	Vehicles	Other fixed assets	Construction in progress	Total
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION								
Balance on January 1 st , 2017	138	92,428	1,822,827	347,874	42,238	181,310	<u> </u>	2,486,815
Depreciation expense Accumulated depreciation		91,642	152,844	40,628	3,740	29,935	-	318,789
of disposals Reevaluation impact		(18)	(14,593)	(896)	(604)	(2,169)		(18,281)
Balance on December 31 st , 2017	138	184,052	1,961,078	387,606	45,373	209,076	<u> </u>	2,787,323
Balance on January 1 st , 2016	138	(0)	1,653,574	319,333	41,811	153,132	<u> </u>	2,167,988
Depreciation expense	-	92,498	175,370	29,598	707	30,770		328,943
Accumulated depreciation of disposals Reevaluation impact	-	(70)	(6,117)	(1,057)	(280)	(2,592)		(10,116)
Balance on December 31 st , 2016	138	92,428	1,822,827	347,874	42,238	181,310	<u> </u>	2,486,815
IMPAIRMENT ALLOWANCES Balance as at January 1, 2017	<u> </u>	14,068	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	17,678	31,746
Impairment allowances		368		-	(113)		1,560	1,815
Balance on December 31 st , 2017	<u> </u>	14,436	<u> </u>	-	(113)		19,238 12,630	33,561
Balance on January 1 st , 2016		-	-	<u> </u>	-		12,030	12,630
Impairment allowances		14,068		-	-	-	5,048	19,116
Balance on December 31 st , 2016	<u> </u>	14,068	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	17,678	31,746
CARRYING VALUE Balance on December 31 st , 2017	54,818	1,209,489	1,194,501	108,145	18,228	78,012	422,570	3,085,762

Notes of the Consolidated Financial Statements as of December 31st, 2017

in accordance with the Decision no. 6 of the Ordinary General Shareholders Meeting of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica"- SA on April 30th, 2018 *(All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)*

Balance on December 31st, 2016	54,877	1,264,127	1,240,519	111,990	18,501	91,179	473,152	3,254,345

(All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

In 2017, the value of land plots recorded a decrease amounting to 59 by the re-update of the surfaces resulted from measurements and of authentic documentation to declare subdivision into flats, subject to the Protocol no, 8044/2002 of hand over-take over concluded with Teletrans Craiova agency, as follows:

- the ground surface of 1974,21 m² pertaining to the land plot situated on 5 Brestei street, Craiova, for which the Certificate authenticating the ownership rights was obtained with series M03/10283 of 07,08,2006, has been decreased with the surface of $39,46 \text{ m}^2$;

- the ground surface of 1325,67 m² pertaining to the land plot situated on 22 George Cosbuc street, Tg, Jiu, for which the Certificate authenticating the ownership rights was obtained with series M03/10195 of 08,11,2005, has been decreased with the surface of $15,5 \text{ m}^2$;

- the ground surface of 1849.72 m² pertaining to the land plot situated on 422 Tg, Jiului way, Dr, Tr, Severin, for which the Certificate authenticating the ownership rights was obtained with series M03/9762 of 14,12,2004, has been decreased with the surface of $9,6 \text{ m}^2$;

The total net value of tangible assets decreased on December 31^{st} , 2017 compared to December 31^{st} , 2016 due to the corresponding depreciation of 2017, which was registered against the background of increased amounts of tangible assets in progress,

In 2017, the value of tangible assets in progress increased represented mainly by investment works in the high voltage electricity substations and lines, as follows:

- Technical upgrade of the Bradu 400/220/110/20 kV substation 43,722;
- 400 kV OHL interconnecting Resita (Romania) Pancevo (Serbia) 29,160;
- Replacing AT and TRAFO in electrical substations Stage II 25,618;
- Upgrading the 400/110/10 kV Cluj Est substation 12,529;
- Upgrading the Suceava 110 kV and 20 kV substation 9,985;
- Converting the Portile de Fier Resita Timisoara Sacalaz Arad axis to the 400 kV voltage stage I Portile de fier -(Anina) - Resita 400 kV OHL s,c, -8,710;
- Upgrading the command-control-protection system of the Sardanesti 220/110/20 kV substation 5,812;
- Technical upgrade of the Campia Turzii 220/110/20 kV substation 5,735;
- Integrated security system in electric substations, stage IV 3,571;
- Urgent repair of the damage to the Iernut Gadalin 400 kV OHL and the Iernut Baia Mare 3 220kV OHL 2,843;
- Upgrading the Tihau 220/110 kV substation primary equipment 2,706;
- Technical upgrade of the Tulcea Vest 400/110/20 kV substation the construction part -2,625;
- Motor vehicles_2017 2,616;
- Deploying an optical fiber line between the Bradu 400/220/110 KV substation and the Stuparei 220/110 KV substation 1,799;
- Upgrading the SCADA system for the Constanta Nord substation 1,439;
- Upgrading the hardware and software platforms of the SCADA system in the Slatina 400/220 substation 1,398;
- Replacing the connectors from electrical substations 1,149;
- Replacing the 110/20 kV TRAFO, 10 MVA in the Fantanele 220/110/20 kV substation 1,078;
- Upgrading the 110/6 kV station from the Pestis 220/110/6 kV substation 1,063;
- Technical upgrade of the Isaccea 400 kV substation Stage I replacing the compensation bobbins, the corresponding cells and the Stupina 400 kV cell - 1,005;
- Gutinas Smardan 400 kV OHL d,c, 928;
- Creating the coexistence conditions between the Iernut Ungheni 400(220) kV OHL in the 71-72 opening and the Brasov Targu Mures Cluj Oradea Ungheni Ogra highway, km 4+500 km 14+605 - 882;
- Suceava Balti 400 kV OHL, for the part of the project on Romanian territory 818;
- Regulating the coexistence between the Mintia-Sibiu 400 kV OHL, in the 6-8 opening, and the Lugoj-Deva highway, 4th lot, Ilia-Deva district, km 77+361 - km 99+500 - 744;
- Movement and protection of the high voltage electrical installations 220 kV OHL on the route of the Sebes-Turda highway - 4th lot, the Cluj Floresti - Alba Iulia 220 kV OHL (178-179 crossing) - 618;

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

- Connecting the Isaccea Varna 400 kV OHL and the Isaccea Dobrudja 400 kV OHL in the Medgidia Sud 400 kV substation 584;
- Upgrading the Dumbrava 220/110 kV substation 559;
- Technical update of the Turnu Severin Est 220/110 kV substation 543,
- In 2017, the biggest transfers from tangible assets in progress to tangible assets are mainly represented by the startup of the investment objectives, as follows:
- Technical upgrade of the Bradu 400/220/110/20 kV substation 84,925;
- Technical upgrade of the Campia Turzii 220/110/20 kV substation 39,631;
- Replacing AT and TRAFO in electrical substations Stage II 19,806;
- Integrated security system in electric substations, stage IV: Rosiori 400/220 kV substation, the Oradea Sud 400/110/20 kV station, the Paroseni 220 kV substation, the Iernut 400/220/110/6 kV substation and the Gutinas 400/220/110 kV substation 17,278;
- Urgent repair of the damage to the Iernut Gadalin 400 kV OHL and the Iernut Baia Mare 3 220kV OHL 8,261;
- Upgrading the Suceava 110 kV and 20 kV substation 6,584;
- Upgrading the Tihau 220/110 kV substation primary equipment 6,413;
- Deploying an optical fiber line between the Bradu 400/220/110 KV substation and the Stuparei 220/110 KV substation 2,660;
- Motor vehicles_2017 2,616;
- Connecting the 147 MW Valea Dacilor WPP to the PTG 2,401;
- Replacing the 110/20 kV TRAFO, 10MVA in the Fantanele 110/20 kV substation 1,128;
- •Upgrading the SCADA system for the Constanta Nord 400/110/10 kV substation 986;
- •Creating the coexistence conditions between the Iernut Ungheni 400/220 kV OHL in the 71-72 opening and the Brasov-Targu Mures-Cluj-Oradea-Ungheni-Ogra highway, km 4+500 km 14+605 – 882;
- Deposit power transformers for system reserves and isolated passages in the security stock of CNTEE "Transelectrica" SA in the Sibiu Sud 400 kV substation 846;
- Upgrading the control building from the Roman Nord 400/110/20 kV substation 676;
- Special intervention beams, Universally Anchored Portal type for the 220-400 kV tension, including prefabricated foundations 643;
- Movement and protection of the high voltage electrical installations 220 kV OHL on the route of the Sebes-Turda highway 4th lot, the Cluj Floresti Alba Iulia 220 kV OHL (178-179 crossing) 618;
- Replacing the connectors from electrical substations 568,

The balance of tangible assets in progress on December 31st, 2017 is represented by the projects in progress, the most significant being listed below:

- 400 kV OHL interconnecting Resita (Romania) Pancevo (Serbia) 98,258;
- PTG connection of the Ivești 300 MW WPP, Fălciu 1 88 MW WPP and Fălciu 2 18 MW WPP via the new Banca (400)/220/110 kV substation 46,885;
- Technical upgrade of the Bradu 400/220/110/20 kV substation 36,794;
- Converting the Portile de Fier Resita Timisoara Sacalaz Arad axis to the 400 kV voltage stage I Portile de fier (Anina) Resita 400 kV OHL s,c, 20,836;
- Extending the services providing business continuity and recovery after disasters 14,414;
- Upgrading the 400/110/10 kV Cluj Est substation 13,297;
- Replacing AT and TRAFO in electrical substations Stage II 11,640;
- Connecting the Isaccea Varna 400 kV OHL and the Isaccea Dobrudja 400 kV OHL in the Medgidia Sud 400 kV station 10,753;
- Integrated security system in electric substations, stage IV 10,308;

(All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

- Upgrading the Suceava 110 kV and 20 kV substation 9,656;
- Cernavodă Stâlpu 400 kV OHL d,c, and connection in Gura Ialomiței 8,363;
- Converting the Portile de Fier Resita Timisoara Sacalaz Arad axis to the 400 kV voltage stage I Resita 400/220/110 kV station 6,572;
- 400 kV HVDC Link (submarine cable Romania Turkey) 5,854;
- 400 kV OHL Gadalin Suceava, including the NPS interconnection 5,661;
- Upgrading the command-control-protection system of the Sardanesti 220/110/20 kV station 5,660;
- Suceava Balti 400 kV OHL, for the part of the project on Romanian territory 4,431;
- Technical upgrade of the Hasdat 220/110 kV substation 4,397;
- Reparation of the failure of the 110-120 terminals of the Bucharest Sud Ghizdaru 220 kV OHL 4,275;
- Gutinas Smardan 400 kV OHL d,c, 3,206;
- Extending the control system with new functions and IT registration of access in the objectives of CNTEE Transelectrica SA 3,201;
- Converting of the Portile de fier Resita Timisoara Sacalaz Arad axis to 400 kV, stage II Resita Timisoara Sacalaz 400 kV OHL d,c, (Timisoara 220/110 kV substation) 3,198;
- Connecting the 136 MW wind power plant Platonesti, Ialomita county, to the Grid through constructing a 110 kV cell in the Gura Ialomitei 400/110 kV station 2,889;
- Assembling the optic fiber and upgrading the system of distance protections on the Tantareni-Turceni 400 kV OHL d,c, and the Urechesti-Rovinari 400 kV OHL s,c, 2,836;
- Upgrading the Arefu 220/110/20 kV station 2,828;
- Integrated security system in electric substations, stage III 2,798;
- Upgrading the Raureni 220/110/20 kV station 2,754;
- Technical upgrade of the Tulcea Vest 400/110/20 kV substation the construction part -2,740;
- By-passing the Cetate 110 kV OHL 1 & 2 in the proximity of the Ostrovul Mare 110/20/6 kV substation 2,578;
- PTG connection of Dumesti 99 MW WPP and Romanesti 30 MW WPP, Iasi county, through constructing a 110 kV line cell in the FAI 220/110 kV substation 2,546;
- Security solution for implementing the security measures related to classified information -2,012;
- Upgrading the 110/6 kV station from the Pestis 220/110/6 kV substation 1,763;
- Executive DCBPA/CPA: Consolidation, upgrading and extension of the CNTEE "Transelectrica" headquarters 1,627;
- Upgrading the hardware and software platforms of the SCADA system in the Slatina 400/220 substation 1,415;
- Technical upgrade of the Isaccea 400 kV substation Stage I replacing the compensation bobbins, the corresponding cells and the Stupina 400 kV cell 1,243;
- Integrated security system at the new Banca 400/220/110 kV substation 1,133;
- Deploying an optical fiber line between the Pitesti Sud substation and the remote control and installation supervision center of the Pitesti ST (SF) 1,075;
- Upgrading the SCADA system for the Constanta Nord substation 986;
- Upgrading the Dumbrava 220/110 kV substation 927;
- Connecting the Stupina 400 kV substation to the PTG and connecting the Isaccea-Varna 400 kV OHL 874;
- Replacing the connectors from electrical stations 788;
- Ostrovu Mare 220 kV OHL double circuit PTG 755;
- Oradea Beckescsaba 400 kV OHL 741,

Drafted according to the provisions of Art, 46 of ANRE Order no. 59/2013 approving the Regulation on the consumers' connection to the public power grids, the receipt of the installations resulting from the works performed to build and commission the connection facilities is performed in accordance with the applicable legislation.

For the following projects included in outstanding tangible assets in progress, funded from the connection tariff, the technical conditions to prepare the Commissioning Minutes have not been met:

• Connection to the PTG of the Bogdanesti 56 MW WPP, Deleni 112,5 MW WPP, Viisoara Nord 1 20.8 MW WPP, Viisoara Nord 1 52.8 MW WPP, Viisoara Sud 47.5 MW WPP, in the area of certain localities in Vaslui county, via

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

the new Banca 400/220/110 kV electrical substation - the work is completed, there is minutes upon completion of works no, 34759/14, 11, 2013; the contract is in force until 31.12.2022; total value of ongoing investment – 48,018;

• Connection to the PTG of the Dumesti 99 MW WPP and Romanesti 30 MW WPP, in the area of Dumesti and Romanesti localities, Iasi county, through a 110 kV line cell in the 220/110 kV FAI substation, Iasi county, in amount of 2,546, minutes upon completion of works no, 14584/29,04,2014 is concluded in connection with the investment and the contract is in force until 31,12,2018;

Tangible assets were not revalued in 2017, The management concluded that:

- market prices did not change significantly as compared to 2016, when the Company performed the last revaluation, and - there is no indication of impairment of the assets held by the Company both from internal and external sources.

Land plots have been revalued on December 31st, 2011, based on the market approach, Also, the "Other tangible assets" group was revalued on December 31st, 2011.

Buildings and special installations were revalued on December 31st, 2015 by SC JPA Audit & Consultanta SRL, independent evaluator authorized by the National Union of Authorized Evaluators in Romania,

The valuation was performed at fair value, assuming that the Company would further carry on its business by using the tangible assets in the existing structure. The following were not valued:

The assets from the State's public domain representing finished non-current assets self-funded by the Company will be included in the inventory of assets belonging to the State's public domain after recovering the self-funding sources, when the inventory of goods belonging to the State's public domain is approved by Government Decision.

Buildings and special installations include mainly transformation substations and high voltage electricity lines, Machinery and equipment mainly include transformers and cells relating corresponding to the NPS of 110 kV, 220 kV, 400 KV and 750 kV.

As of December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, the Group did not have any assets pledged or mortgaged.

Fair value of property, plant and equipment

The Company's property, plant and equipment other than property, plant and equipment in progress are disclosed in the financial statements at revaluated amount, which is the fair value as of the date of valuation less accumulated depreciation and impairment adjustments.

The fair value of the Group's land plots was determined using the direct comparison method.

This method is recommended for properties when there is sufficient and reliable data on sale transactions or similar offers involving properties in the area. Analysis of prices at which the transactions were made or of the prices asked or offered for comparable properties is followed by corrections to such prices in order to quantify the differences between the prices paid, asked or offered due to differences between specific characteristics of each property, called elements of comparison.

The fair value of buildings, equipment and measurement devices has been determined through the cost approach.

This method assumes that the maximum value of an asset for an informed buyer is the amount needed to buy or build a new asset of an equivalent utility. When the asset is not new, all forms of impairment that can be assigned for those assets up to the valuation date should be subtracted from the current gross cost.

Information on the hierarchy of fair value as of December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair value as at December 31, 2017
Land and land improvements	-	-	54,818	54,818
Buildings and special installations	-	-	1,209,489	1,209,489
Plant and machinery	-	-	1,194,501	1,194,501
Measurement and control devices	-	-	108,145	108,145
Vehicles	-	-	18,229	18,229

Notes of the Consolidated Financial Statements as of December 31st, 2017

in accordance with the Decision no. 6 of the Ordinary General Shareholders Meeting of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica"- SA on April 30th, 2018

(All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

Other property, plant and equipment	-	-	78,011	78,011
Property, plant and equipment in progress			422,570	422,570

Fair value of property, plant and equipment (continued)

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair value as at December 31, 2016
Land and land improvements	-	-	54,887	54,887
Buildings and special installations	-	-	1,264,127	1,264,127
Plant and machinery	-	-	1,240,519	1,240,519
Measurement and control devices	-	-	111,990	111,990
Vehicles	-	-	18,501	18,501
Other property, plant and equipment	-	-	91,179	91,179
Property, plant and equipment in progress			473,152	473,152

There were no transitions between the fair value levels in 2017 or in 2016.

The value at cost of property, plant and equipment as of December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, net of accumulated expenses with depreciation and impairment is presented below:

	Value at cost December 31 st , 2017	Value at cost December 31, 2016		
Land and land improvements	10,663	10,604		
Buildings and special installations	832,374	792,683		
Plant and machinery	1,278,189	1,265,368		
Measurement and control devices	103,268	98,782		
Vehicles	10,486	10,479		
Other property, plant and equipment	96,473	100,019		
TOTAL	2,331,453	2,277,935		

6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Other intangible assets	Licences and software	Intangible assets in progress	Total
COST		5010110	progress	
Balance on January 1 st , 2017	4,104	70,297	8,277	82,678
Additions	-	789	1,919	2,708
Transfers from intangible assets in progress	-	1,761	(1,761) 1,088	- 1.088
Transfers from tangible assets in progress Disposals		(7,481)	(79)	(7,560)
6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)				
Balance on December 31 st , 2017	4,104	65,366	9,444	78,914
Balance on January 1 st , 2016	4,104	75,102	28,450	107,656
Additions		441	5,049	5,490
Transfers from intangible assets in progress	-	2,271	(2,271)	-
Transfers from tangible assets in progress	-	-	-	-

CNTEE TRANSELECTRICA SA Notes of the Consolidated Financial Statements as of December 31st, 2017 in accordance with the Decision no. 6 of the Ordinary General Shareholders Meeting of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica"- SA on April 30th, 2018

(All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

Disposals	<u> </u>	(7,517)	(22,951)	(30,468)
Balance on December 31 st , 2016	4,104	70,927	8,277	82,678
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION Balance on January 1 st , 2017	4,104	63,799		67,903
Depreciation expenses		2,915		2,915
Accumulated depreciation of disposals	<u> </u>	(7,517)		(7,517)
Balance on December 31 st , 2017	4,104	58,847	<u> </u>	62,951
Balance as of 1 January 1 st 2016	4,104	68,401	<u> </u>	72,505
Depreciation expenses Accumulated depreciation of disposals		2,915 (7,517)	-	2,915 (7,517)
Balance as at 31 December 2016 IMPAIRMENT ADJUSTMENTS	4,104	63,799	<u> </u>	67,903
Sold la 1 Ianuarie 2017	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_
Expenses wit impairment adjustments	-	-	351	351
Balance on December 31 st , 2017	<u> </u>		351	351
BOOK VALUE				
Balance on December 31 st , 2017	<u> </u>	6,519	9,093	15,612
Balance on December 31 st , 2016	<u> </u>	6,498	8,277	14,775

The Net Asset Value of Intangible Assets in progress as of December 31st, 2016 decreased mainly due to:

- Contribution in kind of CNTEE Transelectrica SA to the share capital of SC OPCOM SA for the OPCOM Electricity Exchange" and the,,OPCOM Regional Electricity Fund financed from IBRD funds, according to the Decision no. 6 of the Extraordinary General Shareholder Meeting / 15.06.2016 of SC OPCOM SA and Certificate of recording mentions from 11.07.2016 to 22,587;
- expenses incurred by the Group for the removal of the non-current real estate assets in the "OPCOM Regional Electricity Market", based on the Evaluation Report no. 786 / 15.03.2016 issued by JPA Audit & Consultanta SRL – 363.

Recording the memorandum of association amendments of SC OPCOM SA, based on the Extraordinary Shareholder Meeting Decision no, 6 / 15.06.2016, was performed at the ONRC according to the Certificate of Registration of Mentions dated 11.07.2016. As of 31.12.2016, the share capital is recorded in the financial statements submitted for approval to the General Shareholder Meeting by the OPCOM Branch SA are presented as subscribed and fully paid-up share capital.

6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

In 2017, the biggest transfers from intangible assets in progress to intangible assets are mainly represented by the startup of the investment objectives, as follows:

- Upgrading the SCADA system for the Constanta Nord 400/110/10 kV substation with 8 types of licenses 571,
- Licenses corresponding to the technical upgrade of the Campia Turzii 220/110/20 kV substation 568;
- SCADA (software) programs in the Bradu 400/220/110/20 kV substation 305;
- Software for the integrated security management system 174;

For the intangible assets in progress, the largest entries in 2017 were:

- Replacement of EMS SCADA AREVA system components software component, hardware component 1,222;
- Upgrade of the existing antimalware solution 45;

The balance of intangible assets in progress on December 31st, 2017 is mainly represented by:

- •Implementing a system of Electronic Archiving and Document Management within CNTEE Transelectrica SA 5,474;
- Replacement of EMS SCADA AREVA system components software component, hardware component 4,000;
- MIS extension advanced reporting and budget planning solution 3,048;
- Upgrading the SCADA system for the Constanta Nord substation 571,

On December 31st, 2017, the tangible assets also included down payments amounting to 31,181 granted to the supplier ELCOMEX - IEA SA for performing the projects:

- Connecting the Isaccea-Varna 400 kV OHL and the Isaccea-Dobrudja OHL to the Medgidia Sud 400 kV substation down payment amounting to 9,949;
- Converting the Portile de Fier Resita Timisoara Sacalaz Arad axis to the 400 kV voltage Stage I Resita 400/220/110 kV substation down payment amounting to 21,232,

The down payments made to ELCOMEX - IEA SA have been secured with the insurance policies issued by Asito Kapital S.A.

On April 7th, 2017 the Court of Constanta, Section II Civil, by Hearing protocol no. 294/2017, upheld the application for a declaration of insolvency of the debtor Elcomex - IEA SA, naming Pricewaterhouse Coopers Business Recovery Services IPURL as insolvency administrator, Following the declaration of insolvency of Elcomex IEA SA, CNTEE Transelectrica SA entered on its statement of affairs for the amount of 31,189,487, representing the consideration of the down payment made to SC Elcomex IEA SA for the agreements no, C163/29,07,2015 and C255/18,11,2015 and other expenses, Starting with June 30th, 2017, the down payments amounting to 31,181 have been reclassified from "Tangible Assets" to "Receivables", where further details are available,

7. LONG-TERM RECEIVABLES

On December 31^{st} , 2017 the Company no longer registers long-term receivables representing trade receivables with maturity of over 1 year that have been spread up for payment, associated to the bonus type support scheme for high efficiency cogeneration promotion, following the integral collection of the amount of 4,558 representing the overcompensation for the year of 2016, amount that should have been collected starting with the month of October 2018, according to the concluded agreements.

8. INVENTORIES

On December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, the inventories (at net value) were presented as follows:

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Spare parts	23,645	24,079
Consumables and other materials	7,353	6,849
Auxiliary materials	10,533	9,173
Other inventories	8,554	5,617

Total 8. INVENTORIES (continued)

50,106	45,475
- • ,- • •	

As of December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, the inventories impairment adjustments are presented as follows:

	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Adjustments for impairment of consumables	8,263	4,289
Adjustments for impairment of other materials	1,839	4,323
Adjustments for impairment of packaging	157	35
Total	10,259	8,647

As of December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, the evolution of inventory impairment adjustments are presented as follows:

	December 31st, 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Balance on the 1 st of January	8,647	6,372
Inventories impairment adjustments Reversal of inventories impairment adjustments	2,978 (1,366)	2,275
Balance at the end of the period	10,259	8,647

During 2017, the expenditures incurred with materials and spare parts consumption are presented as follows:

	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016	
Expenditures on spare parts	13,877	18,524	
Expenditures on consumables	3,901	4,629	
Expenditures on other materials	1,753	1,890	
Expenditures on auxiliary materials	388	396	
Expenditures on fuel	2,287	2,302	
Total	22,206	27,741	

9. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

On December 31 st , 2017 and December 31 st , 2016, the trade receiv	vables and other receivables are December 31 st , 2017	presented as follows: December 31 st , 2016
Trade Receivables	853,451	878,374
Other Receivables	121,398	134,009
Down payments to suppliers	11,102	19,171
VAT to be recovered	47,899	28,433
Adjustments for impairment of uncertain trade receivables	(124,988)	(103,381)
Adjustments for impairment of other uncertain receivables	(82,913)	(92,274)
Total	825,949	864,332

(All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

9. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

The structure of trade receivables is as follows:

_	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Customers – energy market, of which:	845,529	863,707
- Clients - operational activity - energy	382,603	428,634
- Clients - balancing market	243,548	255,981
- Clients - bonus type support scheme to promote the high-		
efficiency cogeneration	219,379	179,093
Other clients	7,922	14,667
Total Trade Receivables	853,451	878,374

CNTEE Transelectrica SA operates based on the Operating License No, 161/2000 issued by ANRE, as updated by the Decision of ANRE Chairman no, 802/May 18th, 2016, for the transmission of electricity, the provision of the system service and for the management of the balancing market.

On December 31st, 2017, the current customers in the operational activity registered a decrease compared to December 31st, 2016, which was mainly determined by:

- fall in the electricity capacity provided to consumers in December 2016 compared to December 2017;

- decrease of the average tariff approved by ANRE for these services

The main current customers on the electricity market are represented by: CIGA Energy, RAAN, Electrocentrale Bucuresti, Societatea Energetica Electrica, Electrica Furnizare, Enel Energie Muntenia SA, Enel Energie SA, E,ON Energie Romania, Complexul energetic Oltenia, Petprod, The weight of the main customers on the electricity market is about 54% in the Total Gross Receivables.

CNTEE Transelectrica SA operates its activities related to the bonus type support scheme for promoting the high efficiency cogeneration, acting as the administrator of the support scheme according to the provisions of the Government Decision no, 1215/2009, as amended and supplemented, "the main tasks being to collect, on a monthly basis, the contribution for cogeneration and the monthly payment of bonuses".

On December 31st, 2017, the Company registered receivables to be cashed from the bonus type support scheme for promoting the high efficiency cogeneration in a proportion of approximately 26% (December 31st, 2016 : 22%) of the total trade receivables, in a slight increase determined mainly by the amounts corresponding to the ANRE decisions regarding the over-compensation of the cogeneration activity for the year 2016 in the amount of 139,914(over-compensation 2015 registered in 2016: 119,655) registered according to ANRE decisions for which invoices were issued in March 2017.

In the timeframe January 1^{st} – December 31^{st} , 2017, the amounts related to the bonus type support scheme have increased compared to December 31^{st} , 2016, mainly due to the over-compensation decisions for 2016, issued in 2017. The overview of the cashing of receivables for the cogeneration scheme is as follows:

- the amount of 1,394 representing the overcompensation for the year of 2014, via bank transactions from Termoficare Oradea (for Electrocentrale Oradea, according to the staging Convention);

- the amount of 13,234 representing the overcompensation for the year of 2015, via bank transactions from Termoficare Oradea (for Electrocentrale Oradea, according to the staging Convention);

- the amount of 83,233 representing overcompensation for the year of 2016, on the grounds of reciprocal compensations made via the Management and Informatics Institute (on the grounds of DG no, 685/1999) (the amount of 29,866 with Enet SA, Modern Calor, Rulmenti Barlad, Soceram, Thermoenergy Group, Veolia Energie Iasi, Veolia Energie Prahova, CET Govora) and receipts in the bank account dedicated to the administration of the support scheme (the amount of 53,367 from CET Grivita, Electrocentrale Bucuresti, Termoficare Oradea, Thermoenergy Group, Veolia Energie Prahova)<

- the amount of 70, representing undue bonus for the year of 2016, on the grounds of compensations made via the Management and Informatics Institute (on the grounds of DG no, 685 / 1999) – CET Arad,

On December 31st, 2017, the Company registered receivables amounting to 168,850, represented by the issued invoices under the bonus type support scheme for high efficiency cogeneration, out of which:

- overcompensation for the timeframe 2011 - 2013 in the amount of 76,702, namely from RAAN - 63,467 and CET Govora SA - 13,235;

- undue bonus for 2014 in the amount of 3,915, namely from RAAN - 1,981, CET Govora - 1,934;

- undue bonus for 2015 in the amount of 564, namely from CET Govora - 534, Interagro - 30;

- overcompensation for 2015 in the amount of 9,775, from Electrocentrale Oradea (debt taken over by Termoficare Oradea);

- overcompensation for 2016 in the amount of 56,680 from Electrocentrale Bucuresti;

9. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

- contribution for cogeneration not collected from the suppliers of electricity consumers, in the amount of 21,214, namely from: Transenergo Com – 5,882, PetProd - 4,391, Romenergy Industry – 2,681, RAAN- 2,386, Arelco Power – 2,379, UGM Energy – 1,814, CET Govora – 901, KDF Energy – 888 and others,

For discharging the receivables generated by the overcompensation and the undue bonus, the Company requested the reciprocal compensations from the qualified producers in the support scheme, For producers (RAAN, Electrocentrale Bucuresti, CET Govora) that have not agreed to this way of discharging the reciprocal receivables and debts, the Company has applied and continues to apply the provisions of Article 17 (5) of the Order of ANRE Chairman no, 116/2013 for approving the Regulation on determining the way to collect the contribution for high efficiency cogeneration and payment of the bonus for the electricity produced in high efficiency cogeneration: "if the manufacturer did not make the payment in full to the administrator of the support scheme for its obligations resulted in accordance with the provisions of this Regulation, the administrator of the support scheme pays to the producer the difference between the invoices issued by the producer and the payment obligations of the producer on the support scheme, with explicit mention on the payment document of the respective amounts", and detained from payment the amounts due related to the corresponding support scheme.

CNTEE Transelectrica SA has concluded an agreement with CET Govora on compensation and rescheduling of payments for the amounts representing the equivalent receivables from the counter value of the overcompensation for the timeframe 2011 - 2013 and of the undue bonus for 2014 (Agreement no, C 135/June 30th, 2015 and Addendum no, 1/August 4th, 2015). The period of the Agreement was 1 year (timeframe July 2015 - August 2016) and stipulated the Company's right to calculate and collect payment penalties over the installment period.

According to the Agreement, the Company's receivables to be collected from CET Govora SA were compensated with the debts to CET Govora SA, represented by the cogeneration bonus for the period May 2014 - October 2015 detained pursuant to the Art, 17 (5) from the Order of the ANRE Chairman no, 116/2013 and the provisions of the Agreement, in the amount of 40,507,669.

Following the suspension in court, by Civil sentence no, 3185/November 27th, 2015, the ANRE Decision no, 738/March 28th, 2014 on setting the overcompensation amount for the timeframe 2011 - 2013, CET Govora SA no longer respected the obligations undertaken according to the Agreement.

Starting with May 9^{th,} 2016, the general insolvency proceedings were opened for CET Govora, To recover its liabilities recorded before the insolvency proceedings, the Company applied the specific procedures provided by the Law no, 85/2014 on Insolvency and requested admission of its liabilities, according to the law.

Given the aforementioned facts, starting with May 9th, 2016, the Company has terminated the enforcement of article 17 (5) from the Order of ANRE Chairman no. 116 / 2013 on approving the Regulation regarding the settlement of the collection procedure of the high efficiency cogeneration contribution and the payment of the bonus for the electricity produced via high efficiency cogeneration, and has paid the cogeneration bonus to CET Govora on a monthly basis.

Via Civil Decision no, 2430/October 5th, 2016, the High Court of Cassation and Justice admitted the appeal declared by ANRE against Civil Ruling no. 3185/November 27th, 2015, has partially cancelled the contested sentence and has rejected the suspension request lodged by CET Govora, the judgement being final, Thus, starting with 05.10.2016, the effects of the ANRE Decision no, 738/28.03.2014 were no longer suspended, being in full effect.

Under these circumstances, the Company enforces the provisions of article 17 (5) of the ANRE Order no. 116 / 2013 for the reciprocal debts and receivables occurred after the insolvency proceedings, retaining the bonus owed to CET Govora SA up to the amounts unpaid to the Company according to the support scheme.

In the month of September 2016, CNTEE Transelectrica SA has concluded an agreement with SC Termoficare Oradea, to take over the debt of SC Electrocentrale Oradea, representing the overcompensation for the year 2014 and 2015. The overtaken debt, in the amount of 29,259, has been spread over 24 monthly instalments (October 31st, 2016 - September 30th, 2018).Until the financial statements were prepared, the deadlines provided for in the rescheduling agreement were respected.

Taking into consideration the Government Decision 925/2016, as subsequently amended and supplemented, presented above in Note 1, the Company does not register provisions for the support scheme, the unrecovered value of these receivables being included in the cogeneration contribution.

TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

Other receivables

9.

On December 31st, 2017, other receivables in the amount of 121,398 mainly included:

- late payment penalties calculated to late paying clients, amounting to 64,817 (out of which the amount of 26,021 represents penalties in relation to the support scheme), The largest penalties for late payment have been registered by the following customers: RAAN (16,901), SC CET Govora (9,607), SC Eco Energy SRL (8,910), SC Petprod SRL (8,895), Total Electric Oltenia (3,289), Arcelor Mittal Galati (2,952), Also Energ (2,121), For the penalty charges for late payment of the receivables from operational activities, depreciation adjustments were recorded.

- compensations owed by suppliers for not delivering electricity (Arelco Power 2,817 and Enol Grup 2,541), Impairment adjustments were recorded for the compensations owed by suppliers from operating activities,

- the down payments granted to the supplier ELCOMEX - IEA SA amounting to 31,181, to which penalties amounting to 687have been added, The down payments have been granted to the supplier ELCOMEX - IEA SA for performing the following projects:

- Connecting the Isaccea-Varna 400 kV OHL and the Isaccea-Dobrudja OHL to the Medgidia Sud 400 kV substation down payment amounting to 9,949;
- Converting the Portile de Fier Resita Timisoara Sacalaz Arad axis to the 400 kV voltage Stage I Resita 400/220/110 kV substation down payment amounting to 21,232,

The down payments made by the Company to ELCOMEX - IEA SA were secured with the insurance policies issued by Asito Kapital S.A.

On April 7th, 2017 the Court of Constanta, Section II Civil, by Hearing protocol no, 294/2017, upheld the application for a declaration of insolvency of the debtor Elcomex - IEA SA, naming Pricewaterhouse Coopers Business Recovery Services IPURL as insolvency administrator.

On the day of insolvency, CNTEE Transelectrica SA held the following agreements concluded with SC Elcomex IEA SA: C163/29.07.2015: "Converting the Portile de Fier – Resita – Timisoara – Sacalaz – Arad to 400 kV / the 400/220/110 kV Resita substation" and C255/18.11.2015 "Connecting the OHL 400 kV Isaccea-Varna and OHL 400 kV Isaccea-Dobruja in the 400 kV Medgidia Sud station, stage I". Following the declaration of insolvency of SC Elcomex IEA SA, CNTEE Transelectrica SA entered on its statement of affairs for the amount of 31,189, representing the consideration of the down payment made to SC Elcomex IEA SA for the agreements no. C163/29,07,2015 and C255/18.11.2015 and other expenses. Pricewaterhouse Coopers Business Recovery Services IPURL notifies Transelectrica on August 7th, 2017, regarding the cancellation of the agreement C 163/29,07,2015 "Converting the Portile de Fier – Resita – Timisoara – Sacalaz – Arad to 400 kV / the 400/220/110 kV Resita substation".

On August 8th, 2017, the judiciary administrator Pricewaterhouse Coopers Business Recovery Services IPURL considers itself bound to note the cancellation by CNTEE Transelectrica SA of the agreement no. C255 from November 18th, 2015, regarding "Connection of the Isaccea-Varna 400 kV OHL and Isaccea-Dobruja 400 kV OHL in the Medgidia Sud 400 kV OHL, Stage I", notified by the Company with letter no, 24597 from July 5th, 2017, and at the same time the termination of the agreement on the initiative of CNTEE Transelectrica SA.

On July 1st, 2017, the Company submitted an application for summons regarding the issuance of a payment order, an action subject to the case file no, 24552/3/2017 on the docket of the Bucharest Court, Section VI Civil, requesting the Court to rule a decision obliging the debtor ASITO KAPITAL SA to pay the amount of 7,058,773,36 Euro (*the equivalent of 31,180,858 lei*), representing guarantee policies for the down payments no. BR – 1500544/November 18th, 2015, and no, BR – 1500520/July 29th, 2015.

At the hearing from November 7th, 2017, after deliberation, the Bucharest Court ruled the following solution, in short: - Admits the request.

- Orders the debtor to pay, within 20 days from notification of this decision, the amount of 2,237,750.83 euro (the equivalent of 9,949 at the exchange rate of 4,4458 euro), representing the down payment which was not reimbursed but guaranteed via letter of guarantee no, BR-1500544/18.11.2015;

- Orders the debtor to pay, within 20 days from notification of this decision, the amount of 4,821,022,53 euro (the equivalent of 21,233 at the exchange rate of 4,4041 euro), representing the down payment which was not reimbursed but guaranteed via letter of guarantee no, BR-1500520/29.07.2015;

- Orders the debtor to pay, within 20 days from notification of this decision, the amount of 200 lei representing legal expenses, With right of request in annulment within 10 days from notification, Document: Decision 4067/2017 - 07.11.2017,

By the date of drafting these financial statements, Decision 4067/2017 - 07.11.2017 has not been drafted and communicated in order to be enforced,

Considering that until the date of the present financial statements, the amounts insured by ASITO KAPITAL SA for the advance payment were not recovered, the Company recorded on 31 December 2017 impairment adjustments in the amount of 31,181.

- receivables from OPCOM representing VAT for the contribution in kind to the subsidiary's equity, amounting to

4,517;

9. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

deferred expenses amounting to 4,807 mainly represented by the advances on contracts concluded with the suppliers of electricity needed for covering the own technological consumption for future periods (3,321,562), a guarantee fee for the BEI 25710 loan (83) and commission of ING credit granting (354), maintenance and technical assistance (97), rents (600);
other long-term receivables amounting to 4,517, out of which 4,200 represent guarantees for temporary occupation of the land calculated and retained in accordance with Article 39 (1), (2) and (5) of the Law no, 46 / 2008 on the Forestry Code, in order to achieve the investment objective Resita – Pancevo (Serbia) 400 kV OHL.

Down payments to suppliers

On December 31st, 2017, the down payments to suppliers are represented by the suppliers who are debtors for services amounted to 11,102,342, out of which 11,083 represent amounts from transactions related to the price coupling mechanism. Application of the mechanism coupling through the price began on November 19th, 2014, the date at which the project "4 Market Market Coupling" which provides the unification of the electricity markets DAM Square (Next Day Market) from Romania, Hungary, Czech Republic and Slovakia entered in the operating phase. Within the price coupling mechanism for the day-ahead markets, the electricity exchanges correlate the day-ahead electricity transactions based on bids, taking into account the interconnection capacity provided by the TSOs, by which it is implicitly allocated CNTEE Transelectrica SA, acting as TSO, transfers the electricity both in physical and commercial terms to the neighboring TSOs (MAVIR-Hungary) and manages the congestion revenues along the respective interconnection (Article 139 from ANRE Order no, 82/2014), while in relation to SC OPCOM SA it acts as Implicit Participant on the Day-Ahead Market. As a Shipping Agent and Implicit Participant, CNTEE Transelectrica SA has the commercial task to settle the power traded between SC OPCOM SA and MAVIR.

Adjustments for depreciation of trade receivables, of uncertain trade receivables and of other uncertain receivables

The Groups's policy is to register impairments amounting to 100% for clients in litigation, under insolvency and bankruptcy, and 100% from trade receivables and other receivables not collected for more than 180 days, except for outstanding receivables generated by the support scheme, The Company also makes a case by case analysis of uncollected trade and other receivables.

On December 31st, 2017, the highest adjustments of depreciation, calculated for the trade receivables and related penalties, have been recorded for SC Eco Energy SRL (24,736), SC Petprod SRL (23,540), Arelco Power (17,359), SC Total Electric Oltenia SA (14,186), Romenergy Industry (13,513), Elsaco Energy (9,294), RAAN (8,517), Also Energ (7,177), CET Brasov (4,665), OPCOM (4,517), The Company took the following measures in order to recover the impaired receivables: court proceedings, entering on the statement of affairs, requesting clarifications from ANAF (regarding the VAT collected from Opcom) and so on.

The Company's exposure to the collection risk, as well as the value adjustments for trade receivables, are presented in Note 30.

CNTEE TRANSELECTRICA SA Notes of the Consolidated Financial Statements as of December 31st, 2017 in accordance with the Decision no. 6 of the Ordinary General Shareholders Meeting of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica"- SA on April 30th, 2018 *(All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)*

10. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

On December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, the other financial assets were presented as follows:

	December 31st, 2017	December 31st, 2016
Bank deposits with maturity larger than 90 days		135,090
Total	<u> </u>	135,090

On December 31st, 2017, the Company has no bank deposits with maturity larger than 90 days,

11. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

On December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, the cash and cash equivalents were presented as follows:

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Current bank accounts and deposits with original maturities of less than 90 days, out of which:	553,787	960,400
-Cash from high efficiency cogeneration	19,173	107,812
-Cash from revenues related to the allocation of interconnection capacities used for investments in the grid	84,247	77,027
-cash from the connection fee	31,153	22,533
-Petty cash	88	89
Other cash equivalents	<u> </u>	
Total	553,875	960,489

The bank deposits with initial maturity smaller than 90 days, constituted with cash available in current accounts (including cogeneration deposits) amounted to 251,047 at December 31st, 2017 and to 688,115 at December 31st, 2016.

12. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Share capital

According to GEO 86/2014 on the establishment of reorganization measures at central public administration level and for modifying and completion of some normative acts, on February 20th, 2015 was recorded in the Company's shareholder Register the transfer of 43,020,309 shares from the account of the Romanian State from the administration of the General Secretariat of Government, in the account of the Romanian State in the management of the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Tourism.

Under the provisions of Article 2 of Government Emergency Ordinance no. 55/November 19th, 2015 on the establishment of reorganization measures at the central government level and to supplement several acts, the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Business Environment Relationship (MECRMA) was incorporated by reorganizing and taking over the activities of the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Tourism, which was dissolved, and by merging and structures in the field of small and medium businesses of the Ministry of Energy, Small and Medium Enterprises and Business Environment.

According to the provisions of GD no. 27/January 12th, 2017 on the organization and functioning of the Ministry of Economy, the Company functions under the authority of the Ministry of Economy.

On March 3rd, 2017 the transfer in the amount of 43,020,309 shares was registered in the Company's Shareholder Register, from the account of the Romanian State from the administration of the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Tourism, in the account of the Romanian State in the administration of the Ministry of Economy.

At the end of each reporting period, the subscribed and paid share capital of the Company amounted to 733,031,420 is divided into 73,303,142 ordinary shares with a nominal value of 10 lei/share and corresponds to the one registered in the Trade Register.

Share capital (continued)

The shareholder structure on December 31st, 2017 and on December 31st, 2016 was as follows:

	December 31 st , 2017		December 31 st , 2016	
Shareholder	Number of shares	% of the share capital	Number of shares	% of the share capital
Romanian State through MECRMA	43,020,309	58,69%	43,020,309	58,69%
Other legal person shareholders	20,689,339	28,22%	25,797,725	35,19%
DEDEMAN SRL	4,192,363	5,72%	-	
Other natural person shareholders	5,401,131	7,37%	4,485,108	6,12%
Total	73,303,142	100,00%	73,303,142	100,00%

The Company recognizes changes in the share capital in accordance with the legislation in force and only after their approval in the Extraordinary General Assembly of Shareholders and their registration with the Trade Registry.

As of December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, the share capital is as follows:

	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Share capital (nominal value)	733,031	733,031
Share capital balance	733,031	733,031

The shareholders are entitled to receive dividends and are entitled to one vote per share at the meetings of the Company. The value of shareholders' dividends distributed from the profit of 2016 according to the General Assembly Decision no, 4/April 27th, 2017 amounts to 165,445, and their payment is done through the Central Depository starting with June 28th, 2017. The amount of unpaid dividends as of December 31st, 2017 is 2,414 (December 31st, 2016: 1,313).

Share premium

All new shares issued within the capital increase by the primary initial public offering from 2006 were subscribed and fully paid in against the issue price, The share premium amounting to 49,843, being the difference between the share issue price and the share nominal value, was recorded in the Company's reserve account.

Legal reserves

Legal reserves in the amount of 119,153 as of December 31st, 2017 and 116,522 as of December 31st, 2016 represent legal reserves constituted according to the statutory legislation and cannot be distributed, The Company transfers to this reserve at least 5% of its annual accounting profits (GEO no, 64/2001, Law no, 227/2015) until the cumulative balance reaches 20% of its paid in share capital.

Revaluation reserves

The revaluation reserve amounts to 408,899 as of December 31st, 2017 and 458,184 as of December 31st, 2016, The latest revaluation of buildings and special installations was made on December 31st, 2015 by SC JPA Audit & Consultanta SRL, independent evaluator authorized by the National Union of Authorized Evaluators in Romania ("ANEVAR").

Other reserves

As of December 31st, 2017, other reserves amount to 57,627 (57,627 as of December 31st, 2016), of which 20,952 represents the value of structural funds received from the Managing Authority for Sectoral Operational Program "Increase of Economic Competitiveness" and 32,718 represents the value of subsidies from connection tariffs, which were used to finance received investment works in assets that are part of the State's public domain, and 3,283 represents the value of the land for which certificates authenticating the ownership rights were obtained, As described in Note 26, the land for which the certificates authenticating the ownership rights are obtained is first recognized at fair value in reserve and followed by an increase in share capital after it is recorded with the Trade Registry Office.

Retained earnings

Retained earnings amount to 1,366,936 as of December 31st, 2017 and 1,714,462 as of December 31st, 2016.

As of December 31st, 2017, he Company recorded a positive retained earnings over the surplus realized from revaluation reserves in the amount of 834,511, out of which 189,989 surplus from non-taxable revaluation reserves upon change of destination and 644,521 surplus from reserves from taxable revaluation to destination change.

As of December 31st, 2017, the actuarial loss recorded in the retained earnings is in the amount of 16,634. This amount resulted from the application of IAS 19 Employee Benefits (Note 15) and represents the actuarial loss from the previous periods.

Retained earnings issued from the correction of the modified accounting errors differed from the loss recording, resulting from the additional payment obligations recorded in the NAFA tax inspection report amounting to 75,727. Thus, according to Address No. 1649 of 16.04.2018 in 2017, the retained earnings were adjusted by the amount of 75,727 representing additional payment obligations calculated up to 31.12.2016 out of the amount of 99,013 established by NAFA through the Tax Inspection Report.

From the profit realized on December 31st, 2017 (28,267), the amount of 25,666 was allocated to "Other reserves", out of which:

- the amount of 13,125 represents the partial allocation of the net revenues from the allocation of interconnection capacities made in 2017, up to the net profit realized on December 31^{st} , 2017. According to Regulation (EC) No 714/2009 and ANRE Order no. 53/2013 the revenues from the allocation of the interconnection capacities are used to make investments in the electricity transmission network for maintaining or increasing the interconnection capacities. Under these conditions, the revenues realized in 2017 from the allocation of the interconnection capacity (net of profit tax and legal reserve) were partially allocated to the destination provided in art. 1 letter d) of GO no. 64/2001 "Other distributions provided by law "up to the net profit realized on December 31^{st} 2017.

In 2017 revenues from the allocation of the interconnection capacity were made in the amount of 75,727. On allocation of revenues from the allocation of the interconnection capacity made in 2017 on the destination "other assignments provided by the law", the negative correction in the amount of 16,747 of the regulated income has been considered as a correction element from the tariff period 1 July 2015 - June 30, 2016 (positive correction in the amount of 2,601) and from the tariff period 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017 (negative correction in the amount of 19,348), applied by ANRE to determine the average electricity tariff for the tariff period July 1, 2017 - June 30, 2018. Thus, the amount of 16,747 does not become the source of financing the investments in maintaining and / or increasing the cross-border interconnection capacity of the Romanian transport network, this amount being used in the calculation of the tariff period is July 1, 2016 - June 30, 2017. In these circumstances, the revenues realized in 2017 from the allocation of the interconnection capacity (net profit and legal reserve), to be allocated for the creation of reserves, in order to realize investments in the network for maintaining or increasing interconnection capacities, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 714/2009 and ANRE Order no. 53/2013, amounted to 47,066.

- the amount of 12,541 represents the distribution in reserve of the amount of the profit for which the profit tax exemption was granted, except the part related to the legal reserve, starting with July 1, 2014, according to the provisions of art. 22 of Law no. 227/2015 regarding the Fiscal Code, with subsequent amendments and completions.

The distribution of net profit as at December 31st, 2017

The distribution of accounting profit on legal destinations after the deduction of the profit tax as of December 31st 2017, is the following:

Destination	Amount (lei)
Accounting profit after deducting the income tax on December 31 st , 2017	28,267
Distribution of accounting profit on the following destinations:	
Legal reserve (5%)	2,601
Other law provided distributions – tax exemption for reinvested profit	12,541
Other law provided distributions - revenues achieved in 2017 from the allocation of the interconnection capacity (net of income tax and legal reserve) - partially, within the net profit margin	
Retained earnings	-

The calculation of the distribution for the profit after the deduction of the profit tax on 31 December 2017 was made in accordance with the provisions of the legislation in force, namely:

- GO no. 64/2001 - on the distribution of profits to the national companies, the national companies and the companies with full or majority state capital, as well as the autonomous regies, approved with amendments by the Law no. 769/2001, as subsequently amended and supplemented;

- Law no. 227/2015 regarding the Fiscal Code, as subsequently amended and supplemented;

- Council Regulation (EC) (EC) No 714/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 on conditions for access to the network for cross-border exchanges in electricity and repealing Regulation (EC) 1228/2003;

- ANRE Order no. 53/2013, with the subsequent modifications and completions regarding the approval of the Tariff Pricing Methodology for the electricity transmission service;

- The approval tariff for the average tariff for the transport service sent by ANRE with the address no. 48430 / 14.07.2017 on the data taken into consideration by ANRE in setting tariffs for the tariff period 1 July 2017 - 30 June 2018 (including the correction for revenues from the allocation of interconnection capacity).

The 2017 accounting profit after deducting the profit tax is allocated to the following destinations:

a) - the legal reserve amounting to 2,601, determined in the 5% quota according to the provisions of art. 26 par. (1) lit. a) of Law no. 227/2015 regarding the Fiscal Code, as subsequently amended and supplemented;

b) - other assignments provided by law in the amount of 12,541, represented by the exemption from the payment of the reinvested profit tax, according to the provisions of art. 22 of Law no. 227/2015 regarding the Fiscal Code, as subsequently amended and supplemented;

c) - other assignments provided by law in the amount of 13,125, represented by the revenues realized in 2017 from the allocation of the interconnection capacity (net profit and legal reserve), allocated according to the provisions of art. 1 lit. d) from GO no. 64/2001 on the distribution of profits to national companies, national companies and companies with full or majority state capital, as well as to the autonomous regies, as subsequently amended and supplemented, corroborated with the provisions of Regulation (EC) no. 714/2009 and the ANRE Order no. 53/2013 which provides for the use of revenues from the allocation of interconnection capacities for network investment to maintain or increase interconnection capacities.

In distributing the revenues from the allocation of the interconnection capacity made in 2017 on the destination "other assignments provided by the law", the negative correction in the amount of 16,747 of the regulated income was taken as a correction element from the tariff period 1 July 2015 - June 30, 2016 (positive correction in the amount of 2,601) and from the tariff period 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017 (negative correction in the amount of 19,348), applied by ANRE to determine the average electricity tariff for the tariff period July 1, 2017 - June 30, 2018. Thus, the amount of 16,747 does not become the source of financing the investments in maintaining and / or increasing the cross-border interconnection capacity of the Romanian transport network, this amount being used in the calculation of the transport tariff as a source complementary to the revenue obtained from the transport tariff to cover the regulated costs for the tariff period July 1, 2016 - June 30, 2017.

Under these conditions, the revenues realized in 2017 from the allocation of the interconnection capacity (net profit and legal reserve), to be allocated for the creation of reserves, in order to realize investments in the network to maintain or

increase the interconnection capacities, according to the Regulation (EC) No 714/2009 and ANRE Order no. 53/2013, amounted to 47.066.

The 2017 accounting profit after the deduction of the profit tax allowed the distribution on the "Other reserves" destination for the realization of investments in the network to maintain or increase the interconnection capacities only of the amount of 13,125, within the limit of the net profit realized. Thus, for the amounts related to the remaining revenues not covered by the profit of 2017, it is necessary to set up the reserves in the amount of 33,941 of the surplus from the revaluation reserves not taxable at the change of the destination.

13. DEFERRED REVENUES

Deferred income include mainly connection tariff, other investment subsidies, non-refundable European funds from the Ministry of European Funds, as well as revenues from the allocation of interconnection capacities

On December 31st, 2017, the deferred revenues were as follows:

	December 31 st , 2017	Out of which short term portion as at 31,12,2017	December 31 st , 2016	Out of which short term portion as at 31,12,2016
Deferred revenues – allocation of				
interconnection capacity	5,797	5,797	6,579	6,579
Deferred income – European funds	2,558	2,558	1,320	1,320
Funds from connection fee	311,396	23,558	319,026	21,082
European funds	101,625	7,415	109,441	7,473
Other subsidies	32,371	1,553	35,351	1,571
Total	453,747	40,881	471,717	38,025

13. DEFERRED REVENUES (continued)

Evolution in advance short-term revenues during the 2017 is presented as follows:

	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Opening balance	38,025	33,408
Cash in advance related to interconnection capacity	75,479	38,685
Collections from European funds	1,327	1,213
Connection fee transferred from long-term deferred income (connection tariff)	2,300	(413)
Revenues from using the interconnection capacity	(76,261)	(34,868)
Revenues from European funds	(89)	
Total	40,881	38,025

The evolution in advance long-term revenues during the 2017 is presented as follows:

	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Opening balance	434,891	467,949
Connection subsidies	14,228	(2,951)
Reclassification of connection subsidies to public patrimony	-	-
Non-refundable funds	174	33
Non-refundable funds to be repaid	-	(137)
Transfer to short-term deferred income	(2,300)	413
Release of deferred income	(34,127)	(31,615)
Total	412,866	434,891

In 2017, CNTEE Transelectrica SA collected from the Ministry of Economy the amount of 164 lei in order to start the expropriation procedures for the privately owned immovable properties constituting the expropriation corridor for the following works of national interest:

- Connecting the Isaccea-Varna 400 kV OHL and the Isaccea-Dobrudja 400 kV OHL in the Medgidia Sud 400 kV substation Stage II Connections in the Medgidia Sud 400 kV OHL d,c, substation;
- Converting the Portile de Fier Resita Timisoara Sacalaz Arad axis/Portile de Fier (Anina) Resita 400 kV OHL to 400 kV;
- Converting the Portile de Fier Resita Timisoara Sacalaz Arad axis to 400 kV / stage I: Extension of the Portile de Fier 400 kV substation, Portile de Fier Anina Resita 400 kV OHL, Resita 400/220/110 kV Resita substation;
- Resita-Pancevo 400 kV OHL interconnection;
- Ostrovu Mare 220 kV OHL double circuit PTG;
- Gutinas Smardan 400 kV OHL d,c, and
- Cernavoda-Stalpu 400 kV OHL d,c, and connection in the Gura Ialomitei substation.

14. LOANS

Long-term loans

On December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, the amounts owed to credit institutions for a period of over one year are the following:

Description	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
NIB PIL No 02/18 (a)	3,417	11,337
IBRD 7181 (b)	43,603	74,348
NIB PIL No 03/5 (c)	10,717	20,889
NIB PIL No 02/37 (d)	5,737	11,182
KfW 10431 (e)	-	9,522
KfW 11300 (f)	-	9,611
EIB 25709 (i)	89,742	98,391
EIB 25710 (i)	97,425	105,910
BRD-ING (j)	58,712	95,363
Unsecured bonds (k)	200,000	200,000

CNTEE TRANSELECTRICA SA

Notes of the Consolidated Financial Statements as of December 31st, 2017

in accordance with the Decision no. 6 of the Ordinary General Shareholders Meeting of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica"- SA on April 30th, 2018

(All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

Description	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Total long-term loans from credit institutions, out of which:	509,355	636,554,
Less: Current portion of long-term loans	(314,169)	(134,624)
Total long-term loans net of current installments	195,186	501,930

Overview of the long-term loans as on December 31st, 2017

			Balance as at December 31,	Balance as at		
		Value of loan	2017 (foreign	December 31,		Maturity date
Loan name	Loan date	(currency)	currency)	2017 (RON)	Interest rate	as per loan
					LIBOR	
NIB PI 02/18	19,02,2003	18,442 USD	878 USD	3,417	6M+0,9%	16,04,2018
		71,623 EUR	9,357 EUR	43,603	last transmitted	
BIRD 7181	15,07,2003				0%	15,01,2020
		23,000 EUR	2,300 EUR	10,717	EURIBOR	
NIB PI 03/5	12,11,2004	·	•		6M+0,85%	17,09,2018
		12,928 EUR	1,231 EUR	5,737	EURIBOR	
NIB PI 02/37	25,02,2004				6M+0,9%	17,09,2018
BEI 25709	12,08,2004	32,500 EUR	19,259 EUR	89,742	3,596%	10,09,2025
		32,500 EUR	20,908EUR	97,425	3,856% and	11,04,2028
BEI 25710	12,08,2004				2,847%	
		42,000 EUR	12,600 EUR	58,712	EURIBOR	13,02,2019
ING+BRD	26,07,2012	·	•		6M+2,75%	
Unsecured		200,000 RON	200,000 RON	200,000		19,12,2018
bonds	19,12,2013				6,1%	
TOTAL				509,355		

Long-term loans are detailed as follows:

a) Loan no, 02/18 from NIB PIL

The loan from NIB was granted on February 19th, 2003, The total amount due as of December 31st, 2017 amounts to USD 878,175, The loan was granted to finance the rehabilitation of the Slatina 400/220 kV electrical substation, The loan bears a variable interest rate of six months LIBOR plus a 0,9% margin. Repayment is scheduled over 10 years in 20 instalments, from 2008 to 2018.

b) Loan no, 7181 from IBRD

The loan from IBRD was granted on July 15th, 2003 for the objective "Electricity Market", The total amount outstanding as of December 31st, 2017 is EUR 9,357,495. The loan bears a variable interest rate communicated by IBRD depending on the financing cost, The interest rate for the last instalment was 0%, The repayment is performed biannually (on January 15th and July 15th of each year), starting July 15th, 2008, with the last instalment being scheduled on January 15th, 2020, The loan agreement includes certain financial provisions: (i) a debt service cover ratio of not less than 1,3 and (ii) a ratio of current assets to current liabilities of not less than 1.2.

c) Loan no, 03/5 from NIB PIL

The loan from NIB was granted on November 12th, 2004 for the objective "Rehabilitation of the Gutinas 400/220/110 kV electrical substation". The total amount outstanding as of December 31st, 2017 is EUR 2,300,000, The interest rate is 6 month EURIBOR plus 0,85%, repayment is performed biannually, in equal instalments starting March 15th, 2009, with the last instalment being scheduled on September 17th, 2018.

d) Loan no, 02/37 from NIB PIL

The loan was granted by NIB on February 25th, 2004 for the objective "Rehabilitation of the Rosiori 400/220 kV electrical substation". The total amount outstanding as of December 31st, 2017 is EUR 1,231,233. The interest rate is 6 month

EURIBOR plus 0,90%, repayment is performed biannually, in equal instalments starting September 15th, 2008, with the last instalment being scheduled on September 17th, 2018.

14. LOANS (continued)

e) Loan no, 10431 from KfW

The loan has been granted by KfW on August 12th, 2004 for the objective "Rehabilitation of the Sibiu Sud 400/220/110 kV electrical substation", As of December 31st, 2017, the loan was repaid in full, The interest rate is 6 months EURIBOR plus 0,60%, the repayment being performed biannually, in equal instalments starting January 31st, 2008, with the last instalment being scheduled on July 31st, 2017.

f) Loan no, 11300 from KfW

The loan has been granted by KfW on August 12th, 2004 for the "Rehabilitation and modernization of the Bucuresti Sud 400/220/100 kV electrical substation", As of December 31st, 2017, the loan was repaid in full, The interest rate is 6 months EURIBOR plus 0,60%, the repayment being performed biannually, in equal instalments starting January 31st, 2008, with the last instalment being scheduled on July 31st, 2017.

g) Loan no, 25709 and no, 25710 from EIB

The loans were granted by EIB on August 5th, 2010 for financing the modernization and rehabilitation of the Romanian Power Transmission Grid, Each loan amounts to EUR 32,500,000, EIB loan no, 25709 is not guaranteed, while EIB loan no, 25710 is guaranteed by CitiBank Europe PLC, Dublin – Romania branch, The repayment period is of 15 years, with a grace period of 2 years, The repayment is scheduled from 2012 to 2025 for EIB loan no, 25709 (on March 10th and September 10th of each year) and from 2013 to 2028 for EIB loan no, 25710 (on April 11th and October 11th of each year). The interest rates are 3,596% for EIB loan no, 25709 and 3,856% and 2,847% for EIB loan no, 25710.

The amount outstanding as of December 31st, 2017 for the EIB loan no, 25709 is EUR 19,259,259 and for EIB loan no, 25710 EUR 20,908,120.

The EIB loan agreement no, 25709 includes certain financial provisions: (i) a ratio of EBITDA to interest payments for long-term loans during the year of not less than 4,2; (ii) a ratio of debt to equity of not more than 0,95; (iii) a ratio of total net debt and EBITDA of no more than 3,5.

Loan no, 25710 from EIB is guaranteed by CitiBank Europe PLC, Dublin – Romania branch, The contract bears a guarantee commission of 0,46% per annum, computed at 115% of the value of the balance. The guarantee agreement concluded on January 26^{th} , 2011 includes certain financial provisions: (i) a ratio of consolidated EBITDA to consolidated net financial expenses of not less than 4,2; (ii) a ratio of total net debt to equity of not more than 0,95.

h) Loan from ING Bank N,V,, Amsterdam (Bucharest branch) and BRD – Groupe Société Générale SA

The loan was granted on July 26th, 2012 by the consortium made up of ING Bank N,V,, Amsterdam (Bucharest branch) and BRD – Groupe Société Générale SA. The loan is meant to finance the following investments: refurbishment of the Lacu Sarat 400/200/110/20 kV substation, refurbishment of the Mintia 220/110 kV substation, integrated security systems in substations and replacement of autotransformers and transformers in electrical substations. The repayment period is of 84 months with a grace period of 24 months, with equal instalments payable every semester starting from August 2014, The loan bears a variable rate of 6 month EURIBOR, plus a margin of 2,75%, The loan is 100% guaranteed through assignment of receivables, The total amount outstanding as of December 31st, 2017 is EUR 12,600,000.

The loan agreement includes certain financial provisions: (i) a ratio of EBITDA to financial expenses of no less than 4,2; (ii) a ratio of total net debt to EBITDA of no more than 3,5.

i) Bonds issue

The Extraordinary General Assembly of Shareholders of CNTEE Transelectrica SA approved, through Decision no, 7 of 30,09,2013, a limit of RON 900 million for the issue of corporate bonds during 2013 - 2017, from which RON 200,000,000 were issued during December 11^{th} , $2013 - \text{December } 18^{\text{th}}$, 2013 through an initial public offering on the internal capital market, The bonds are unsecured and are not convertible into shares, The interest rate of the bonds issued is of 6,1% per annum, the interest being paid on an annual basis in December 2014, December 2015, December 2016, December 2017, and December 2018, The bonds are due on December 19^{th} , 2018.

Following the consent given by the Council of the Bucharest Stock Exchange on January 14th, 2014, starting with January 16th, 2014, the corporate bonds of the Company are being traded on the Bucharest Stock Exchange, within the sector Securities – third category Corporate bonds under the symbol TEL 18.

14. LOANS (continued)

During the entire period in which the bonds are not redeemed in full, the Company undertakes to comply with certain financial indicators: (i) Interest Cover Ratio to be at least equal to 4,2; (ii) the Debt/Equity Ratio to be equal or less than 0,9.

As of December 31st, 2017, the financial indicators corresponding to loan agreements and bonds issue, were met.

The long-term portion of loans will be repaid as follows:

	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Between 1 and 2 years	51,449	311,712
Between 2 and 5 years	68,913	95,402
Over 5 years	74,824	94,816
Total	195,186	501,930

The Group did not perform activities related to hedging its foreign currency obligations or to exposure to interest rate risks.

All the long-term loans, except for the agreements EIB 25709 and EIB 25710 and Bonds, bear a variable interest rate and consequently, the fair value of the long-term loans is similar to their book value.

As of December 31st, 2017, the long-term loans guaranteed by the Romanian Government through the Ministry of Public Finances are: BIRD 7181, NIB PIL 03/5, NIB PIL 02/18 and NIB PIL 02/37.

The loan from ING and BRD was initially guaranteed by assignment of receivables from SC E,On Energie Romania SA, SC E-Distributie Muntenia SA, SC Alpiq Romindustries SRL, SC Electromagnetica SA, SC Met Romania Energy Marketing SRL and through the real movable security over the investment accounts opened with ING and one investment account opened with BRD SMCC.

From November 2016, the loan is secured by the assignment of the receivables that the Company has to collect only from SC EON Energie Romania SA and SC Enel Distributie Muntenia SA and by the real movable security over the investment accounts opened with ING and an investment account opened with BRD SMCC.

The guarantee agreement concluded with CitiBank Europe PLC is secured by assignment of receivables that the Company has to collect from SC Enel Energie Muntenia SA. *Short-term loans*

On December 31st,2017 and December 31st,2016 the short-term Loans are detailed as follows:

	December 31st, 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Current share of long-term loans	314,169	134,624
SMART revolving	21,119	17,343
Interest on long and short-term loans	2,460	3,140
Interest of bonds	435	441
Total short-term loans	338,183	155,548

Loans contracted for the current activity

Transelectrica has contracted a credit line in February 2017 from BRD GROUP SOCIETE GENERALE SA, the Large Corporates Branch, for a period of 12 months for financing the bonus type support scheme for high efficiency

cogeneration, in the form of overdraft amounting to 150 with an interest calculated according to the ROBOR 1M reference rate, plus a negative margin of 0,10%, In the event that the value of the ROBOR 1M reference rate is smaller than 0,10%, the interest rate applied shall be of 0%,

This was guaranteed by:

- movable mortgage on the account opened at the bank;

14. LOANS (continued)

- movable mortgage on receivables resulted from contracts regarding the contribution for high efficiency cogeneration, concluded with Cez Vanzare S,A,, E,ON Energie Romania S,A,, Tinmar Energy S,A,

On December 31st, 2017, the credit line is not used,

The subsidiary Smart SA contracted a credit line from ING Bank NV Amsterdam, with variable interest rate, As of 31,12,2017 the structure of the credit line is presented as follows:

- Working capital for supporting and financing othe current activity in the amount of 24,000, valid for 1 year

- Commitments in the form of a bank guarantee letter for repayment of the advance amounting to 5,792, valid on September 6, 2019. The bank letter guarantees the advance of 30% of the value of the products and works received by the company under the execution contract no, C99 / 06,06,2016, having as object the execution of the work "Modernization of 220/110 kV Dumbrava station" concluded with CNTEE Transelectrica SA. On December 31, 2017, the group had used 21,000.

15. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS OBLIGATIONS

According to Government Decisions no, 1041/2003 and no, 1461/2003, the Company provides in-kind benefits in the form of free electricity to the employees who retired from the Predecessor Entity.

Also, according to the collective labor agreement, the Company provides long-term benefits to both employees – depending on the length of service and seniority within the Company – and to former employees after retirement. The benefits awarded to management personnel are included in Note 28, under *Remuneration of the Company's management*, The long-term benefits provided by the Company include the following:

retiree premiums ranging from 1 to 5 gross monthly base salaries, depending on the number of years of seniority within the Company on the date of retirement;

anniversary premiums between 1 and 5 gross monthly base salaries, depending on the number of years of seniority within the Company;

free electricity paid after retirement of 1,800 kWh/year, paid according to the collective labor agreement.

The actuarial calculations referring to the post-employment benefits and other long-term benefits were made by an authorized actuary, based on the service agreement concluded with Mr, Daniel Ghervase,

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EMPLOYEE BENEFITS OBLIGATIONS (continued) 15.

	December 31 st , 2016	Interest cost	Cost of current service	Payments from provisions	Actuarial loss for the period	December 31 st , 2017
Benefits pertaining to anniversary premiums to be granted to current employees Benefits pertaining to maternity premiums to be granted to current employees	26,718 74	340	837	1,850	1,070 (74)	27,114
Benefits pertaining to retiree premiums of current employees	15,512	149	525	1,505	(952)	13,751
Benefits pertaining to premiums granted for the labor agreement termination Benefits pertaining to the counter value of electricity to be paid	101	-	-	-	(101)	-
to current employees after retirement Benefits pertaining to the counter value of electricity paid to	8,640	136	462	-	1,067	10,306
current retirees	7,006	144	-	880	5,094	11,343
	58,050	769	1,824	4,235	6,105	62,513

The main assumptions considered in the actuarial calculation :

	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Discount rate	Values in the range 3,5% - 4,6% set	
	ve in lei, without adjustments, supplied by	
	,975%; 1,393%; 1,799%; 2,197%; 2,565%	
For the first 5 years	secondary market and correlated with	the interest curve in lei, without
	the development of the inflation target	adjustments, supplied by EIOPA
	level set by NBR for the following	for December 2016, with a peak
	years, A long-term inflation of 2% per	of 4,587% for 25 years and
	annum and a real return of 1,86%	dropping to 4,358% for 85 years
For more than 5 years		4% in the first 3 years, 3% in
	The wages follow the inflation rate	the 4^{th} year and 2% in the
	development,	remaining years
Salary increase		

16. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

On December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, trade payables and other payables are presented as follows:

	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Providers - electricity market	538,923	591,679
Asset providers	46,283	77,668
Providers of other activities	18,634	22,286
Amounts due to the employees	7,537	6,170
Other liabilities	81,972	179,255
Total	693,349	877,058

On December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, outstanding debts on the energy market amounted to 591,679 and 514,808 respectively, and presented the following structure:

	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Suppliers on the electricity market, of which:		
- suppliers – operations – energy	110,801	122,864
- suppliers - balancing market - suppliers in the bonus support scheme for the promotion	204,920	286,775
of high-efficiency cogeneration	223,202	182,040
Total	538,923	591,679

The decrease of liabilities to suppliers from the operational activity – energy came as a result of the payment of outstanding obligations on the electricity market as of December 31^{st} , 2016.

The decrease of liabilities to suppliers on the balancing market was due to the decrease of the amount of transactions on the balancing market in December 2017 compared to December 2016, causing an increase of liabilities to suppliers on this market, outstanding as of December 31st, 2017 compared to December 31st, 2016.

The providers on the electricity market are represented mainly by: SC Hidroelectrica SA, Electrocentrale Bucuresti, RAAN, Complex Energetic Oltenia, Mavir, Complex Energetic Hunedoara, Romgaz SA, OMV Petrom, On December 31st, 2017, their share was ca, 88% in the total number of energy suppliers.

The increase in debts related to the support scheme towards the suppliers (producers) was determined by withholding from payment the cogeneration bonus and the ante-overcompensation owed to producers in the account of the Company's receivables not collected from the same producers in the support scheme, represented by the overcompensation of the period 2011-2013, 2015 and 2016 by applying the provisions of Art. 17 (5) of Order no. 116/2013 of the ANRE Chairman.

On December 31^{st} , 2017, payment obligations were registered towards suppliers (producers) in the amount of 111,233 (Electrocentrale Bucuresti – 56,680, RAAN – 51,184, CET Govora SA – 3,369), representing the cogeneration bonus and ante-overcompensation for the years 2014 and 2015, as well as the bonus not granted for the years 2015 and 2016. The amounts representing the debts of the Company regarding the support scheme towards Electrocentrale Bucuresti, RAAN and CET Govora have been retained from payment on the grounds of Article 17 (5) of the Order of the ANRE Chairman no, 116 / 2013, because the suppliers (producers) registered payment obligations towards the Company regarding the bonus type support scheme.

The Company requested the agreement of the producers (suppliers of the Company) who did not pay for the overcompensation invoices and the undue bonus, to compensate the reciprocal debts at their minimum level via the Management and Informatics Institute (IMI), entity that unitedly manages all information received from tax-payers, according to the provisions of GD no. 685/1999.

RAAN and Electrocentrale Bucuresti have not agreed to this method of discharging the reciprocal receivables and debts, and therefore the Company has applied and continues to apply the provisions of Article 17 (5) of the Order of ANRE Chairman no. 116/2013 for approving the Regulation on determining the way to collect the contribution for high efficiency cogeneration and payment of bonus for electricity produced in high efficiency cogeneration: "if the manufacturer did not make the payment in full to the administrator of the support scheme for its obligations resulted in

16. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (continued)

accordance with the provisions of this Regulation, the administrator of the support scheme pays to the producer the difference between the invoices issued by the producer and the payment obligations of the producer on the support scheme with explicit mention on the payment document of the respective amounts" and detained from payment the amounts due related to the corresponding support scheme.

CNTEE Transelectrica SA has concluded an agreement with CET Govora on compensation and rescheduling of payments for the amounts representing the equivalent receivables from the counter value of the overcompensation for the timeframe 2011-2013 and of the undue bonus for 2014 (Agreement no, C 135/June 30th, 2015 and Addendum no, 1/August 4th, 2015), The period of the Agreement was 1 year (timeframe July 2015 - August 2016) and stipulated the Company's right to calculate and collect payment penalties over the installment period.

According to the Agreement, the Company's receivables to be collected from CET Govora SA were compensated with the debts to CET Govora SA, represented by the cogeneration bonus for the period May 2014 - October 2015 detained pursuant to the Art, 17 (5) from the Order of the ANRE Chairman no, 116/2013 and the provisions of the Agreement, in the amount of 40,508.

Following the suspension in court, by Civil sentence no, 3185/November 27th, 2015, the ANRE Decision no, 738/March 28th, 2014 on setting the overcompensation amount for the timeframe 2011 - 2013, CET Govora SA no longer respected the obligations undertaken according to the Agreement.

Starting with May 9^{th,} 2016, the general insolvency proceedings were opened for CET Govora, To recover its liabilities recorded before the insolvency proceedings, the Company applied the specific procedures provided by the Law no, 85/2014 on Insolvency and requested admission of its liabilities, according to the law.

Given the aforementioned facts, starting with May 9th, 2016, the Company has terminated the enforcement of article 17 (5) from the Order of ANRE Chairman no, 116 / 2013 on approving the Regulation regarding the settlement of the collection procedure of the high efficiency cogeneration contribution and the payment of the bonus for the electricity produced via high efficiency cogeneration, and has paid the cogeneration bonus to CET Govora on a monthly basis.

Via Civil Decision no, 2430/October 5th, 2016, the High Court of Cassation and Justice admitted the appeal declared by ANRE against Civil Ruling no, 3185/November 27th, 2015, has partially cancelled the contested sentence and has rejected the suspension request lodged by CET Govora, the judgement being final, Thus, starting with 05,10,2016, the effects of the ANDRE Decision no, 738/28,03,2014 are no longer suspended, being in full effect.

Under these circumstances, the Company enforces the provisions of article 17 (5) of the ANRE Order no, 116 / 2013 for the reciprocal debts and receivables occurred after the insolvency proceedings, retaining the bonus owed to CET Govora SA up to the amounts unpaid to the Company according to the support scheme.

The decrease of the balance of asset suppliers on December 31st, 2017 compared to December 31st, 2016 is due to the payment towards the equipment, works and services providers for the investment projects.

The debts towards suppliers of other activities are mainly represented by the not due debts related to the services provided by third parties, debts which have registered an insignificant decrease compared to December 31st, 2016.

The debts' structure recorded as "other liabilities" is presented as follows:

	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Different Creditors	32,010	134,136
Clients – creditors	37,486	33,620
Dividends to be paid	2,414	1,313
Other liabilities	10,064	10,186
Total	81,973	179,255

On December 31st, 2017, the position "different creditors" in the amount of 32,010 mainly represents the net position of the support scheme for high-efficiency cogeneration, which on December 31st, 2017 registers a debt position amounting to 30,452 (December 31st, 2016: 128,273), down from December 31st, 2016 as a result of the decrease in value of the high-efficiency cogeneration contribution.

The net position of the support scheme is the difference between:

- the amount of contributions to be collected from the electricity suppliers, the amount of the overcompensation of the activity of electricity and heat production in high-efficiency cogeneration for 2011-2013, for the years of 2014, 2015

and 2016, the undue bonus for the years of 2014, 2015 and 2016 - to be collected from the producers, according to

16. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (continued)

the ANRE decisions, on the one hand, and

- the cogeneration bonus amount withheld under Article 17 (5) of the Order of ANRE Chairman no, 116/2013, the ante-overcompensation for the years 2014, 2015 and 2016 and the bonus not granted for the years 2014, 2015 and 2016 - to be paid to the high-efficiency cogeneration energy producers, the beneficiaries of the support scheme, on the other hand.

"Clients creditors" on December 31st, 2017 amounted to 37,486, out of which 10,276 represent amounts collected in advance from MAVIR and 10,408 represent amounts collected in advance from OPCOM within the transactions related to the price coupling mechanism.

On December 31^{st} , 2017, the dividends owed and unpaid to the Company's shareholders amount to 2,414, out of which the amount of 659 is related to dividends distributed from the profit of the year 2016 and the amount of 998 is related to dividends distributed from the profit unallocated, highlighted in the account balance "Other Revenues – Own sources of funding from profits" based on the Decision no, 11/16,10,2017 of the General Assembly of Shareholders.

These amounts are available to the shareholders through the payment agent.

Other debts amounting to 10,064 are mainly represented by guarantees for the proper execution of service contracts on the electricity market concluded by CNTEE Transelectrica SA, amounting to 8,400.

17. PROVISIONS

As of December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, the provisions are as follows:

	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Litigation	3,502	4,411
Provisions for mandate contracts	38,498	42,355
Fund for employees' profit sharing	45	7,968
Other provisions	876	540
TOTAL	42,921	55,274

Outstanding provisions on December 31, 2017 are as follows:

	Provisions for litigation	Provisions for share based payments	Provision for employees' profit sharing	Other provisions
Opening balance as at January 1, 2017	4,411	42,355	7,968	76,499
Additions in provisions (through profit and				
loss)	6	-	-	9
Reversal of provisions (through profit and loss)	(915)	(3,857)	(7,923)	327
Additions in provisions (through OCI)	-	-	-	-
Reversal of provisions (through OCI)	-	-	-	-
Closing balance as at December 31, 2016	3,502	38,498	45	876

Provisions for litigations outstanding as of December 31st, 2017 amounting to 2,992 consist of provisions created for the litigation with the OPCOM subsidiary amounting to 2,670 regarding the fine imposed following the EU investigation.

On November 24th, 2014, the SC OPCOM SA subsidiary summoned CNTEE Transelectrica SA in order to force it to pay the amount of 582,086,31 euro (2,585,161 lei at the NBR exchange rate from November 24th, 2014), representing the amount paid by her as fine, from the total of the fine amounting to 1,031,000 euro applied to the subsidiary OPCOM S.A. by the European Commission, in the context in which the SC OPCOM SA subsidiary paid the entire fine established by the European Commission.

Also, the SC OPCOM SA subsidiary requested the court to order the Company to pay the amount of 85 as lawful interest related to the period between June 11th, 2014 - November 24th, 2014, plus legal expenses amounting to 37,828 (see Note 26 *iii*).

Other provisions in the amount of 10 are represented by are accrued provisions for unpaid leave

17. PROVISIONS (continued)

As of December 31st, 2017, the Company registered a provision of 38,498 (42,355 as of December 31st, 2016) for the annual variable component owed to the Directorate and Board of Supervisors members (see Note 28).

The provision amounting to 45 is mainly represented by the provision created for the employees' profit participation for the financial years 2013, 2015 and 2016, amounts not granted until December 31st, 2017.

18. INCOME TAX

The income tax for the years 2017 and 2016 is presented as follows:

	2017	2016
Current income tax expense (Income from) / Expense with deferred income tax	(24,389) 5,294	67,346 (4,468)
Total	(19,096)	(62,878)

The tax on the current and deferred income of the Company for 2017 and 2016 is determined at a statutory rate of 16% and is applicable for 2017 and 2016,

Reconciliation of the effective tax rate:

	2017	2016
Profit before income tax	(40,520)	321,872
Income tax at statutory rate of 16%	7,307	51,500
Effect of non-deductible expenses	38,444	21,350
Effect of non-taxable income	(22,984)	(5,261)
Taxable revaluation reserve	3,735	4,906
Legal reserve	(416)	(2,712)
Income tax exempted	(2,112)	(4,625)
Other effects	(4,878)	(2,460)
Income tax	(19,096)	62,878

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18. INCOME TAX (continued)

The movement pertaining to deferred taxes during 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

Elements	Balance as of January 1, 2016	Recognized in profit or loss	Tax recognized directly in OCI	Balance as at December 31, 2016	Recognized in profit or loss	Tax recognized directly in OCI	Balance as of December 31, 2017
-		•	· · · · ·			~~~~~	
Property, plant and							
equipment – useful life	3,036	1,284	-	4,320	487	-	4,807
Property, plant and							
equipment – revaluation	45,393	(4.521)		40,872	(1 695)		36,187
reserves Property plant and	45,595	(4,521)	-	40,872	(4,685)	-	30,187
Property, plant and equipment financed by							
subsidies	(1,136)	(563)	-	(1,699)	(509)	-	(1,190)
Employee benefits	(4,688)	1.019	_	(3,699)	(1,013)	_	(4,712)
Interconnection estimate	(469)	(13)	_	(482)	(1,013)	_	(989)
Provisions	(4,207)	(2,570)	_	(6,777)	(507)		(6,777)
	(4,207)	(2,370)	-	(0,777)		-	
Other elements	-				925		925
Tax (assets)/liabilities	37,929	(5,364)	<u> </u>	32,565	(5,302)		27,263

Deferred tax consists of:

	Asset		Liability		Net	
	31-dec-17	31-dec-16	31-dec-17	31-dec-16	31-dec-17	31-dec-16
Property, plant and equipment – life	(1,245)	(854)	6,062	5,174	4,807	4,320
Property, plant and equipment – revaluation reserves	(3,606)	(4,520)	39,793	45,392	36,187	40,872
Property, plant and equipment financed by subsidies	(1,190)	(1,699)	-	-	(1,190)	(1,699)
Employee benefits	(4,712)	(3,699)	-	-	(4,712)	(3,699)
Interconnection estimate	(989)	(482)	-	-	(989)	(482)
Provisions	(6,777)	(6,777)	-	-	(6,777)	(6,777)
Other elements		<u> </u>	925	<u> </u>	925	-
Net tax (assets)/liabilities	(18,519)	(18,031)	46,780	50,566	27,263	32,565

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19. EARNINGS PER SHARE

As of December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, the earnings per share is as follows:

	2017	2016
Consolidated profit for the period	21,424	258,994
Number of ordinary shares at the beginning and at the end of the period	73,303,142	73,303,142
Basic and diluted earnings per share (RON/share)	0,29	3,53

20. OTHER TAX AND SOCIAL SECURITY LIABILITIES

As at December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 the other tax and social security liabilities are as follows:

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Contribution to social security funds	6,364	6,325
VAT payable	745	2,126
Tax on salaries	2,489	2,487
Other tax payable	1,627	1,353
Total	11,225	12,291

On December 31st, 2017, the Company registered payment obligations for contributions to social insurance funds, payroll tax and other taxes that were paid in the month of January 2018.

Furthermore, on December 31st, 2017, the Company also registered taxes on dividends amounting to 90,586, taxes due in January 2018.

21. OPERATING REVENUES

The operating revenues include revenues from electricity transmission service and system services, allocation of the interconnection capacity, balancing market operation and other revenues.

The average tariffs approved by ANRE for the services provided on the electricity market are as follows:

	Average Price for the transmission service	Average Tariff for technological system services	Average Price for the functional system services
Order no, 48/2017 for the period July 1 st – December 31 st , 2017	16,86	9,39	1,11
Order no, 27/2016 for the period July 1 st 2016 - June 30 th , 2017	18,70	11,58	1,30
Order no, 93/2015 for the period July 1 st - June 30 th , 2016	20,97	12,58	1,17

The average tariff for the electricity transmission has two components: the tariff for the electricity injected into the transmission grid (T_G) and the tariff for the electricity drawn off the transmission grid (T_L).

The zonal tariffs regarding the transmission service for the injection of electricity into the transmission grid (T_G) and for drawing electricity off the transmission grid (T_L) have been approved by ANRE Order no, 48/2017, starting with July 1st, 2017.

21. OPERATING REVENUES (continued)

The amount of electricity delivered to consumers to whom the prices for services provided on the electricity market were applied, is presented as follows:

	2017	2016
Quantity of electricity (MWh)	54,753,325	53,523,021
The revenues obtained in 2017 and 2016 are as follows:		
	2017	2016
Revenues from electricity transmission	970,694	1,056,520
Revenues from the allocation of the interconnection capacity	75,727	82,233
Revenues from reactive energy	6,317	6,954
Revenues from transactions with own technological consumption	1,106	254
Inter TSO Compensation (ITC) revenues	786	296
Total revenues from electricity transmission	1,054,629	1,146,257
Revenues from functional system services	65,980	66,139
Revenues from technological system services	582,330	648,802
Revenues from unplanned exchanges on DAM	2,437	1,399
Total revenues from system services	650,747	716,340
Balancing market	1,304,613	814,080
Other revenues	58,015	61,411
Total revenues	3,068,004	2,738,088

Transmission revenues

Given the rise in the amount of electricity delivered to consumers in 2017 compared to 2016, namely of 2,3% or 1,230,304 MWh, the income from the transmission service has registered a decrease in the amount of 85,827, determined by the decrease of the average tariffs approved by ANRE (according to the table on the average tariffs approved by ANRE for the analyzed timeframes, presented above),taking in consideration the increase of used quantity by Authority for new tariffs (from 52 TWh to 54 TWh) accordingly with transport methodology,In this condition the calculation of the tariffs using average tariffs for 2017- 17,78 lei decreased with 10,34% compared with average tariffs for 2016-19,83 lei.

Functional system service revenues

In 2017, the revenues from functional system services registered a decrease with the amount of 159 compared to 2016, determined by the decrease of the average tariff approved by ANRE for these services (according to the table on the average tariffs approved by ANRE for the analyzed periods, presented above).

Revenues from the allocation of interconnection capacity

In 2017, the income from the interconnection capacity allocation has registered a decrease compared to 2016, in the amount of 6,506, corresponding to the level of usage of the available interconnection capacity by traders on the electricity market.

The mechanism for the allocation of interconnection capacity consists in organizing annual, monthly, daily and intra-daily auctions, The annual, monthly and intra-daily are explicit - only the transmission capacity is bid on, and the daily ones with Hungary are implicit - are allocated simultaneously with the energy and capacity via the coupling mechanism.

The incorporation of the regional energy exchange by Romania, Hungary, the Czech Republic and Slovakia on November 19th, 2014 requires that these four countries have a unique price of electricity traded on the spot markets. The capacity

21. OPERATING REVENUES (continued)

allocation between Romania and Hungary, the only country of the 3 with which Romania has a border, is made by the carriers: Transelectrica and MAVIR, through the common mechanism, based on a bilateral agreement.

Starting with 2016, the UIOSI principle has been implemented at the border with Bulgaria, and starting with 2017 at the border with Serbia as well, According to this principle the participants not using the capacity won at the annual and monthly auctions, are compensated (by Transelectrica) for that capacity. The spare capacity is subsequently sold in the daily auctions. On the Hungarian border the direction is reversed, meaning that MAVIR compensates the participants for the unused capacities.

The market for interconnection capacity allocation is fluctuating, the prices evolve depending on demand and the need of the participants on the energy market to purchase interconnection capacity.

Using the net incomes from the interconnection capacity allocation is achieved in accordance with Article 22 (4) of the ANRE Order no, 53 / 2013 and Article 16 (6) of the Regulation (EC) no, 714 / 2009, as a source of financing for upgrading and development of the interconnection capacity with the neighboring systems.

Revenues from technological system services

The revenues from technological system services have registered a decrease in 2017 compared to 2016 in the amount of 66,472, mainly determined by the decrease of the average tariff approved by ANRE for these services (according to the table on the average tariffs approved by ANRE for the analyzed periods, presented above), given that the amount of electricity delivered registered an increase of 2,3%.

In 2017, the revenues from the technological system services decreased with the amount of 78,993 compared to the expenses for the acquisition of technological system services, while in 2016, the revenues from the technological system services were higher with the amount of 87,775, The loss was caused by the unfavorable conditions on the energy market resulting in higher average unit prices at auctions compared to the predicted unit prices that were at the basis of the calculation of the tariff for the technological system services, as well as the partial recovery of the profit realized in the year previously and the profit recorded in earlier periods, on a zero profit segment.

This amount lowers the gross profit of the Company reported on December 31st, 2017.

Revenues on the balancing market

- The income from the balancing market have registered an increase in 2017 compared to 2016, with the amount of 490,533, determined by:
- the high degree of unpredictability and volatility of production from renewable sources (especially wind),
- over-contracting / subcontracting on the markets prior to the balancing market (given that PRE s did not have significant notification imbalance values) and reduced participation / trading on the intra-day electricity market, The increasing of the negative imbalance registered at the level of the suppliers of electricity on the balancing market, ie increasing the imbalance between the notified net contractual position and the actually supplied energy;
- the very low temperatures recorded in the first quarter of 2017, which generated the recording of higher values of the electricity consumption in the operation of the NES;
- the increase in electricity consumption amid the severe weather phenomena recorded in July and August 2017 (heat in late July and early August, strong wind with storm in July, so the production in wind power plants varied a lot during the day and with large production variations from one hour to the next);
- Hydraulic evolution (low hidraulicity).

Balancing market is an activity with zero profit to the Company.

Other revenues

"Other revenues" earned in 2017, have been higher than the ones earned in 2016, This development was mainly determined by the collection of fines and penalty payments in 2017, amounting to 6,021 (Arelco Power SRL with the amount of 3,215 and Enol Grup SA with the amount of 2,541 etc), compared to the collection of fines and penalty payments in 2016, amounting to 31.

22. SYSTEM OPERATING EXPENSES AND BALANCING MARKET EXPENSES

The system operating and balancing market expenses are as follows in 2017 and 2016:

	2017	2016
Expenses on own technological consumption	206,992	182,981
Congestion costs	241	2,931
Electricity consumption in ETG stations	14,411	15,383
Expenses with functional system services	16,336	12,687
ITC expenses (Inter TSO Compensation)	19,937	16,775
Total Operational Expenses	257,917	230,757
Expenses with technological system services	661,323	561,027
Balancing market expenses	1,304,613	814,080
Total		
	2,223,853	1,605,864

Expenses on own technological consumption

These represent the acquisition expenses of electricity in the free market of energy for covering its own technological consumption (CPT) in RET.

In 2017, these expenses have increased with the amount of 24,011 compared to the ones registered in 2016, given the reduction of the electricity quantity necessary to cover the OTC in PTG with ca, 4,6% (from 1,014,566 MWh in 2016, down to 968,042 MWh in 2017).

The energy crisis registered in the first quarter of 2017, determined by the very low temperatures, compared to the similar period of the year 2016, in conjunction with the extension of the unavailability of the main power production plants, have determined the sudden increase of prices on the Day-Ahead Market (DAM), Intra-Day Market (IDM) and on the Balancing Market (BM), regarding the purchase of electricity for the own technological consumption.

Thus, in 2017, the electricity for covering the OTC has been purchased on the free energy market, namely on the Centralized Market for Electricity Bilateral Contracts (CMBC), the Day–Ahead Market (DAM), the Balancing Market (BM) and the Intra–Day Market (IDM) at the average purchase price of 213,7 lei/MWh, compared to the average purchase price of 180,3 lei/MWh in 2016.

Expenses on congestions

Congestions (network restrictions) are requests for electricity transmission beyond the technical capacity of the network, requiring corrective actions from the transmission and system operator and occur in the situation in which, in the programming of the operation or the operation in real time, the power flow between two nodes or system areas leads to the non-accomplishment of the safety parameters in the operation of a power system. In 2017, the expenses on congestions have been registered in the amount of 241,042, being lower than the ones registered in 2016, the latter amounting to 2,931,

The registered congestion expenses in 2016 amounted to 2,931 resulted to a great extent from accidental disconnections as a consequence of bad meteorological conditions recorded in the first part of 2016 (Tariverde – Tulcea Vest 400 kV OHL, in the month of January 2016, Iernut – Gadalin 400 kV OHL, Iernut – Baia Mare III 220 kV OHL, in the month of June 2016).

In order to comply with the safety criterion in the Dobrogea region, the balancing market reduced the values notified by the Dobrogea WPP, which inputs into the 110 kV electricity grid from Dobrogea (except for the Pantelimon WPP and the Cerna WPP) and into the Tariverde 400 kV OHL substation.

22. SYSTEM OPERATING EXPENSES AND BALANCING MARKET EXPENSES (continued)

Expenses with functional system services

The expenses on the functional system services represent the non-contracted international exchanges of electricity with the neighboring countries and the expenses on unplanned exchanges on the Day-Ahead Market.

These expenditures have registered an increase amounted to 3,649 in 2017 compared to 2016, mainly determined by the increase in the expenditures on the balancing market and the day-ahead market regarding the unplanned electricity exchanges (exports) with the neighbouring countries connected to the NPS, due to the rise in prices on the centralized electricity markets.

ITC (Inter TSO Compensation) expenses

ITC expenses, amounting to 19,937, represent the monthly payment obligations/rights of collection for each transmission system operator (TSO), They are established within the compensation / settlement mechanism for the effects of using the electricity transmission grid (RET) for transits of electricity between TSO operators from 35 countries that acceded to this mechanism of the ENTSO-E, In year 2017, these expenditures have increased by 3,161 compared to 2016.

Expenses with the technological system services

The technological system services are purchased by the Company from producers in order to comply with the operational security limits of the NPS and of the quality of the electricity transmitted at the parameters required by the technical norms in force, The contracting of these services is performed:

- in a regulatory manner, based on Government Decisions and Decisions of the National Energy Regulatory Authority (ANRE);
- through competitive mechanisms,

According to GD no. 138/April 8th, 2013 on the adoption of measures regarding the electricity supply security, in the period April 15th, 2013 - July 1st, 2015, the Company purchased technological system services according to the terms of the regulations issued by ANRE, from SC Complexul Energetic Hunedoara SA, at an electrical power value of at least 400 MW and from SC Complexul Energetic Oltenia SA at an electrical power value of at least 600 MW, According to the provisions of GD no. 941/October 29th, 2014, the enforcement deadline for the provisions of Government Decision no, 138/2013, for SC Complexul Energetic Hunedoara SA, was extended until December 31st, 2017.

For the period January 1st - March 31st, 2017, the purchase of technological system services was conducted in the regulatory regime (slow tertiary reserve) according to GD no, 844/November 9th, 2016, as subsequently amended and supplemented, by which the "Winter Program in the Energy Sector for Assuring the safety and stability of the NES" was approved.

In the timeframe January 1st - June 30th, 2017, the purchase of the technological system services has been conducted under regulated regime from SC Hidroelectrica SA (ANRE Decision no, 1035/June 22th, 2016) and from SC Complexul Energetic Hunedoara SA (ANRE Decision no. 1034/June 22th, 2016).

In the period July 1st - December 31st, 2017, the purchase of technological system services has been conducted under regulated regime from SC Hidroelectrica SA (ANRE Decision no, 906/June 22th, 2017) and from SC Complexul Energetic Hunedoara SA (ANRE Decision no. 907/June 22th, 2017).

In 2017 the technological system services expenses registered an increase compared to 2016 amounting to 100,296, generated by the purchase prices for technological system services on the competitive market which were higher than the regulated prices.

A significant influence in the rise of prices for purchasing technological system services on the competitive market was generated by the increase in prices registered on the electricity market in 2017.

An important influence in the increase of the purchasing cost of TSS on the competitive market was also the extremely high level of concentration of the technological system services market by service type (secondary reserve, fast tertiary reserve, slow tertiary reserve), This extreme concentration of the market has created favorable conditions for the manifestation and exercise of power on the market, granted to certain participants by their dominant positions held (Hidroelectrica SA for SR and FTR, Romgaz for STR).

CNTEE Transelectrica SA re-invoices the value of the technological system services purchased from producers, to the electricity suppliers licensed by ANRE, entities who ultimately benefit from these services.

22. SYSTEM OPERATING EXPENSES AND BALANCING MARKET EXPENSES (continued)

Balancing Market Expenses

The expenses from 2017 related to the balancing market amounted to 1,304,613 following the evolution presented in the chapter

Revenues on the balancing market,

These expenses result from the notifications/achievements of the participants on this market, and are fully covered by the income from the balancing market.

	2017	2016
Other third party services	22,694	72,954
Postage and telecommunications	1,592	1,748
Rent	11,062	10,840
Net operating expense for impairment adjustments of trade receivables	22,179	21,874
Net operating expenses for impairment adjustments of other receivables	(9,467)	-
Value adjustments for fixed assets	-	16,830
Losses on receivables	45,081	-
Net operating expense for adjustments related to inventory impairment	1,612	-
Expenses with late payment increases due to the state		
budget	24,200	
Other operating expenses	28,173	6,237
Total	147,127	130,483

23. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

Out of the amount of the late payment increases due to the state budget the amounts due in the amount of 24,200 (the amount obtained after the change by recording the loss resulting from the additional payment obligations recorded in the NAFA tax inspection report in the amount of 75,727, as the result of the correction of accounting errors, according to the Address no. 1649 of 16.04.2018), the amount of 24,163 refers to the NAFA findings for the period 2005-2010, there are both additional debits and corresponding accessories unprocessed technological services provided in the framework contracts approved by ANRE, for which Transelectrica records revenues from penalties. At the same time, NAFA retained additional debits and accessories corresponding to the findings of the Court of Accounts regarding the expenditures that were not aimed at the continuous training of the employees and which are not vocational training and for which the RCC Decision no. 14/2011.

In 2017, the Company challenged the NAFA Taxation Decision and, given that until March 13, 2018, the NAFA had failed to resolve the appeal, it requested the annulment of the Decision by the Court of Appeal of Bucharest file No 1802/2/2018.

The Company has considered that the tax base was not reasonably determined by NAFA, depending on the fully regulated nature of the activity on the electricity market, this being determined in proportion to the number and value of the invoices issued in the period under review. Transelectrica has been entitled to bring an action in court because it believes that NAFA did not consider all data and documents relevant to the estimate as required by the Fiscal Procedure Code applicable at that time. Thus, the Company sued NAFA at the Bucharest Court of Appeal in August 2012 for the recovery of the sum and requested in the probationary case to be admitted the proof sample and the evidence with the judicial expertise.

On September 18^{th} , 2013, the expert report was submitted, which was filed with the case file on September 20^{th} , 2013. On October 18^{th} , 2013, the parties filed objections regarding the report of judicial expertise that were approved by the Court of the Call on the deadline of November 15^{th} , 2013, and which were communicated to the appointed expert. On March 7 th, 2014, the expert presented the response to the objections formulated by the Company. In relation to the revenues envisaged by NAFA, in relation to which NAFA estimated the value added tax collected in the sum of 16,303, the report of the judicial accounting expertise found the existence of unjustified incomes amounting to 551, the amount at which the VAT and its accessories should have been calculated. The hearing was postponed to take note of the content of the response to the objection to the expert report.

CNTEE TRANSELECTRICA SA Notes of the Consolidated Financial Statements as of December 31st, 2017 in accordance with the Decision no. 6 of the Ordinary General Shareholders Meeting of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica"- SA on April 30th, 2018 *(All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)*

At the deadline of 30.04.2014, the solution pronounced by the substantive court - Bucharest Court of Appeal, Section VIII of the Administrative and Fiscal Contentious Division (Decision No. 1356/2014) in File no. 6657/2/2012 was as follows: "Rejects the request of the applicant CNTEE Transelectrica SA (Appeal against the ANAF fiscal act)". The company filed an appeal by formulating the application filed in the file, filed in this file, with a court term set on 07.04.2016, the hearing held at the High Court of Cassation and Justice, the Administrative and Fiscal Litigation Division. On 07.04.2016, due to the lack of procedure, a new deadline was set for 02.06.2016, the term in which the court stayed in pronouncement, postponing the pronouncement for 16.06.2016.

At this time, the High Court of Cassation and Justice - the Administrative and Fiscal Contentious Division issued the decision no. 1945 / 16.06.2016, ordering the following: "Accepts the request and puts the appellant-plaintiff within the time limit for declaring the appeal. Dismisses the appeal filed by the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica" against the Sentinfo no.1365 of 30 April 2014 of the Bucharest Court of Appeal - the 8th Administrative and Tax Appeals Division as unfounded. Irrevocable. Pronounced in public session, today, June 16, 2016. "Decision No. 1945 / 16.06.2016 pronounced by the High Court of Cassation and Justice was communicated to the Company by photocopying it.

Against the decision No. 1945 / 16.06.2016 was filed an appeal for annulment filed with the High Court of Cassation and Justice. On March 1, 2017, the High Court of Cassation and Justice ordered by decision no. 779 the following: "rejects the exception of the inadmissibility of the contestation in annulment formulated by the contestant Transelectrica SA, invoked by the intimation of the General Directorate for Administration of Large Contributors. Dismisses the appeal in annulment formulated by the contestant Transelectrica SA against civil decision no. 1945 of 16 June 2016 of the High Court of Cassation and Justice - Administrative and Tax Appeals Division, pronounced in file no. 6657/2/2012, as unfounded. Irrevocable ". Until the date of preparation of these financial statements, the Company was not informed of the drafting of the Decision no. 779 / 01.03.2017.

The additional payment obligations established by NAFA through the Taxation Decision no. 62/2011 has been recorded in the *Other operating expenses* chapter, together with the resumption of the provision made in the financial years 2012 and 2014.

In "operating expenses related to impairment adjustments for current assets" are included adjustments for impairment of receivables for:

- Elcomex IEA SA in the amount of 31,868;

- Arelco Power SRL in the amount of 18,782;

- Other unscheduled clients and debtors in the amount of 7,601 (Elsaco Energy SRL, Eva Energy, Enol Group SA, CET Govora SA, PetProd SRL, etc.

23. NET FINANCIAL RESULT

	2017	2016
Interest revenues	5,664	5,844
Foreign exchange gains	11,501	21,470
Other financial income	64	1,322
Total financial income	17,229	28,676
Interest expenses	(19,231)	24,382
Foreign exchange losses	(21,623)	22,727
Other financial expenses		1,411
Total financial expenses	40,854	48,520
Net financial result	(23,625)	(19,844)

The decrease of the net financial in 2017 compared to 2016, in the amount of 4,092, was negatively influenced by the evolution of the exchange rate of the national currency in relation to foreign currencies in which the Company has contracted bank loans for financing the investment programs (Euros, Dollars), which led to the decrease in exchange-rate income to be only partly offset by exchange and interest rate fluctuations, amid a 30% decrease in the Other Financial Income position.

The average exchange rate of the national currency registered on December 31st, 2017, compared to the one registered on December 31st, 2016 is as follows:

Currency	31,12,2017	31,12,2016
Lei / Euro	4,6597	4,5411
Lei / USD	3,8915	4,3033
Lei / 100 Japanes yen	3,4574	3,6834

24. THE LEGISLATIVE AND FISCAL FRAMEWORK

The legal and fiscal environment in Romania and its implementation into practice changes regularly and is subject to different interpretations by various Ministries of the Government, Income tax returns are subject to review and correction by the tax authorities for a period generally of five years subsequent to their filing, Management believes that it has adequately provided for tax liabilities in the accompanying financial statements; however, the risk remains that tax authorities could take differing positions with regards to the interpretation of these issues, Their impact cannot be estimated at this time.

25. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

i) Commitments

As of December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, the Company had commitments amounting to 1,121,770 and 1,036,117 mainly representing ongoing contracts related to the investment program for the modernization and upgrading of the transmission grid

ii) Land plots used by the Company

As per the Group'spolicy, the financial statements include only the value of the land for which certificates authenticating the ownership rights have been obtained as of the date of the financial statements.

According to Law No. 99/1999, in case the Company obtains the title deeds for lands after the privatization, the land will be considered as contribution in kind of the State. These plots of lands are firstly recognized in other reserves, In this respect, the Company will increase the share capital in line with the value of the lands, and the beneficiary of this increase will be the Romanian State, In accordance with Art. 130 of Law 297/2004 regarding the capital market, "the increase in the share capital of a listed company on a regulated market will be made with the possibility for the other shareholders to

maintain their percentage in the share capital of that company".

26. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

As of the date of the issuance of these financial statements, the external legal opinion received by the management of the Group following the acquisition of legal consultancy, assistance and/or representation services needed for the share capital increase states that in the absence of other changes or clarifications in the legal framework, the general legal provisions applicable to the companies are contradictory with regards to the increase provisions for companies regulated by the privatization law. Taking into consideration the steps undertaken by the Group for the share capital increase by the value of the land plots for which certificates authenticating the ownership rights have been obtained, O.P.S.P.I. has communicated to the Group that in their opinion, the share capital increase should be performed after the changes in the legal framework.

iii) Pending disputes

The management regularly analyses the ongoing litigations, and after consulting with its legal representatives decides the need to create provisions for the amounts involved or of their presentation in the financial reports.

Taking into account the existing information, the management of the Company considers that there are no significant disputes in progress in which the Company is defendant, except for the following disputes:

• Pending with the Mehedinti Court – Section II Civil, Administrative and Fiscal Litigation Section, the **file no. 3616/101/2014** was recorded, involving the "claims in the amount of 1,091, counter value of invoice no. 1300215/31.12.2013", a file in which the Company is the defendant, the plaintiff being the Autonomous Authority for Nuclear Activities – RAAN.

By civil sentence no, 127 ruled on October 10th, 2014, the Mehedinti Court admitted the request lodged by plaintiff RAAN and ordered CNTEE Transelectrica SA to pay the amount of 1,091, the counter value of invoice no, 1300215/31.12.2013.

The amount requested for payment represents penalties calculated by RAAN for the bonus due from the support scheme and withheld from payment by the Company, in its capacity as Administrator of the support scheme, who enforced the provisions of Article 17 (5) of ANRE's Order no, 116 / 2013 (see Note 9).

The amount was enforced by RAAN on July 15th, 2016, as per the Decision issued by the Bankruptcy Receiver Office Ailiesei si Guta in the enforcement file no. 12105/2016.

By civil decision no. 843/2015, the Craiova Court of Appeal rejected the appeal filed by CNTEE Transelectrica SA against civil sentence no, 127/10.10.2014, as lacking interest, Against the decision no, 843/May 11th, 2015 of the Court of Appeal Craiova - Section II Civil, pronounced in the public hearing from May 11th, 2015, in file no, 3616/101/2014, as well as against the decision no. 127/2014 of the Mehedinti Court- Section II Civil, Administrative and Fiscal Litigation, pronounced in the public hearing from October 10th, 2014, in file no, 3616/101/2014, as well as against the Decision no, 1/2015 of the Mehedinti Court - Section II Civil, Administrative and Fiscal Litigation, pronounced in the public hearing from October 10th, 2014, in file no, 3616/101/2014, as well as against the Decision no, 1/2015 of the Mehedinti Court - Section II Civil, Administrative and Fiscal Litigation, pronounced in the public hearing from January 9th, 2015, in file no, 3616/101/2014, CNTEE Transelectrica SA filed an appeal asking the court to allow the appeal as it was filed and to reverse the judgment and sentences under appeal and to refer the case to the trial court in the territorial jurisdiction for judgement, and to declare the compliance with the requirements of Articles 1616 and 1617 of the Civil Code, reason for which it is being required to declare the intervention of the compensation of mutual debts, and their redemption up to the amount of the smallest of them, namely the total amount requested by the plaintiff in the application for summons, ordering the appellee - plaintiff to pay the expenses occurred with this appeal.

The appeal was registered on the docket of the High Court of Cassation and Justice who decided to reverse decision no, 843/2015 and to remand the case for retrial to the same court, the Court of Appeal Craiova.

By decision no, 124/2017, the Court of Appeal Craiova admitted the appeal declared by Transelectrica and remanded sentence no, 127/2014 pronounced by the Mehedinti Court, and the case was remanded for retrial to the Bucharest Court – Section VI Civil, On the docket of the Bucharest Court, the case was registered under no, 40444/3/2017 who, via civil sentence no. 4406/04.12.2017, admitted the request lodged by RAAN and ordered Transelectrica to pay the amount of 1,090,831,70 lei. The decision is subject to appeal in higher court.

In the period 2014 - 2015, the Company has retained the due support scheme bonus from payment to RAAN, pursuant to the provisions of the ANRE regulations, namely the Article 17 (5) of ANRE Chairman's Order no. 116/2013.

26. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Under these conditions, RAAN calculated penalties for late payment of the due cogeneration bonus in the amount of 3,497, withheld from the payment by the Company in the account of non-cashed receivables, The amount of 3,497 was refused for payment by the Company and was not registered as a liability in the support scheme.

• Pending with the Mehedinti Court - Section II Civil, Administrative and Fiscal Litigations, the file no.

9089/101/2013/a138 was recorded, involving the "presidential ordinance", a file in which the Company is the defendant, the plaintiff being the Autonomous Authority for Nuclear Activities - RAAN – debtor in insolvency,

Through the sentence no, 63/2016, the court ordered the defendant to continue the electricity transmission and system services necessary for continuing the activity throughout the judicial reorganization of the RAAN.

Transelectrica filed an appeal against that decision.

On May 10th, 2016, the Craiova Court of Appeal delivered its judgment no, 457/05,10,2016, which ordered the following: "Dismisses the appeal, Rejects the appeal as ill-founded. Final."

Also, the hearing of the appeal declared by RAAN against the decision of starting the bankruptcy proceedings, subject of file no. **9089/101/2013/a137** before the Court of Appeal Craiova, was postponed until May 31st, 2016, when the case was taken for judgement,.

Through the Decision no, 563/June 14th, 2016, the Court of Appeal Craiova - Section II Civil rejected the appeals lodged against interim decision no, 10/January 28th, 2016, ruled by the Mehedinti Court - Section II Civil, Administrative and Fiscal Litigation Section.

• Pending with the Mehedinti Court – Section II Civil, Administrative and Fiscal Litigation Section, the file no. **1284/101/2015** was recorded, involving the "claims in the amount of 11,637,439,66i", a file in which the Company is the defendant, the plaintiff being the Autonomous Authority for Nuclear Activities – RAAN.

By the application for summons filed by the plaintiff, they asked Transelectrica SA to pay the amount of 11,637.

On May 22th, 2015, the Mehedinti Court - Section II Civil, Administrative and Fiscal Litigation Section, ruled the sentence no, 41/2015, by which it ordered the following: 'Admits the exception for lacking territorial jurisdiction, Declines jurisdiction in favor of Bucharest Court, Section VI Civil, With no means of appeal." The file was registered to the Bucharest Court - Section VI Civil, under no. 24206/3/2015.

The applicant RAAN filed a request to amend the amount of the alleged right, seeking the increased amount of 17,806 from Transelectrica SA.

On November 3^{rd} , 2015, the Bucharest Court, Section VI Civil delivered the sentence no, 6075 / 2015, by which it ordered the following: 'Upholds the application in the way it was completed, Orders the defendant to pay the plaintiff the amount

of 17,806, representing the equivalent value of the bonus and penalties, Dismisses the application for granting legal expenses, lodged by the plaintiff, as ill-founded, With appeal within 30 days from communication, The appeal is lodged at the Bucharest Court - Section VI Civil."

The ruling was communicated on July 4th, 2016, according to the registration entry stamp of the correspondence with Transelectrica SA, An appeal was lodged against the sentence, By Hearing protocol from January 12^{th} , 2017, pronounced in the file no. 24206/3/2015, the Court of Appeal Bucharest ordered the postponement of the hearing of the appeal until the final settlement of the file no. 9089/101/2013/a152 on the docket of the Mehedinti Court, on the grounds of Article 413 (1) (1) of the New Civil Procedure Code, With appeal throughout the suspension.

The Court of Appeal Bucharest decided the suspension of the judgement of the case, considering that its settlement depends on the decision that shall be pronounced in file no. 9089/101/2013/a 152 on the docket of the High Court of Cassation and Justice, involving the challenge of the additional receivables table of the Autonomous Authority for Nuclear Activities SA.

• Pending with the Bucharest Court – Section VI Civil the **file no. 26024/3/2015** was recorded, involving the "claims", a file in which the Company is the defendant, the plaintiff being the Autonomous Authority for Nuclear Activities – RAAN.

By the application for summons filed by the applicant, they asked Transelectrica SA to pay the amount of 10,275.

The court reserved judgement on June 13^{th} , 2016, postponing the ruling until June 27^{th} , 2016 when, by hearing protocol, it ordered the redocking of the case in order to discuss the administration of additional evidence to establish mutual debts and compensation invoked by the defendant, to date, setting the next hearing on November 28^{th} , 2016.

26. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

By Hearing protocol from November 28th, 2016, the Bucharest Court has suspended the cause according to Article 413 (1) of the New Civil Procedure Code, in conjunction with Article 411 (1) of the New Civil Procedure Code, With appeal throughout the suspension.

The Court of Bucharest decided the suspension of the judgement of the case, considering that its settlement depends on the decision to be ruled in file no, 3014/2/2014 on the docket of the High Court of Cassation and Justice, involving appeal - annulment of the Decision of the ANRE Chairman no.743/2014.

• Pending with the Bucharest Court – Section VI Civil the file no. 3694/3/2016 was recorded, involving the "claims", a file in which the Company is the defendant, the plaintiff being the Autonomous Authority for Nuclear Activities – RAAN.

By application for summons filed by the plaintiff, they asked Transelectrica SA to pay the amount of 15,699.

On the grounds of Article 413 (1) (1) of the Civil Procedure Code, on October 20^{th} , 2016, the Bucharest Court ordered the suspension of judgement until the final settlement of the file no. 3014/2/2014 on the docket of the High Court of Cassation and Justice, involving appeal – annulment of the Decision of the ANRE Chairman no, 743/2014, With appeal throughout the suspension.

• Pending with the Mehedinti Court - Section II Civil, Administrative and Fiscal Litigation Section, the file no.

9089/101/2013/a140 was recorded, involving the "claims in the amount of 86,513,430,67", a file in which the Company is the defendant, the plaintiff being the Autonomous Authority for Nuclear Activities – RAAN.

By application for summons filed by the plaintiff, they asked Transelectrica SA to pay the amount of 86,513.

On May 19th, 2016, the Mehedinti Court - Section II Civil, Administrative and Fiscal Litigation Section, pronounced a hearing protocol by which it ordered the following: "on the grounds of Article 413 (1) of the Civil Procedure Code, suspends the case until the settlement of the file no, 3014/2/2014 on the docket of the High Court of Cassation and Justice, With appeal throughout the suspension, Pronounced today, May 19th, 2016, in open court."

• We also mention the fact that, by the protocol dated on September 18^{th} , 2013, ruled by the Mehedinti Court in file no, 9089/101/2013, the opening of the general insolvency proceedings has been ordered against the debtor Autonomous Administration for Nuclear Activities R.A.(R.A.A.N.)

Through the sentence no. 387/March 20th, 2014, the Mehedinti Court confirmed the reorganization plan of the debtor Autonomous Administration for Nuclear Activities, proposed by the insolvency administrator Tudor & Partners SPRL and voted on by the General Assembly of Creditors according to the minutes of February 28th, 2014.

By interim decision no, 10/January 28th, 2016, pronounced by the Mehedinti Court - Section II Civil, Administrative and Fiscal Litigation, the liquidator ordered the commencement of the bankruptcy procedure for the debtor pursuant to Article 107 (1) C of Law, no, 85/2006, and the dissolution of the debtor and cancellation of the debtor's right to administer,

Through the Decision no, 563/June 14th, 2016, the Court of Appeal Craiova - Section II Civil rejected the appeals lodged against interim decision no. 10/January 28th, 2016, ruled by the Mehedinti Court - Section II Civil, Administrative and Fiscal Litigation Section.

By the hearing protocol of June 30^{th} , 2016, Mehedinti Court - Section II Civil, Administrative and Fiscal Litigation Section set the new procedural time limit as follows: "Sets the deadline for the submission of claims arising in the proceedings to August 13^{rd} , 2016, Sets the deadline for the verification of claims arising during the procedure, preparation, display and communication of additional table of receivables on September 29th, 2016, Sets the deadline for filing objections against receivables arising in the proceedings on October 9th, 2016 and for resolving the objections against

receivables arising in the proceedings on October 20th, 2016, Sets the deadline for the preparation and display of the consolidated final table on November 10tth, 2016."

Together with filing the receivables declaration in the bankruptcy proceedings of RAAN, Transelectrica SA may invoke the provisions of Article 52 of Law no, 85/2006, applicable to the bankruptcy proceedings for RAAN, provisions taken from Article 90 of Law no, 85/2014 concerning the creditor's right to invoke the compensation of his receivable with the

one of the debtor, when the legal provisions on compensation in legal proceedings are completed on the date of commencement of the procedure, Transelectrica SA has been registered in the table of debtor RAAN with the amount of 11,264,777,30 lei under the category of receivables resulting from the continuation of the debtor's activity, the amount

26. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

requested by our company being equal to 89,361, our amount of 78,096 not being registered in the preliminary table because "this is not listed as owed in RAAN's accounting records." Moreover, the liquidator considered that the request regarding the registration in the table of the amount equal to 78,096 is tardily filed, being related to the timeframe 2011 - 2013, reason for which the receivable declaration should have been filed at the moment of commencement of the

insolvency proceedings, namely on September 18^{th} , 2013. Objection was filed against the Table. The Mehedinti Court approved the evidence with the audit expertise. The parties lodged objections against the audit expertise report, which were admitted by the court who set the hearing on February 22^{nd} , 2018.

• Following a verification conducted in 2013, the Court of Auditors issued several measures to be implemented by the Company as a result of a series of deficits identified within this verification, The decision and protocol issued by the Court

of Auditors have been appealed before the Court of Appeal Bucharest, the file no. 1658/2/2014 being constituted.

At the hearing from January 20^{th} , 2016, the court postponed the case so that the appointed accounting expert can express his point of view regarding the objections of the plaintiff against the expert report concerned and so that the technical expert can perform the expertise. On June 29^{th} , 2016, the court postponed the case so that the technical expertise report may be finished. The next hearing was set on October 26^{th} , 2016, and until the date of drafting this report, no other changes have been registered.

At the hearing from February 8th, 2017, the objections against the expert report have been notified, Postponement term 04,04,2018.

• CNTEE Transelectrica SA filed a complaint against the Order of the ANRE Chairman no, 51/June 26th, 2014, registered at ANRE under no, 47714/August 4th, 2014, and an appeal before the Court of Appeal Bucharest, subject of the file no.

4921/2/2014, requesting either the amendment of the aforementioned Order, or the issuance of a new order, which should recalculate the RRR value at the level of 9,87% (recalculated with a (β) coefficient of 1,0359, according to the internal analyses conducted by Transelectrica) or, should this request be rejected, using the same percentage of 8,52% set by ANRE for the year of 2013 and for the first semester of 2014.

On June 26th, 2014, the ANRE Order no, 51 was issued, published in the Official Journal under no, 474/June 27th, 2014 on the approval of the average tariff for the transmission service, the tariff for the system service and the zonal tariffs for the transmission service, payable to the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica" - SA, and the repealing of Addendum no, 1 of the ANRE Chairman's Order no, 96/2013 regarding the approval of the average tariff for the transmission service, the tariffs for the transmission service, the zonal tariffs for the transmission service and the tariffs for the transmission service, the tariff for the system service, the zonal tariffs for the transmission service and the tariffs for the reactive electrical energy, payable to economic agents from the electricity sector.

The values taken into consideration for calculating the Regulated Rate on Return (RRR^1) by ANRE, according to the Methodology on establishing the tariffs for the electricity transmission service, approved by ANRE Order no. 53/2013 ("the Methodology") have determined a RRR value of 7,7%.

CNTEE Transelectrica SA considers that the enforcement of the provisions of Article 51 of the Methodology on establishing the Beta (β) parameter at the value of 0,432 shall determine the financial damage of the company by decreasing the rentability with an estimated value of 138,4 mil, lei³, having a significant impact on the financial interests of the company.

At the hearing from February 9^{th} , 2016, the court admitted the evidence with the audit expertise - specialization financial investments and other entities of movable goods, extended the discussion on the technical evidence discussion – electro-

energetic specialization, after administering the evidence with the audit expertise - specialization financial investments and other entities of movable goods.

At the hearings from March 25^{th} , 2016, April 22^{nd} , 2016, June 10^{th} , 2016 and March 3^{rd} , 2017, the court postponed the judgement of the cause because of the missing technical expertise report, The next hearing was set for March 27^{th} , 2018,

¹ RRR - Regulated Rate on Return is presented in the technical literature as WACC – Weighted Average Cost of Capital – translated as Weighted Average Cost of Capital, the equation of both indicators being similar: RRR = WACC = CCP + Kp/(1 – T) + CCl x Ki ² The value that caused the decrease of the RRR to 7.7%

³ Calculated value compared to the RRR of 8.52%

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements drafted according to the Decision no. 6 of the Ordinary General Shareholders Meeting of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica"- SA on April 30th, 2018

On March 4th, 2014, the European Commission issued a communication stating that it has imposed a fine of 1,031,000 EUR to the subsidiary of SC OPCOM S,A, for the abuse of dominant position on the Romanian market in order to 26. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

facilitate the trading of electricity on the spot market, in breach of the EU antitrust rules, The Company was included in the trial acting as parent company to the subsidiary SC OPCOM S,A,, being jointly responsible for paying the fine.

The General Assembly of the subsidiary SC OPCOM SA shareholders, at the meeting from June 10^{th} , 2014, decided upon full payment of the fine amounting to 1,031,000 euro imposed by the Directorate General for Competition – European Commission for breaching of Article 102 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, according to the

Decision no. AT 39984 in the antitrust case, The subsidiary SC OPCOM SA has made full payment of the fine set by the European Commission.

On November 24th, 2014, the subsidiary SC OPCOM SA summoned CNTEE Transelectrica SA in order to force it to pay the amount of 582,086,31 euro (2,585 at the National Bank of Romania exchange rate from November 24th, 2014), representing the amount paid by her as fine, from the total of the fine amounting to 1,031,000 euro.

Also, the subsidiary SC OPCOM SA requested the court to order the Company to pay the amount of 85 as lawful interest related to the period between June 11th, 2014 - November 24th, 2014, plus legal expenses amounting to 38.

The action filed by the subsidiary SC OPCOM SA is subject of the **file no**, **40814/3/2014** on the docket of the Bucharest Court, Section VI Civil, involving claims, litigation with professionals matter, CNTEE Transelectrica SA has lodged counterclaim against the application for summons in this case, invoking exceptions and defenses on the main issue of the matter regarding the unfounded and unlawful character of the action.

On July 24th, 2015, the Bucharest Court ruled the judgement no, 4275/2015, by which it ordered the following: "Admits the application for summons filed by plaintiff Romanian Gas and Electricity Market Operator - OPCOM S,A, against defendant National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica" S,A, Orders the defendant to pay the plaintiff the amount of 582,086,31 euro, representing the amount paid by the plaintiff in the defendant's stead from the fine in the amount of

1,031,000 euro, imposed by the Decision of the European Commission on March 5^{th} , 2014 in the case no. AT.39984 and of the lawful interest related to the amount of 582,086,31 euro, calculated on June 11^{th} , 2014 and up until de day of the actual payment, Orders the defendant to pay the plaintiff the amount of 38 as legal expenses, With right of appeal within 30 days from notification, The request for appeal shall be lodged before the Bucharest Court – Section VI Civil."

Against sentence no, 4275/2015, pronounced in the aforementioned file, Transelectrica SA filed an appeal, which was registered on the docket of the Court of Appeal Bucharest, The resolution of the Court of Appeal is the following: Admits the appeal, Changes the appealed civil sentence completely, meaning that it rejects the application for summons as ill-founded, Orders the appellee - plaintiff to pay the trial expenses to the appellant - defendant amounting to 16,129, representing legal stamp duty, With appeal within 30 days from notification, Ruled in open court today, October 10th, 2016, Document: Decision 1517/2016 from October 10th, 2016.

OPCOM S.A. filed a second appeal, The High Court of Cassation and Justice decided the following: Grants, in principle, the appellant-plaintiff Operatorul Pieței de Energie Electrică și Gaze Naturale – OPCOM S,A, motion against decision no, 1517/10,10,2016, ruled by the Bucharest Court of Appeal – Section V Civil, Sets the hearing for solving the appeal on March 13th, 2018, The parties will be summoned, Ruled in open court today, December 5th, 2017.

In 2014, the company recorded a provision amounting to 2,670 for the litigation with the subsidiary SC OPCOM SA.

• In 2013, Conaid Company SRL took legal actions against CNTEE Transelectrica for the unjustified refusal of the latter to sign an addendum to the connection agreement or to sign a new connection agreement, and requested the compensation for costs incurred up to that time, amounted to 17,420 and loss of profit for the period 2013 - 2033 amounting to EUR 722,756,000. So far, the Company did not conclude an addendum to the connection agreement because the suspensive provisions included therein have not been met by Conaid Company SRL, A new connection agreement would have had to be concluded by March 11th, 2014, the date on which the technical connection permit has expired, On the date of these financial statements, the amounts claimed by Conaid Company SRL were regarded as contingent liabilities as it is unlikely to settle this obligation, there will be necessary outflows of resources embodying economic benefits and the value of

obligation cannot be evaluated with sufficient reliability.

The file no. 5302/2/2013 was on the docket of the High Court, involving the obligation of issuing of an administrative

document, the procedural stage – second appeal, the hearing being on December 9th, 2015. At this hearing, the High Court of Cassation and Justice admitted, in principle, the second appeals and set the hearing, in substance, of the second appeals on April 8th, 2016, Formation 4, summoning the parties. The case trial was postponed for the date of June 17th, 2016, when

26. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

the court reserved judgement, postponing the judgement until June 29th, 2016, when it pronounced Decision no. 2148/2016, by which it ordered the following: 'Rejects the exceptions invoked by the appellant - plaintiff S.C. Conaid Company S.R.L. via insolvency administrator RVA Insolvency Specialists SPRL, and by the appellant - defendant National Company for Energy Transportation Transelectrica S.A. Admits the second appeal filed by the defendant National Company for Energy Transportation Transelectrica S.A. against the hearing protocol of February 18th, 2014 and the civil sentence no. 1866 of June 11th, 2014, pronounced by the Court of Appeal Bucharest – Section VIII.

Administrative and Fiscal Litigation Section, Partially invalidates the contested protocol and judgment and refers the case to the Bucharest Court – Section VI Civil, for settlement of the application of the plaintiff sought against the National Power Grid Company Transelectrica S,A, Maintains the other provisions of the sentence concerning the plaintiff's action against the National Regulatory Authority for Energy, Rejects the second appeals of the plaintiff SC Conaid Company S,R,L, via insolvency administrator RVA Insolvency Specialists SPRL and the intervener S,C, Duro Felguera S.A. against the civil sentence no, 1866 of June 11th, 2014 pronounced by the Bucharest Court of Appeal – Section VIII.

Administrative and Fiscal Litigation, Rejects the second appeal filed by the defendant National Power Grid Company Transelectrica S,A, against the hearing protocol from March 25th, 2014, pronounced by the Bucharest Court of Appeal - Section VIII, Administrative and Fiscal Litigation, Final, Ruled in open court today, June 29th, 2016.

On the docket of Bucharest Court – Section VI Civil, the case was registered under no, 12107/3/2017, By civil sentence no, 4364/23.11.2017, the Court admits the exception to the ineligibility of the claim and rejects it as ineligible, It also rejects the motion to intervene in the interest of the plaintiff, With right of appeal within 30 days from notification, The appeal is lodged at the Bucharest Court - Section VI Civil, Sent to the parties via registry today, November 23rd, 2017.

Following a verification conducted in 2017, the Court of Auditors issued several measures to be implemented by the Company as a result of a series of deficits identified within this verification, CNTEE Transelectrica SA filed a total of 8 objections against the measures ruled by the Romanian Court of Auditors (CCR) via Decision no, 8/27,06,2017 requesting

the annulment thereof, as well as the Decision no, 77/03,08,2017 registered with the Company's secretariat under no, 29117/08,08,2017, as well as the Control Report no, 19211/26.05.2017.

• Case file no. 47332/3/2017 on the docket of the Bucharest Court - Section VI Civil, by which the company FF Wind Energy International SRL requests the following against CNTEE Transelectrica SA: - the annulment of the unilateral statement for the termination of the PTG connection agreement no, 85/14,03,2011 issued on March 2nd, 2016 under no, 8295, - ordering the Company to pay the amount of 33 mil, lei as damages following the termination of the agreement and to pay the amount of 45,000,000 euro as the amount of depreciation of the company FF Wind Energy International SRL caused by the impairment of its purpose, Status of the file: in preliminary proceedings for notification of the action and filing statement of defense.

• Also, the company is involved in significant litigations in which it has the quality of plaintiff, especially for debt recovery (e,g, Eco Energy SRL, Petprod SRL, Total Electric Oltenia SA, Arcelormittal Galati SA, Regia Autonoma de Activitati Nucleare, Romenergy Industry SRL, Energy Holding SRL, UGM Energy Trading SRL, CET Iasi, CET Bacau, CET Braila, CET Govora, CET Brasov, Elsaco Energy SRL, Elsaco Esco, Arelco Power SRL, Arelco Energy SRL, Inversolar Energy SA), The company recorded adjustments for value losses for the customers and other receivables in litigation and for the customers in bankruptcy, The Company also acted as plaintiff in a dispute with ANAF as shown in Note 23, and starting with the year 2018 is the plaintiff in a new litigation against ANAF.

At the same time, the Company Transelectrica SA is also involved in litigation with former members of the Directorate and the Supervisory Board, regarding the mandate contracts concluded between the Company and them.

The management of the Company considers it is likely that there will be no cases in which an outflow of resources will be required for settling the pending litigation, In addition, there are no other pending litigations which, either by their nature or by their value would deem necessary the presentation of some contingent assets or liabilities significant for the activity of the Company.

The Company is also involved in:

-Litiations with subsidiary SMART SA

CNTEE TRANSELECTRICA SA

Notes of the Consolidated Financial Statements as of December 31st, 2017 in accordance with the Decision no. 6 of the Ordinary General Shareholders Meeting of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica"- SA on April 30th, 2018

(All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

Case file no. 3269/3/2015 registered with Bucharest Tribunal, Section VI Civil, renumbered 1015/2/2018 with the Court of Appeal Bucharest,

Case file subject:

Compelling SMART SA to pay 1,841, VAT included and the sum of 232 as accessories – representing the reduced value **26. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)**

of our patrimony by the defendant's violating the provisions of contracts C, 43/2005 and C,237/2010,

Case file stage: On the hearing date 11,10,2017 Bucharest Tribunal pronounced civil ruling 3592/11,10,2017, whereby it denied as inadmissible the action filed by CNTEE Transelectrica SA in contradiction with the Company of Maintenance Services to the Electricity Transmission Grid SMART SA,

On 04.12.2017 CNTEE Transelectrica SA filed appeal against civil ruling 3592/2017 pronounced by Bucharest Tribunal on 11.10.2017, Such appeal is included in file 1015/2/2018 on the docket of the Appeal Court Bucharest, with hearing term set on 07.05.2018.

Case file no. **40958/3/2016** registered with Bucharest Tribunal, Section VI Civil Case file subject:

Compelling Company SMART SA to pay 2,797, VAT included + 1,212 accessories calculated to the amount of 2,872 Smart has misunderstood the sum of 2,871,823,43 Lei represented accessories (interest rates).

File stage: On the hearing date 07.06.2017 the instance in accordance with article 413 para 1 pt, 1 NCPC suspended judging the case until the final settlement of file 1658/3/2014 on the docket of the Appeal Court Bucharest in contradiction with the Court of Accounts, Appeal right during the entire suspension period.

Remarks about the circumstances when such action was initiated

Item 3 from Ruling 37/2013 of the Court of Accounts retained the following: "Making undue payments in the estimated sum of 314 for deforestation services provided by the same provider at higher tariffs as well as for services provided on the same surfaces" (pages 3-6 of Ruling 37/2013)

1, Case file no. 48509/3/2017 registered with Bucharest Tribunal, Section VI Civil

File subject:

CNTEE Transelectrica SA requests by court action to have SMART SA compelled to:

a) Return to our company the amount of 7,652 where VAT is to be added, as prejudice incurred by our company as a consequence of the defendant's enrichment with no just cause, in the first place, and as undue payment, in the second place;

b) Compelling the defendant to pay the non-achieved benefits associated to the sum paid under the enrichment title without just cause, in the main, calculated from the date when the subscribed made the undue payments to the defendant until the date when the law court was notified, in quantum of 2,773, as well as compelling the defendant to further pay the non-achieved benefits until the actual return date of the sum representing the principal by the defendant,

Case file stage: found in the preliminary procedure, On 12.03.2018 we were notified the contestation filed by SMART which we answered on 22,03,2018, and the first hearing term is to be set later,

- Litigations with the subsidiary Teletrans SA

1, Case file no.20223/3/2017 registered with Bucharest Tribunal, Section VI Civil

Case file object:

Teletrans SA requests compelling CNTEE Transelectrica SA to pay 4,635, as value of the performance bond constituted as per contract C243/2010, to which the sum of 293 is added, legal interest calculated on the maturity date until law suit opening -31.05.2017,

stage of the case file :Court hearing term on 13,04,2018, in view of settling the dispute in amiable manner,

2, Case file no. 16216/3/2017 registered with Bucharest Tribunal, Section VI Civil

Case file object:

By its suing request Teletrans SA asks the instance

- To ascertain the services under contract 03/2007 have been fully provided, as added;
- In subsidiary to ascertain the services under contract 03/2007 have been provided and partially accepted, as it has been added;
- To oblige Transelectrica to pay 4,649, to which VAT of 883,360,56 Lei is added, representing the amounts of invoices 115/2017, 123/2017 up to 143/2017;
- To oblige Transelectrica to pay 214,355,40 Euro plus VAT, at the exchange rate on the invoice issuance dates, representing the value of services provided and partially accepted for the contractual interval May 2014 November 2016, "in subsidiary if admitted the second subject of the request not the first subject of the request";

stage of the case file: hearing term 23.04.2018, in view of settling of the litigation amicably.

26. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

iv) Guarantees

As of December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, the guarantees are presented as follows:

	2017	2016
Guarantees granted, of which:	381,753	461,879
- letters of guarantee issued – production	44,554	36,325
- letters of guarantee issued – investments	183,962	238,617
- other guarantees granted	153,237	186,936
Guarantees received, of which:	497,216	502,122
- letters of guarantee received - production	184,226	220,879
- letters of guarantee received – investments	264,729	233,729
- other guarantees received	48,261	47,513

Guarantees granted

In accordance with the License no, 161/2000 updated by ANRE Decision no, 802/18,05,2016 regarding the provision of electricity transmission and system services and the administration of the balancing market, the Company has the obligation to establish and maintain a financial guarantee of 1% of the turnover related to the licensed activities, which

enables the Company to continue its licensed activities, considering the major risks that may impact these activities and which covers any potential damages that may be incurred according to the concluded contractual clauses, In order to comply with this obligation, the Company concluded a loan agreement for issuance of bank letters of guarantee with EximBank SA, the value of which being 29,422,392 as of December 31st, 2017.

On December 27th, 2017, the Company concluded a loan agreement for issuance of bank letters of guarantee with Banca Comerciala Romana amounting to 26,805,370 and valid between January 1st, 2018 and December 31st, 2018.

The other guarantees granted consist mainly of bank letters of guarantee issued for contracts concluded on the centralized markets administered by OPCOM – the Centralized Market for Bilateral Electricity Contracts for Extended Auction (CMCB-EA), the Day-Ahead Market (DAM) and the Intra-Day Market (IDM), as well as commitments/guarantees granted for investments in relation to pending loan contracts.

Other guarantees granted consist of contracts assigned to secure the credit line contracted for the support scheme.

Guarantees received

The guarantees received consist mainly in bank letters of guarantee for due payment in relation to contracts concluded on the electricity market, the good performance bonds and down payment letters of guarantee in relation to investment contracts and other guarantees received based on contracts funded by the connection tariff.

v) Revaluation reserves as of December 31^{st} , 2017

As of December 31st, 2017, revaluation reserves are in amount of 408,899 (December 31st, 2016: 458,184).

Starting with May 1st, 2009, the reserves from the revaluation of fixed assets, including land plots, recorded after January

 1^{st} , 2004, which are deducted when calculating taxable income through tax depreciation expenses or transferred and/or ceased assets expenses, are taxed simultaneously with the tax depreciation deduction, namely when the assets are disposed, as the case may be.

26. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Realized reserves are taxable in the future, in case of changing the destination of the reserves in any form, in case of liquidation, merger of the Company, including using the reserves for covering the Company's losses, except for the transfer of the aforementioned reserves after May 1st, 2009.

vi) Tariff for energy transmission and system services

The tariff for electricity transmission is set based on the "revenue cap" methodology, Using this methodology, ANRE sets an initial annual target revenue calculated by summing up the regulated costs and the regulated return of recognized assets, Certain costs included in the base of regulated costs are subject to efficiency requirements limiting the level of expenses that may be recovered through the regulated tariff (controllable operating and maintenance costs, own technological consumption). The annual target revenues calculated for a regulatory period are redirected through a linearization procedure aiming at softening any severe increases/decreases of revenues from one tariff year to the next, The revenues redirected in this way are annually adjusted by the price consumption index.

Certain changes in the tariff mechanism may have a significant impact on the recovery of the regulated depreciation of fixed assets included in the regulated assets base.

The current regulatory period lasts five years (July 1^{st} , 2014 – June 30^{th} , 2019), and comprises five tariff years (the tariff year begins on July 1^{st} and lasts for 12 months). Thus, 2017 was the year of transition from the third tariff year to the fourth tariff year within the current regulatory period (the third tariff year ended June 30^{th} , 2017, the fourth tariff year began July 1^{st} , 2017). For 2017, the tariffs for the transmission and system services were calculated according to the provisions of ANRE Orders no. 53/2013 and 87/2013, as subsequently amended and supplemented, For the first semester of 2017, tariffs for the transmission and system services were approved by ANRE Order no. 27/2016 and for the second semester of 2017 by ANRE Order no. 48/2017.

According to ANRE Order no. 53/2013, as subsequently amended and supplemented, approving the Methodology for determining the tariffs for the electricity transmission service, for the calculation of the regulated revenue for the first tariff period, the competent authority determines the amount related to the efficiency gains (resulted from the reduction of controllable operating costs incurred in a tariff period) above the targets set for prior regulated period and allocates 50% of the surplus to the customers of the transmission service (gain sharing mechanism).

According to ANRE Order no. 87/2013 approving the Methodology for determining the tariffs for the system services, the competent authority determines the amount related to gains obtained by the transmission and system operator through an efficient management of technological system services within a tariff period and allocates 80% thereof to users (gain sharing mechanism). In June 2017, via Order no. 45/2017, ANRE approved the new Methodology for determining the tariffs for the system services, applicable starting with the tariff period July 1^{st} , 2017 - June 30th, 2018 (repealing ANRE Order no.87/2013).

The tariffs for the transmission of electricity and system services are adjusted annually by the total corrections resulting from the previous tariff period's corrections (actual data for 8 months and estimated data for 4 months) and the corrections of the second last tariff period (actual data), By way of exception, the tariff for the technological system services approved for the fourth tariff year has been revised pursuant to the provisions of Art. 45 of ANRE Order no. 45/2017, from 9.39 lei/MWh to 12.06 lei/MWh, applicable starting with January 1st, 2018, The main underlying factor for the tariff increase was represented by the reconsideration of the price assumptions related to Transelectrica's purchase of system reserves on the competitive market.

Service	Tariff applied in the first semester of 2017 (approved by ANRE Order no, 27/2016)	Tariff applied in the second semester of 2017 (approved by ANRE Order no, 48/2017)
	lei/MWh	lei/MWh
Electricity transmission service	18,70	16,86
Functional system services	1,30	1,11
Technological system services	11,58	9,39

vii) Contingencies

The following control measures are ongoing at the Company's Transelectrica headquarters:

Ministry of Public Finance - General Department of Economic and Financial Inspection - an inspection activity that started

on 15.09.2017 and which was suspended by Address 243104 / 29.11.2017 on the same date. The objectives undergoing verification for 2012-2016 are presented below:

- substantiating and executing the revenues and expenses budget;

26. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

- compliance with the budgetary, economic, financial and accounting discipline;

- compliance with the legal provisions regarding the public and private property of the state and of the units

administrative-territorial units, held in any form;

- compliance with the provisions of the Government Order no, 64/2001 on the distribution of profits to the national entities, national companies and commercial companies with full or majority state capital, as well as self-governing administrations with subsequent amendments and completions;

- the use of reserve holdings;

- the way of organizing and exercising the compulsory forms of internal / managerial control;

- the way in which the amounts granted from the consolidated general budget were substantiated and justified,

The Ministry of Economy – Division for Control Body of the Minister– the control commenced on January 18th, 2018 – the objectives of the measure are: verifying the observance of legal provisions and internal norms pertaining to the entity's organization and functioning, verifying the way in which the acquisition activity is organized and performed, verifying the way in which consultancy, legal assistance and representation and litigation agreements are

verifying the way in which the sponsorship agreements are concluded and performed, verifying the way in which the transportation expenses are made, analysis of the way in which orders, instructions and other requirements of the Ministry of Economy in the specific field of activity are performed, verifying the completion status of the measures ruled via previous reports, comparative analysis of the entity's economic and financial results in the last three years of activity.

The National Agency for Public Procurement – the control started on February 26^{th} , 2018 – the control aimed at verifying the observance of the rules pertaining to the drafting of technical specifications for the allocation procedure of the agreement for the Technical upgrade of the Turnu Severin Este 220/110 kV substation – procurement notice no, 166637/15.03.2016.

On 31 December 2017 Teletrans S,A,,subsidiary of the Company was under a control that began on 29.05.2015 by the General Economic–Financial Audit Directorate from the Ministry of Public Finance, the reviewed period being

01.01.2010-31.12.2014, according to the service orders 82/2.,05.2015 and 01.01.2015- to date, according to the service order 38/31.05.2017; the economic-financial audit objectives being:

-Fundamentals and execution of the revenue and expense budget;

-Compliance with the budgetary economic-financial and accounting discipline;

-Observing the legal provisions regarding assets in the public and private state domain and of the administrative territorial units;

-The organisation and exercise of compulsory internal / managerial control;

-Checking the compliance with the provisions of GO 26/2013 on enhancing financial discipline of certain economic operators where the state or administrative territorial units are single or majority shareholders, or hold directly or indirectly majority participation in 2015 – to date.

On December 31, 2017, Teletrans SA, the subsidiary of the Company, was subject to control by the General Division- for Economic and Financial Inspection of the Ministry of Public Finance regarding the period 2010-2014 and finalized in 2018. The Economic and Financial Inspection Report Draft issued on February 21st, 2018 specifies that, as a result of the leasing of the assets belonging to the public state domain (capacities and infrastructure elements of the public telecommunications network) with disregard by the Company's representatives and Teletrans S.A. of the provisions of art. 14, art. 15 and art. 16 of Law no. 213/1998 on the public property, the state budget would have been damaged in a total amount of 88,778, representing sums collected and not paid to the state budget in the period 2006-2016.

In the letter 13443 from 26.03.2018 written by Teletrans, it notified Transelectrica of the following:

-In 21.02.2018 – 10.032018 time frame several meetings took place between the representatives of Teletrans and the representatives of the Ministry's audit team, which decided the calculation base used in the draft report was

-wrong, as it strictly related to the revenues registered without taking into account the expenses made (total amortisement of the procured grid equipment, human resources as well as all indirect costs of such activities) and without fully understanding the commercial and juridical relations between Transelectrica and Teletrans;

-Consequently, the audit team together with the managers of the Economic-Financial Audit Division from the Ministry of Finance provided a new term to Teletrans by which it should submit the reviewed situation and additional explanations for the reviewed time interval, extending the 27.02.2018 term by 30.03.2018,

Teletrans letter also specified that, taking into account the above, the managerial team of Teletrans has got solid reasons to believe the finding about the so-called deviation from the draft audit report will be removed and this report will find

26. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Teletrans performed correct commercial activities.

As regards the legality of using the excess optical fibre, the juridical nature of the contractual relation took into account the legal opinion of Bostina&Asociatii according to which the previous contract C45/2006 was deemed as mandate contract without representation pertaining to "concluding by SC TELETRANS SA in its own name but on behalf of the public telecommunication network of Transelectrica some contracts trading its capacity and infrastructure elements", Such construction of the juridical deed enabled concluding Covenant C111/2014, while keeping the juridical relations between parties.

Until the date of approval of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended on December 31st, .17, the Company did not complete the analysis necessary to determine the possible effect of the result of the economic and financial inspection report issued on 21 February 2018 on the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended on 31 December 2017.

Considering that the ANAF-DGAMC findings for the period 2005-2010 include both additional debts and accessories corresponding to the technological services provided in the framework agreements approved by ANRE and considering that until thedrafting of the financial statements there was anofficial reply from the Authority received, regarding the amendments of the framework contract as requested by the Company, at this moment it is not possible to accurately estimate the possible influence of the authorities' interpretation of the unrealized technological system services for which Transelectrica records income from penalties for the capacities not provided to it under the contract under the conditions of IAS 37 Provisions , contingent liabilities and contingent assets.

At the same time, according to the Court of Accounts' findings regarding the expenses that were not aimed at the continuous training of the employees and which are not forms of professional training and for which the Decision no. 14/2011was issued, ANAF-DGAMC retained additional debts and corresponding accessories.

Currently there are ongoing litigations with the Court of Auditors regarding controls carried out in 2013 and 2017. Taking into account the findings of the Court of Accounts, found in the Decisions of the years 2013 and 2017, there is the potential of additional tax liabilities, which at this time cannot be accurately determined under IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets.

Thus considering the above on December 31^{st} 2017 the Company's managerial team did not have the necessary information to make a sound analysis in view of determining the effects and results of such report over the stand-alone financial statements for the financial year ended on December 31^{st} , 2017.

From 16.01.2017 to 05.05.2017 Romania's Court of Auditors conducted an audit at Smart SA pertaining to "Control on the mode of administration of the assets from the national electricity transmission network",

When such control ended an Audit report was issued on 05,05,2017, This Audit report was capitalised by Decision 6/07,06,2017, Smart SA filed objection against this decision.

The objection was settled by the Objection Settlement Commission under Conclusion 75/25,07,2017, which denied the objection, The conclusion was received by the company on 31,07,2017.

Within the legal term Smart SA filed Complaint against Conclusion 75/25.07.2017 issued by the Objection settlement commission established in Romania's Court of Accounts, requesting cancellation of such conclusion as well as cancellation of Decision 6/07.06.2017 issued by the Court of Accounts, Department IV, The complaint is included in File 6412/2017 found on the docket of the Appeal Court Bucharest, Section VIII of administrative and fiscal disputes,

Since the suspension of the obligation to enforce Decision 6/2017 ended as of the reception date of Conclusion 75/25.07.2017, the measure plan was elaborated and implemented, being registered under no.5790/23.08.2017 in order to carry out the decided measures.

The initial term to carry out the measures decided by Romania's Court of Accounts was 29,12,2017, The term was extended until 30.06.2018.

27. GROUP STRUCTURE

The main Group companies and the percentage of ownership exercised by the Company are as follows:

Entity	Country _	31 December 2017	31 December 2016
	of Origin	% of total shares	% of total shares
SMART SA	Romania	70	70
TELETRANS SA	Romania	100	100

SC SMART SA

SC SMART SA, with registered office at 33Magheru Blvd,, district 1, Bucharest, and head office located at the work point in 246 C Calea Floreasca, "Sky Tower" Building, 20th floor, district 1 Bucharest, has as main activities the provision of maintenance services for the transmission-dispatch system, The subsidiary was incorporated by GD no, 710/July 19th, 2001 on November 1st, 2001.The share capital as of December 31st, 2017 amounted to 55,036,300, of which 38,528,600 is subscribed and fully paid up by the Company.

By Decision no, 14/10,12,2014, the Extraordinary General Assembly of Shareholders of SC Smart SA approved the company's share capital increase by in-kind contribution with the land plots value for which the certificate authenticating the ownership rights was obtained.

On December 30th, 2014, the Trade Registry Office attached to the Bucharest Court settled the application to register the share capital increase of SC Smart SA and, consequently, as of December 31st, 2015, the shareholding of SC Smart SA was the following:

-		shares 3,852,860
	- par	participation in profit and loss: 70,005%
-	Romanian State through the General Secretariat of t	of the Government - shares 1,650,770

- participation in profit and loss: 29,994%

On January 25th, 2016, the amendment regarding the change of the shareholder structure of SC Smart SA was processed at the National Trade Registry Office, namely the mention regarding the administration of State's assets, amendment required by Art, 10 of GEO no, 86/2014, as amended and revised.

*) On the docket of the courts there was a litigation - file no, 32675/3/2015 - involving the annulment of Resolution of the Designated Person No, 154954/December 30th, 2014, pronounced in file no. 449314/December 23rd, 2014, under which the Trade Register attached to the Bucharest Court has registered the share capital increase of the subsidiary SC Smart SA with contribution in kind and amended the Articles of Association according to Decision no, 12375/December 22nd, 2014, of the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the subsidiary and according to Board Decision no. 19/December 22nd, 2014, The Company also requested the competent court for the annulment of the two aforementioned decisions and the suspension of the enforcement of deeds whose annulment is requested, until the resolution of the promoted action.

In the file no. 32675/3/2015, the Bucharest Court – Section VI Civil pronounced the civil sentence no. 6468/November 16th, 2015, through which it ordered the following: "Admits the exception of inadmissibility. Dismisses the application for summons filed by the plaintiff Transelectrica against the defendants: the subsidiary Company for electricity transmission grid maintenance services SMART SA, the Romanian State and ONRC, as inadmissible. With right of appeal within 30 days from notification. The appeal is lodged with the Bucharest Court Section VI Civil, Pronounced in open court today, November 16th, 2015", CNTEE Transelectrica SA lodged an appeal, which was registered on the docket of the Court of Appeal, the case being settled at the hearing from May 23rd, 2016, when the Court of Appeal Bucharest ruled the civil decision no, 903/23.05.2016, by which it ordered the following: "Rejects the appeal as ill-founded, Admits the notification of the Constitutional Court, Pursuant to Article 29 (4) of Law no, 47/1992, notifies the Constitutional Court to resolve the exception of unconstitutionality of Article 114 (3) of Law no. 31/1990 in relation to the provisions of Article 16. Article

21 and Article 44 of the Constitution, exception invoked by the appellant. Final."

27. GROUP STRUCTURE (continued)

SC TELETRANS SA

SC TELETRANS SA, with registered office at 16 - 18 Hristo-Botev Blvd,, district3, Bucharest, has as main activities process and management IT maintenance services, telecommunication and IT specific services in the PTG, telephony and data transmission. The subsidiary was incorporated as per Decision no, 3/2002 of the General Assembly of Shareholders, The share capital as of December 31^{st} , 2017 amounted to 6,874,430, subscribed and fully paid up.

28. REMUNERATION OF COMPANY'S MANAGEMENT

The wages paid to the management employed based on Individual Employment Contracts (IEC) for the services rendered consist primarily of base salary, benefits upon termination of employment and post-employment and the fixed and variable components for the members of the Directorate and the Board of Supervisors. These are detailed as follows:

	2017	2016
Short-term employee benefits	9,822	10,269
Other long-term benefits	121	267
Members of the Management Board and the Supervisory Board		
Fixed component	1,611	1,566
Variable component	0	2,013
Total	11,555	14,116

In 2013, the 4 year mandate was approved for the members of the Board of Supervisors and the Directorate. The General Assembly of Shareholders of November 6^{th} , 2013 approved the mandate of the Board of Supervisors members and their variable remuneration level starting with the business day immediately following the date of approval of the Administration Plan of CNTEE Transelectrica SA for the period 2013-2017 prepared by the Board of Supervisors, i.e. from 01.10.2013.

Decision no, 1 of 23,03,2015 of the Ordinary General Assembly of Shareholders approved under items 3.3 and 3.4 the setting of the general caps of the fixed remuneration granted to the Board of Supervisors members of CNTEE "Transelectrica" - S,A, and the general caps of the variable component of their remunerations.

As of December 31st, 2017, the number of OAVTs granted to the Board of Supervisors members of Transelectrica is as follows:

				Weighted average price for the month prior to granting as per the mandate
Package	No, of OAVTs	Date granted	Due date	contract
Package 1				
November 15 th , 2013	644,545	15,11,2013	15,11,2016	13,1484 (lei/share)
Package 2 November 15 th , 2014	571.561	15,11,2014	15,11,2017	266040 (lai/share)
Package 3	571,501	13,11,2014	13,11,2017	26,6040 (lei/share)
November 15 th , 2015	355,640	15,11,2015	15,11,2018	25,9986 (lei/share)
Package 4 November 15 th , 2016	415,274	15,11,2016	15,11,2019	29,0861 (lei/share)

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As of December 31st, 2016, as per the certificates issued by the Company, the number of OAVTs granted to the Transelectrica Directorate members is as follows:

Package	No, of OAVTs	Date granted	Due date	Weighted average price for the month prior to granting as per the mandate contract
Package 1				
May 15 th , 2014	567,978	15,05,2014	15,11,2016	13,1484 lei/share
Package 2				
November 15 th , 2014	657,973	15,11,2014	15,11,2017	26,6040 lei/share
Package 3 November 15 th , 2015	522,418	15,11,2015	15,11,2018	25,9986 lei/share
Package 4 November 15 th , 2016	474,837	15,11,2016	15,11,2019	29,0861 (lei/share)

Details of the valuation model of OAVTs:

	Package 1	Package 2	Package 3	Package 4
Validity	3 years	3 years	3 years	3 years
Way of exerting	1/	3 of the package	granted yearly	
Weighted average price for the month prior	13,1484 lei/ share	26,6040 lei/ share	25,9986 lei/ share	29,0861 lei/ share

Thus, as of December 31st, 2017, the Company recorded a provision amounting to 38,498 (42,355 as of December 31st, 2016) for the annual variable component owed to the Directorate and Board of Supervisors members for the fair value of the virtual shares of the Company as of the end of the financial year.

29. NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Balance at the beginning of the year Share of profit for the year Additional non-controlling interests	5,484 (1,419)	11,645 (6,161)
Balance at the end of the year	4,065	5,484

30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial risk management

The Group is exposed to the following risks that arise from financial instruments: market risk (interest rate risk and currency risk), credit risk and liquidity risk, The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to mitigate potentially adverse effects on the Group's financial performance, Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates, will affect the Group's profit or loss or the value of its holdings of financial instruments.

The Group does not have formal arrangements to mitigate financial risks. Despite the fact that no formal arrangements are in place, the financial risks are monitored by management considering the financial needs of the Group in order to make sure that the opportunities and threats are matched efficiently.

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, the Group's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the Group's management of capital.

30 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Interest rate risk

The Group's operating cash flows are affected mainly by changes in interest rates, due to the foreign currency long-term borrowings with variable interest rates contracted from external credit institutions. The Group has significant long-term borrowings with variable interest rates that expose it to significant cash flow risk.

At the reporting date, the financial liabilities with fixed and variables interest rates are as follows:

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Fixed rate instruments		
Financial liabilities	389,449	478,649
Variable rate instruments		
Financial liabilities	143,919	178,829

Sensitivity analysis of interest rate

As of the reporting date, a 100% appreciation of the interest rate for the borrowings with variable interest rates date would have decreased the gross profit for the period by the amounts shown below, This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency exchange rates, remain constant.

	Loss 2017	Loss 2016
RON	-	(44)
EUR	(877)	(1,325)
USD	(12)	(21)
Total	(889)	(1,390)

As of the reporting date, a 100% depreciation of the interest rate for the borrowings with variable interest rates date would have increased the gross profit for the period by the amounts shown below, This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency exchange rates, remain constant.

	Profit 2017	Profit 2016
RON	-	44
EUR	877	1,325
USD	12	21
Total	889	1,390

The Group did not conclude any hedging contracts regarding the debts in foreign currencies or the exposure to the interest rate risk.

Exchange rate risk

The Group may be exposed to the changes in the foreign exchange rates through cash and cash equivalents, long-term borrowings and commercial debts denominated in foreign currencies.

The Group's functional currency is RON, The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk on cash and cash equivalents, purchases and borrowings that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency, The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily EUR, USD and Japanese Yen (JPY), The long-term loans and other liabilities denominated in

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foreign currencies are then retranslated at the prevailing exchange rate at each balance sheet date, as communicated by Romanian National Bank, The resulting differences are charged or credited to the profit or loss, but do not affect cash flows until the settlement of the amount.

30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk, expressed in RON, was as follows:

	Value	RON	EUR	USD
31 December 2017				
Monetary assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	553,875	498,963	54,896	16
Other financial assets	-		-	-
Receivables	825,949	760,501	65,148	
Gross exposure	1,379,824	1,259,464	120,043	16
Monetary liabilities				
Suppliers and other liabilities	704,574	638,725	65,849	-
Borrowings	533,369	224,989	308,380	
Gross exposure	1,237,943	863,714	374,229	3,435
Net balance sheet exposure	141,881	395,750	(254,186)	(3,420)
	X 7 1	DON	DUD	LICD
	Value	RON	EUR	USD
31 December 2016				
Monetary assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	960,489	920,125	40,327	38
Other financial assets	135,090	135,090		-
Receivables	874,107	830,854	43,253	-
Gross exposure	1,969,686	1,886,068	83,580	38
Monetary liabilities				
Suppliers and other liabilities	889,349	808,560	80,789	-
Borrowings	657,478	217,343	428,798	11,337
Gross exposure	1,546,827	1,025,903	509,587	11,337
Net balance sheet exposure	422,859	860,165	(426,007)	11,299

Trade and other receivables, suppliers and other liabilities, except suppliers of non-current assets are denominated only in RON.

The following significant exchange rates were used:

Average exchange rate		Exchange rate as of		
	2017	2016	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016

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RON/ EURO	4,5682	4,4908	4,6597	4,5411
RON/ USD	4,0525	4,0592	3,8915	4,3033

30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Sensitivity analysis of exchange rate risk

A 10% appreciation of the RON against the following currencies as of December 31st, 2016 and December 31st, 2015 would have increased the gross profit by the amounts shown below, This analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant

	Profit 2017	Profit 2016
EUR	25,419	42,601
USD	342	1,130
JPY	<u> </u>	
Total	25,761	43,731

A 10% depreciation of the RON against the following currencies as of December 31st, 2016 and December 31st, 2015 would have had the equal but opposite effect on the above currencies to the amounts shown above, assuming that all other variables remain constant,

	Loss 2017	Loss 2016
EUR USD JPY	(25,419) (342)	(42,601) (1,130)
Total	(25,761)	(43,731)

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, This risk arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers and cash and cash equivalents.

The treatment of counterparty risk is based on internal and external success factors of the Group. External factors of success that are systematically reducing the risk are: de-centralization of the energy sector where production, transmission, distribution and supply are distinct activities, and the interface for the customer is the supplier, the trading of energy on the Romanian market on two market segments: regulated market and competitive market. Internal factors of success in the treatment of counterparty risk include the diversification of customer portfolio and diversification of the number of services provided on the electricity market.

Financial assets, which potentially subject the Group to collection risk, consist principally of trade receivables and cash and cash equivalents. The Group applied a series of policies to make sure that the services are rendered to customers that can provide a proper collection, by including in the commercial contracts their obligation to establish financial guarantees, The carrying amount of accounts receivable, net of impairment allowances, represents the maximum amount exposed to collection risk.

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The collection risk related to these receivables is limited, as these amounts are primarily due by state-owned companies. The cash is placed in financial institutions, which are considered as having minimal risk, The deposits are placed with Banca Comeciala Romana, BRD – Groupe Societe Generale, Credit Europe Bank, Garanti Bank, Alpha Bank, Banca Transilvania, Exim Bank, ING Bank and CITI Bank,

30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

At the date of reporting, the maximum exposure to the risk of collection was:

	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Financial assets		
Net trade receivables	728,463	774,993
Cash and cash equivalents	553,875	960,489
Other net receivables	60,689	89,339
VAT to recover	47,899	-
Other financial assets		135,090
	1,390,926	1,959,911

The situation of receivables' seniority on the date of drafting the financial position report was:

-	Gross value December 31 st , 2017	Provision December 31 st , 2017	Gross value December 31 st , 2016	Provision December 31 st , 2016
Not due	573,750	1,268	648,510	5,550
Due date exceeded by 1 to 30 days	294	2	13,257	-
Due date exceeded by 31 to 90 days	2,877	2,853	6,222	-
Due date exceeded by 90 to 180 days	(91)	-	1,152	359
Due date exceeded by 180 to 270 days	61,178	2,979	27,315	7,725
Due date exceeded by 270 to 365 days	26,220	21,851	6,256	-
Due date exceeded by more than a year	189,222	96,034	175,662	89,746
Total	853,451	124,988	878,374	103,381

The situation of other receivables' seniority on the date of drafting the financial position report was:

	Gross value December 31 st , 2017	Provision December 31 st , 2017	Gross value December 31 st , 2016	Provision December 31 st , 2016
Not due	23,429	2,526	68,799	2,501
Due date exceeded by 1 to 30 days	73	0	16	9
Due date exceeded by 31 to 90 days	63	57	57	30
Due date exceeded by 90 to 180 days	34,681	34,534	6,064	4,791
Due date exceeded by 180 to 270 days	3,020	2,939	2,317	669
Due date exceeded by 270 to 365 days	179	113	3,160	595
	71,054	42,746		
Due date exceeded by more than a year			101,201	83,678

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CNTEE TRANSELECTRICA SA

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Total	132,500	82,913	181,613	92,274

The Group's policy is to record impairment adjustments for value loss of 100% for clients in litigation, insolvency and bankruptcy, and 100% of trade receivables and other receivables not re paid in more than 180 days, except for outstanding

30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

claims generated by the support scheme, The Group also carries out an individual analysis for trade receivables and other uncollected receivables,

The highest impairment adjustments as of 31st December 2017, calculated for trade receivables and related penalties were recorded for SC Eco Energy SRL (24,736), SC Petprod SRL (23,540), Arelco Power (17,359), SC Total Electric Oltenia SA (14,186), Romenergy Industry (13,513), Elsaco Energy (9,294), RAAN (8,517), Elsaco Energy (7,177), CET Brasov (4,665), OPCOM (4,517), In order to recover the receivables adjusted for impairment, the Company took the following measures: court action, enrollment at creditor table, requesting clarifications from ANAF (for VAT to be collected from Opcom), etc.

At the same time, the Company has registered an impairment adjustment of the amount of 44,443 due to the total liabilities paid to NAFA.(see Note 9).

The evolution of adjustments for impairment of receivables is presented as follows:

	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Balance on the 1 st of January	103,381	89,312
Recognition of adjustments for impairment	36,576	22,607
Reversal of adjustments for impairment	14,969	(8,538)
Balance at the end of the period	124,988	103,381

The evolution of impairment adjustments for other receivables is presented as follows:

	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Balance on the 1 st of January	92,274	86,429
Recognition of adjustments for impairment	38,010	7,501
Reversal of adjustments for impairment	3,356	(1,656)
Balance at the end of the period	82,913	92,274

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group may encounter difficulties in fulfilling the obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled in cash or by another financial asset's transfer.

A prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents and the availability of funding through adequate credit facilities.

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Assets		
Monetary assets in RON	1,258,979	1,886,068
Monetary assets in foreign currency	120,059	83,618
	1,379,339	1,969,686

Liabilities

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(All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

Monetary liabilities in RON Monetary liabilities in foreign currency	(843,210) (377,664)	(1,025,903) (520,924)
	(1,237,943)	(1,546,827)
Net monetary position in RON	395,265	860,165
Net monetary position in foreign currency 30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)	(257,605)	(437,306)

The Group's policy on liquidity is to maintain sufficient liquid resources to meet the obligations as they fall due.

The followings are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including interest payments:

December 31 st , 2017	Carrying amount	Contractual amount	12 months or less	1 – 2 years	2 – 5 years	> 5 years
Financial liabilities						
Trade and other						
liabilities	693,349	726,521	679,594	12,917	838	-
Other tax and social						
security liabilities	11,225	11,503	11,225	-	-	
Borrowings	533,369	1,292,252	338,183	51,449	68,913	74,824,
Total	1,237,942	2,030,276	1,029,001	64,336	69,751	74,824

December 31 st , 2016	Carrying amount	Contractual amount	12 months or less	1 – 2 years	2 – 5 years	> 5 years
Financial liabilities						
Trade and other						
liabilities	877,058	877,058	877,058	-	-	-
Other tax and social						
security liabilities	12,291	12,291	12,291	-	-	-
Borrowings	657,478	1,646,600	155,548	311,712	95,402	94,816
Total	1,546,827	2,535,949	1,044,897	311,712	95,402	94,816

Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value is the amount at which the financial instrument can be exchanged in current transactions by willing parties in an arm's length transaction, other than determined through liquidation or forced sale. The fair values are obtained from quoted market prices or through cash flows models, as appropriate. As of December 31st, 2016 and December 31st, 2015, management believes that the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, trade payables, loans and other short-term liabilities approximates their carrying value. The carrying amount of the loan is the depreciated cost.

December 31 st , 2017	Book value	Fair value	Level
Financial assets			
Net trade receivables	728,463	727,103	Level 1
Cash and cash equivalents	553,875	553,875	Level 1
Other financial assets	49,102	38,489	Level 1
VAT for recovery	47,899	47,899	Level 1
Other net receivables	485	485	Level 1
	1,378,953	1,378,953	

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December 31 st , 2017	Carry	ing amount	Fair value	Level
Non-current financial liabilities Borrowings, except for bonds Bonds		195,186 - 195,186	195,186 - 195,186	Level 1 Level 1
30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continue	ed)			
Current financial liabilities Trade payables and suppliers of non-current assets Borrowings Bonds Liabilities towards employees and other liabilities		693,349 138,183 200,000 11,225 1,042,757	693,349 138,183 200,000 11,225 1,042,757	Level 1 Level 1 Level 2 Level 1
December 31, 2016	Book value	F	air value	Level
Financial assets Net trade receivables Cash and cash equivalents Other financial assets Other net receivables	774,993 960,489 135,090 89,339 1,959,911		774,993 960,489 135,090 89,339 1,959,911	Level 1 Level 1 Level 1 Level 1
December 31, 2016	Book value	F	air value	Level
Non-current financial liabilities Borrowings, except for bonds Bonds	501,930 200,000 701,930		501,930 200,000 701,930	Level 1 Level 1
Current financial liabilities Trade payables and suppliers of non-current assets Borrowings Liabilities towards employees and other liabilities	877,058 155,548 12,291 1,044,897	:	877,058 155,548 12,291 1,044,897	Level 1 Level 1 Level 1
Categories of financial assets				
Financial assets	Decem	ber 31 st , 2017	Decem	ber 31 st , 2016
Cash and bank equivalents Receivables		553,875 825,949		1,095,579 874,107
<i>Financial liabilities</i> Depreciated cost		1,237,943		1,802,230

Personnel risk and the salary scheme

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As of December 31st, 2017, the average age of the Group's personnel is quite high, It is likely that in the nearest future, the Company will face a lack of personnel due to natural causes.

The Company could also face the risk that highly qualified employees leave for private companies which may offer more attractive salary packages than those offered by the Company.

The salary policy imposed by the State on companies in which it is the majority shareholder may lead to a major fluctuation within the specialized work force.

30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Capital risk management

The Group's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investors, creditors and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business.

Debt ratio indicator

	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Short and long-term borrowings	533,369	657,478
Cash and cash equivalents	(533,875)	(960,489)
Other financial assets		(135,090)
	(20,506)	(438,101)
Equity	2,739,554	3,133,857
Debt ratio	-	-

31. FEES CHARGED BY EACH STATUTORY AUDITOR OR AUDIT FIRM

The total fees charged by each statutory auditor or audit firm for the statutory audit of the annual financial statements and the total fees charged by each statutory auditor or audit firm for other assurance services, for tax consultancy services and for non-audit services according to Art.38 of Annex no. 1 to the Order no. 2844/2016 of the Ministry of Public Finances, as subsequently amended and supplemented, related to the year 2017, are as follows:

- SC Deloitte Audit SRL Contract no, C210/30.10.2017 audit services for the stand-alone and consolidated financial statements, issuance of the report on the conformity of the Directorate's Report with the stand-alone and consolidated financial statements, audit services regarding the fulfillment of the financial conditions specified in the loan agreements concluded with Commercial Banks/International Financial Institutions, in bond issuance contracts, audit report in compliance with Art. 113 letter G paragraph (6) of Regulation no. 1/2006 issued by the National Securities Commission fees for 2017 200,000, to which VAT is added;
- SC PKF Finconta SRL Contract no. C75/11.04.2016 tax consultancy services fees for 2017 36,700, to which VAT is added.
- SC Econsulting SRL Contract no, C266/03,12,2015 audit services for the project called "Studies regarding the new 400 kV OHL d,c between the Smardan and Gutinas substations", financed via European Funds within the TEN-E program for the period April 1st, 2011 January 27th, 2017 fees for 2017 2,569;
- SC Deloitte Audit SRL Contract no.C166/04,09,2017 Independent report for limited assurance of information included in current reports drafted by the company as per provisions of Law no, 297/2004 and Regulation no. 1/2006 fees for 2017 4,500, to which VAT is added;
 - **KDCL CONCEPT SRL** contract C1669 / 10,02,207 audit services for Teletrans SA subsidiary, according to the auditing standards issued by the CAFR for the financial statements of the financial year ended 31.12.2017 related fee 2017 9000 euro.
 - at the time of drafting of these consolidated financial statements the general Shareholders Meeting of Smart SA was summoned for the appointment of DBF Expert Audit SRL and Expertise and Audit Manolescu Florin through leading association DBF Expert Audit SRL providing audit services for the Smart SA subsidiary, according to the audit standards issued by CAFR for the financial statements of the financial year ended 31.12.2017, 31.12.2018, 31.12.2019 related fee 2017 17,280 lei.

32. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Acceptance of mandate for interim member of the Supervisory Board

According to the Decision no 1 of Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting from January 9^{th} , 2018, Mr, Constantin DUMITRU was appointed as a temporary member of the Supervisory Board, with a term of office until March 30^{th} , 2018.

The appointment of Mr, Constantin DUMITRU became effective starting with January 15th, 2018, the date of signing before the public notary of the statement of acceptance of the mandate as an interim member of the Supervisory Board of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica" S.A.

Extension of the directorate mandate

In the meeting on January 15th, 2018, the Supervisory Board decided to extend through an addendum, the Mandate Contract of the interim members of the Directorate for a period of 2 months, respectively until March 16th, 2018. Therefore, the composition of the Directorate is as follows:

1, Georgeta - Corina POPESCU 2, Andreea - Georgiana FLOREA 3, Dan - Valeriu ARDELEAN 4, Mircea - Toma MODRAN 5, Florin - Cristian TĂTARU.

32. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (continued)

Grant approval in the amount of 27,085,000 euro

On January 25th, 2018, the European Commission approved a grant of \in 27,085,000 for the construction of the Cernavoda-Stalpu 400 kV power line. The Cernavodă - Stâlpu airline will contribute to increasing interconnection capacity between Romania and Bulgaria and to the integration of wind energy in the Dobrogea area.

The Cernavodă-Stâlpu 400 kV line will be about 160 km long and for its commissioning it is necessary to build the 400 kV Stâlpu station and to expand the Cernavoda and Gura Ialomiței stations, According to the 10-year Development Plan of CNTEE Transelectrica SA, 400kV Cernavoda-Stâlpu OHL will be completed in 2020.

The Cernavoda-Stalpu Line Project, part of the Black Sea Corridor Cluster, is one of the six major investment objectives of the National Power Grid Company Transelectrica SA, which is on the third list of projects of common interest (PCI) on energy infrastructure adopted in November 2017 by the European Commission, The total value of the six investments is about one billion lei. All of these projects contribute to the achievement of the 400kV national ring, an objective included in the governance program, which leads to an increase in the operational safety of NPSs and the achievement of an economical operating regime for the PTGs.

Loans for current activity

Transelectrica signed the credit contract no. C55 / 01.03.2018 with Raiffeisen Bank for a period of 12 months for the financing of the high efficiency cogeneration bonus scheme, in the form of an overdraft facility amounting to 100,000,000, at an interest rate calculated according to the reference rate ROBOR 1M, plus a negative margin of 0,35%, If the reference rate is less than 0,35%, the interest rate applied is 0%, This was guaranteed by:

- Mortgage on the bank account opened at the bank
- Mortgage on the receivables resulting from the High Efficiency Contribution Contribution Agreements concluded with CES Sale S.A., E.ON Energie Romania S.A.

Appointment of interim Directorate Members

As the term of office of the current members of the Directorate ceases on March 16th, 2018, the Board of Supervisors, as of March 17th, 2018, appointed the following persons as interim members of the Board of Directors as of March 17th, 2018:

- 1. Georgeta Corina POPESCU
- 2. Andreea Georgiana FLOREA
- 3. Dan Valeriu ARDELEAN
- 4. Florin Cristian TĂTARU

The mandate is granted for a period of 4 months with the possibility of extending the mandate, for solid reasons, for further two months, The term of office shall not exceed the date of finalization of the selection procedure of the members of the Directorate of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica" SA in the conditions of art, 642 of G,E,O, no, 109/2011 if the procedure is completed within this interval, In accordance with Art, 18 par, (4) of the Constitutive Act of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica" -SA, the Supervisory Board elects as the Chairman of the Executive Board, alternatively Chief Executive Officer or Chief Executive Officer - "CEO" - of the Company) of the National Company of Power Transmission "Transelectrica" SA, starting with March 17th, 2018, Ms Georgeta - Corina POPESCU, The appointment of the above-mentioned Directors will become effective on the date of signing before the public notary of the declaration of acceptance of the mandate of the Director of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica" SA.

Mandate Acceptance – Interim Directorate Members

The interim members of the Executive Board, appointed on March 14th, 2018 by the Supervisory Board, signed the declaration of acceptance of the mandates on March 15th, 2018, their appointment becoming effective as of March 17th, 2018, according to the declaration of acceptance of the mandates .

32. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (continued)

CNTEE TRANSELECTRICA SA Notes of the Consolidated Financial Statements as of December 31st, 2017 in accordance with the Decision no. 6 of the Ordinary General Shareholders Meeting of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica"- SA on April 30th, 2018 (All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

Appointment of interim Supervisory Board Chairman

At the meeting on April 13th, 2018, by Decision no. 30, the members of the Supervisory Board appointed Mr. Olteanu Gheorghe as the Chairman of the Supervisory Board.

Appointment of interim Directorate Member

At the meeting on April 20th, 2018, the Supervisory Board appointed by Decision no. 37/2018 as interim member of the Directorate Mr. Adrian - Constantin Rusu. The mandate shall be granted for the for the remainder of the term of office of the members of Directorate, respectively until July 16th, 2018. The appointment of Mr. Adrian - Constantin RUSU became effective starting with the date of signing before the public notary the declaration of acceptance of the mandate as member of the Directorate of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica" SA - April 23rd,2018, and his appointment became effective starting with the date of the Company's announcement.

Contract signing regarding the financing from European funds of the project of common interest "The internal line between Cernavoda and Stâlpu" between the European Commission and Transelectrica on April 20th, 2018

The National Power Grid Company Transelectrica SA received on May 8th, 2018 the first installment of 2.2 million euros from the financing approved in January by the European Commission for the construction of the Cernavodă-Stâlpu high voltage internal line, listed as project of common interest. The total grant amount approved by the European Commission through Europe's Interconnection Mechanism is EUR 27 million. This amount covers 50% of the eligible expenses of the investment, the rest of the costs being insured from the Company's own sources. The deadline for completion of the six projects Transelectrica has on the list of projects of common interest of the European Commission. The 400 kV double circuit Cernavodă - Stâlpu line is aimed at consolidating the cross-section between the western coast of the Black Sea (eastern Romania) and the rest of the European system, while also contributing to the strengthening of the Romanian electricity transmission network, increasing the interconnection capacity between Romania and Bulgaria and the integration of wind energy in the Dobrogea area. The new 400 kV line will have a length of about 160 kilometers, and for its commissioning it is necessary to build the 400 kV Stâlpu station and the extension of the Cernavodă and Gura Ialomiței stations.

Change of Directorate Chairman of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica" SA

By Decision 38 dated May 4th , 2018, the Supervisory Board assigned the position of Chairman of the Directorate, alternatively named Chief Executive Officer or "CEO" - of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica" SA, starting with May 7th , 2018, to Mr. RUSU Adrian-Constantin. Starting with May 7th , 2018 ceases the appointment as Chairman of the Directorate, Chief Executive Officer or "CEO" of the Society of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica" SA, "Transelectrica" SA of Mrs. POPESCU Georgeta-Corina.

Government Decision to supplement the budget of the Ministry of Economy from the Budget reserve fund available to the Government provided for in the state budget for 2018, as well as the application of the provisions of Law no. 255/2010 in the case of ongoing expropriation proceedings concerning privately owned buildings that represent the corridor for the expropriation of public utility works of national interest "LEA 400 kv Oradea-Beckescsaba Installing a 100 KVAr compensation coil at the 400 kv Oradea South Station. Telecommunication and remote-transmission equipment for LEA 400 kV Oradea-Beckescsaba ""

On May 10th, 2018, the Government Decision was adopted that allows the completion of ongoing expropriation procedures for privately owned real estate located in the expropriation corridor of the public utility project of national interest 400 MW Oradea-Bekescsaba LEA. By the same Government Decision, funds were approved for installing a 100 MVAr compensation coil in the Oradea South 400 kV station and for the acquisition of telecommunication and remote-transmission equipment for Oradea-Bekescsaba 400 kV LEA.

The 400 kV LEA 400 kV Oradea-Bekescsaba was put into operation only partially, namely the double-circuit section, 400 kV Nadab (RO) - Bekescsaba (HU): 60 km, out of which 22 km in Romania, kV Arad-Nadab. The LEA 400 kV Oradea Sud - Nadab section has a length of 72 km, simple circuit A and is partially completed.

The commissioning of the Oradea - Nadab section and thus the completion of the 400 kV Oradea - Bekescsaba LEA contributes to closing the 400 kV ring of the country's electricity transmission network, a priority objective of Romania.

Also, the existence of this line leads to avoiding congestion costs in the northwest, which last year amounted to about 39,000 lei - in March, and about 160,000 lei - in November.

CNTEE TRANSELECTRICA SA Notes of the Consolidated Financial Statements as of December 31st, 2017 in accordance with the Decision no. 6 of the Ordinary General Shareholders Meeting of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica"- SA on April 30th, 2018 (All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

At the same time, due to the urgent completion of the works at the 400 kV Oradea - Bekescsaba LEA will be eliminated the risk of damage to the safety in operation of the National Electricity System, a higher risk generated by the potential unavailability of the interconnection line between Romania and Ukraine 400 kV Rosiori - Mukacevo), the situation in which maintaining the operational safety of the north - western area of the country would become extremely difficult and costly.

The completion of the line can be assimilated with the provision of a new flow / new power supply to the northwest of the country, with a significant impact on the increase of the operational safety, the availability of the electric energy transport service, the speed of the reaction / refueling, capacity and flexibility in the event of disruptions in the transport infrastructure caused by major damage, natural disasters, disasters, armed attack, terrorist attack, etc.

Also, by putting into operation the 400 kV Oradea Sud - Nadab LEA, the transfer capacity in the interconnection will increase in the export direction by 100 MW, and in the import direction by 300 MW, depending on seasonal and specific factors, internal and external.

Currently, Romania has an interconnection capacity of only 7% of the power installed in the NPS, compared to the target of 10% as stipulated in the European regulations for 2020, this aspect being notified to the European Commission. Putting into operation of the 400 kV Oradea Sud - Nadab LEA will help bring the European target closer.

Directorate

Adrian-Constantin RUSU Chairman **Dan-Valeriu ARDELEAN** Member Andreea Georgiana FLOREA Member

Georgeta-Corina POPESCU Member Florin-Cristian TATARU Member

Cristina STOIAN Economics and Financial Strategy Department Director Cristiana ZIRNOVAN Budgeting and Management Reporting Department Manager





To the: Bucharest Stock Exchange – Department of Operations Issuers Regulated Markets Financial Supervision Authority - General Directorate Supervision - Issuers Division

Current report according to the provisions of Law no 24/2017, Regulation 1/2006 and BSE Code Date of the report: **April 30, 2018** Name of the Issuer Company: National Power Grid Co. Transelectrica SA, managed under two tier system Headquarters: Bucharest 1, Blvd. Magheru no. 33 Working location: no. 2-4, Olteni Street, Bucharest 3 Phone/fax number: 4021 3035 611/4021 3035610 Single Registration Code: 13328043 LEI Code: 2549000LXCOUQC90M036 Number in the Commercial Register: J40/8060/2000 Share capital subscribed and paid: 733,031,420 RON Regulated market where the issued securities are transacted: Bucharest Stock Exchange

DECISION No. 6 Of the Shareholders' General Ordinary Assembly of the National Power Grid Company Transelectrica SA of 30 april 2018

The Shareholders' general ordinary assembly of the National Power Grid Company Transelectrica SA, managed under two-tier system, established and acting in accordance with the Romanian legislation, registered with the National Office of the Trade Register from Bucharest Tribunal under no. J40/8060/2000, fiscal code 13328043, having its headquarters in Bucharest City 1, Blvd. General Gheorghe Magheru 33, share capital subscribed and paid of 733,031,420 Lei, divided into 73,303,142 nominative ordinary dematerialised shares of 10 Lei nominal value each, having assembled on **30 april 2018**, **10:00 h**, attended by shareholders representing 70,82750% of the share capital and 70,82750% of the total voting rights, in accordance with the provisions of the Company law 31/1990, republished, with later amendments and additions, of Law 24/2017 on the issuers of financial instruments and market operations, of Law 297/2004 on the capital market, with later amendments and additions, of the National Securities Commission's Regulations 1/2006 on issuers and security operations and 6/2009 on exercising certain shareholders' rights in the general assemblies of trading companies, issue the following

DECISION:

With respect to the agenda items under nos. 4, 4¹, 5, 5¹, 7, 7¹, 8, 8¹, 9, 9¹, 10, 16, 17, 19 and 20 as follows:

1. Regarding **item 4 on the agenda with the vote 'against' of the shareholders representing 83,01886% of the total valid casted vote**, it is not approved the Stand-alone financial statements of the National Power Grid Company Transelectrica SA for the 2017 financial exercise according to address no 14345/29.03.2018.

2. Regarding item 4¹ on the agenda, with the vote "*for*" of the shareholders representing **83,01886%** of the total number of votes validly cast, the stand-alone financial statements of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica"–SA for the financial year of 2017 are approved, amended by the registration of the loss resulted from the additional payments obligations recorded in the tax inspection report of ANAF – DGAMC, amounting to 75,727,088 lei, detailed in the Company's Memo no. 14134/March 29th, 2018, in the reported result generated by the correction of accounting errors.





The National Power Grid Company Transelectrica 2:4 Olteni Street Bucharest. District 3, 030786, Romania Trade Register Number J.40/060/2000, Single Registration Code 13328043 Phone +4021 303 56 11, Fax +4021 303 56 10 Share capital subscribed and paid: 733.031.420 Lei www.transelectrica.ro





3. Regarding **item 5 on the agenda with the vote 'against' of the shareholders representing 83,01886% of the total valid casted vote**, it is not approved Consolidated financial statements of the National Power Grid Company Transelectrica SA for the 2017 financial exercise according to address no 14348/29.03.2018.

4. Regarding item 5^1 on the agenda, with the vote "for" of the shareholders representing 83,01886% of the total number of votes validly cast, the consolidated financial statements of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica"–SA for the financial year of 2017 are approved, amended by the registration of the loss resulted from the additional payments obligations recorded in the tax inspection report of ANAF – DGAMC, amounting to 75,727,088 lei, detailed in the Company's Memo no. 14134/March 29th, 2018, in the reported result generated by the correction of accounting errors.

5. Regarding item 7 on the agenda with the vote 'against' of the shareholders representing 83,01886% of the total valid casted vote, it is not approved to cover the accounting loss recorded on December 31st 2017 from retained earnings obtained from the surplus from revaluation reserves, non-taxable upon change of destination in accordance with the Letter no 14135/29.03.2018.

6. Regarding item 7¹ on the agenda, with the vote "*for*" of the shareholders representing **83,01886% of the total number of votes validly cast**, the distribution of profit corresponding to the financial year of 2017 is approved, with the following destinations:

Destination	Amount (lei)
Accounting profit remaining after deducting income tax as of December 31 st , 2017	28,267,175
Allocation of accounting profit to the following destinations:	
Legal reserve (5%)	2,601,192
Other allocations provided by law - exemption of reinvested income tax	12,541,025
Other allocations provided by law – revenues obtained in 2017 by allocating the interconnection capacity (net of income tax and legal reserve) – partial distribution, limited by the net profit	13,124,958
Profit not distributed	-

7. Regarding item 8 on the agenda with the vote 'against' of the shareholders representing 83,01886% of the total valid casted vote, it is not approved to constitute reserves associated to revenues obtained from the allocation of transmission capacity on the interconnection lines from the surplus obtained from revaluation reserves non-taxable when changing their destination in accordance with the letter no 14136/29.03.2018.

8. Regarding **item 8¹ on the agenda, with the vote** "*for*" of the shareholders representing **83,01886% of the total number of votes validly cast**, approval is granted for the establishment of reserves amounting to 33,940,566 lei, corresponding to the income acquired from the transmission capacity allocation on the interconnection lines, left uncovered following the profit distribution of 2017 from the surplus acquired from revaluation reserves, non-taxable for the destination modification.

9. Regarding item 9 on the agenda with the vote 'against' of the shareholders representing 83,01886% of the total valid casted vote, it is approved to cover the loss from actuarial losses with the surplus obtained from revaluation reserves non-taxable when changing the destination in accordance with the letter no 14137/29.03.2018.





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10. Regarding item 9^1 on the agenda, with the vote "for" of the shareholders representing **83,01886% of the total number of votes validly cast**, approval is granted for covering of losses generated from actuarial losses amounting to 16,634,230 lei and covering the loss generated from additional payment obligations recorded in the tax inspection report of ANAF – DGAMC amounting to 75,727,088 lei, from the surplus acquired from the revaluation reserves, non-taxable for the destination modification.

11. Regarding **item 10 on the agenda with the vote 'for' of the shareholders representing 99,77229% of the total valid casted vote**, it is approved the discharging of the liability of Directorate and Supervisory Board members for the 2017 financial year.

12. Regarding **item 16 on the agenda with the vote 'for' of the shareholders representing 94,53782% of the total valid casted vote**, the discussion of the topic regarding the approval of the Board of Supervisors' profile is postponed.

13. Regarding item 17 on the agenda with the vote 'for' of the shareholders representing 94,53782% of the total valid casted vote, the discussion of the topic regarding the approval of the candidates' profile is postponed.

14. Regarding **item 19 in the agenda**, **18 may 2018** is approved as set **registration date** of the shareholders that will be touched by the effects of the decision taken by the Shareholders' general ordinary assembly **with the** *"for"* **vote of shareholders representing 99,99969% from the total number of validly cast votes**.

15. Regarding item 20 in the agenda, with the "for" vote of shareholders representing 99,99969% from the total number of validly cast votes the assembly chairperson Georgeta - Corina POPESCU is mandated to sign the Decision of the Shareholders' general ordinary assembly and the documents necessary to register and publish such Decision of the Shareholders' general ordinary assembly according to legal provisions. Georgeta - Corina POPESCU can also mandate other persons to carry out the publicity and registration formalities for the Decision of the Shareholders' general ordinary assembly.

Georgeta - Corina POPESCU

Executive Director General Directorate Chairwoman







The National Power Grid Company Transelectrica 2-4 Olteni Street Bucharest, District 3, 030786, Romania Trade Register Number 1,400600/2000. Single Registration Code 13328043 Phone +4021 303 56 11, Fax +4021 303 56 10 Share capital subscribed and paid: 733.031.420 Lei www.transelectrica.ro

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders, C.N.T.E.E. Transelectrica S.A.

Qualified Opinion

- 1. We have audited the separate financial statements of C.N.T.E.E. Transelectrica S.A. (the Company), with registered office in Bucharest District 1, B-dul G-ral Gheorghe Magheru, No. 33, identified by the unique tax registration code RO13328043, which comprise the separate statement of financial position as at December 31, 2017, and the separate statement of comprehensive income, separate statement of changes in equity and separate statement of cash flows for the year then ended, including a summary of significant accounting policies and notes to the separate financial statements.
- 2. The separate financial statements as at December 31, 2017 are identified as follows:

Net assets/ Equity

• Net loss for the financial year

RON 2,717,146,656 RON 47,945,023

3. In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in paragraph 4 in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion" section of our report, the accompanying separate financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the separate financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2017, and its separate financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Order 2844/2016, with subsequent amendments, for the approval of accounting regulations conforming with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by European Union.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

4. As at December 31, 2017, S.C. Teletrans S.A., a subsidiary of the Company, was subject to an inspection undertaken by the General Direction for Economic and Finance Inspection of the Ministry of Public Finances for the period 2010 – 2014, which has been completed in 2018. The draft inspection report issued on February 21, 2018 specifies that following the rental of several assets of the State public domain (capacities and infrastructure elements of the telecommunications public network) without observation by the Company and Teletrans of the provisions of art. 14, art. 15 and art. 16 of Law 213/1998 regarding public goods, possible prejudices to the state budget in the amount of RON 88,778,158 were made, representing amounts collected but not transferred to the state budget for the period 2006 - 2016. Until the issuance of our audit report the Company has not finalized the necessary analysis to determine the possible effect of the results of the aforementioned draft inspection report on the separate financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2017. We were not able to determine during our audit the possible adjustments that would have been necessary to be recorded on the separate financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2017, had such an analysis been made.

Deloitte refers to one or more of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited, a UK private company limited by guarantee, and its network of member firms, each of which is a legally separate and independent entity. Please see www.deloitte.com/ro/about for a detailed description of the legal structure of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited and its member firms.

5. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs), Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014 of the European Parliament and the Council (forth named The "Regulation") and Law 162/2017 ("the Law")(if PIE). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), in accordance with ethical requirements relevant for the audit of the financial statements in Romania including the Regulation and the Law and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Key Audit Matters

6. Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the separate financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the separate financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report, in addition to the matters described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion" section.

Other information- Administrator's Report

7. Management is responsible for preparation and presentation of the other information. The other information comprises the Administrator' report, but does not include the separate separate financial statements and our auditors report thereon, nor the non-financial information declaration which is presented in a separate report.

Our opinion on the separate financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the separate financial statements for the year ended December, 31, 2017, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the separate financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

With respect to the Administrator's report, we read and report if this has been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the provisions of Ministry of Public Finance Order 2844/2016, with subsequent amendments, for the approval of accounting regulations conforming with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by European Union, article no. 20.

On the sole basis of the procedures performed within the audit of the separate financial statements, in our opinion:

- a) the information included in the administrators' report for the financial year for which the separate financial statements have been prepared are consistent, in all material respects, with these separate financial statements;
- b) the administrators' report has been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the provisions of Ministry of Public Finance Order no. 2844/2016, with subsequent amendments, for the approval of accounting regulations conforming with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by EU, article no. 20;

Moreover, based on our knowledge and understanding concerning the Company and its environment gained during the audit on the separate financial statements prepared as at December 31, 2017, we are required to report if we have identified a material misstatement of this Administrator's report . Except for the possible effects of the matter described in paragraph 4 of the "*Basis for Qualified Opinion"* section of our report, we have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Separate financial statements

- 8. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the separate financial statements in accordance with Order 2844/2016, with subsequent amendments, for the approval of accounting regulations conforming with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by EU and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 9. In preparing the separate financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 10. Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements

- 11. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the separate financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these separate financial statements.
- 12. As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
 - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the separate financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
 - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the separate financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the separate financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

- 13. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- 14. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
- 15. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the separate financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

16. We have been appointed by the General Assembly of Shareholders on December 14, 2017 to audit the separate financial statements of C.N.T.E.E. Transelectrica S.A. for the financial year ended December 31, 2017. The uninterrupted total duration of our commitment is 4 years, covering the financial years ended December 31, 2014 until the December 31, 2017.

We confirm that:

- Our audit opinion is consistent with the additional report submitted to the Audit Committee of the Company that we issued the same date we issued and this report. Also, in conducting our audit, we have retained our independence from the audited entity.
- We have not provided for the Company the non-audit services referred to in Article 5 (1) of EU Regulation No.537 / 2014.

The engagement director on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Zeno Caprariu.

Zeno Caprariu, Audit Director

For signature, please refer to the original Romanian version.

Registered with the Romanian Chamber of Financial Auditors under no. 2693/18.11.2008

On behalf of:

DELOITTE AUDIT S.R.L.

Registered with the Chamber of Financial Auditors of Romania under certificate no. 25/25.06.2001

Sos. Nicolae Titulescu nr. 4- 8, America House, Intrarea de Est, Etajul 2 - zona Deloitte și Etajul 3, sector 1, Bucharest, România March 29, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders, C.N.T.E.E. Transelectrica S.A.

Qualified Opinion

- 1. We have audited the consolidated financial statements of C.N.T.E.E. Transelectrica S.A. and its subsidiaries (the Group), with registered office in Bucharest District 1, B-dul G-ral Gheorghe Magheru, No. 33, identified by the unique tax registration code RO13328043, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2017, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements.
- 2. The financial statements as at December 31, 2017 are identified as follows:

•	Net assets / Equity	RON 2,2	739,069 thousand
•	Net loss for the financial year	RON	54,788 thousand

3. In our opinion except for the possible effects of the matter described in paragraph 4 in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion" section of our report, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2017, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Order 2844/2016, with subsequent amendments for the approval of accounting regulations conforming with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by EU.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

- 4. As at December 31, 2017, S.C. Teletrans S.A., a subsidiary of the Company, was subject to an inspection undertaken by the General Direction for Economic and Finance Inspection of the Ministry of Public Finances for the period 2010 2014, which has been completed in 2018. The draft inspection report issued on February 21, 2018 specifies that following the rental of several assets of the State public domain (capacities and infrastructure elements of the telecommunications public network) without observation by the Company and Teletrans of the provisions of art. 14, art. 15 and art. 16 of Law 213/1998 regarding public goods, possible prejudices to the state budget in the amount of RON 88,778,158 were made, representing amounts collected but not transferred to the state budget for the period 2006 2016. Until the issuance of our audit report the Group has not finalized the necessary analysis to determine the possible effect of the results of the aforementioned draft inspection report on the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2017. We were not able to determine during our audit the possible adjustments that would have been necessary to be recorded on the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2017, had such an analysis been made.
- 5. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs), Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014 of the European Parliament and the Council (forth named The " Regulation") and Law 162/2017 ("the Law"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), in accordance with ethical requirements relevant for the audit of the financial statements in Romania including the Regulation and the Law and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

6. Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report, in addition to the matters described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion" section

Other information – Administrator's Report

7. The administrator is responsible for preparation and presentation of the other information. The other information comprises the Administrator's report but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditors report thereon, nor the non-financial information declaration is presented in a separate report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and, unless otherwise explicitly mentioned in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

With respect to the Administrator's report, we read and report if this has been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the provisions of Ministry of Public Finance Order 2844/2016, with subsequent amendments, for the approval of accounting regulations conforming with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by EU, article no. 20.

On the sole basis of the procedures performed within the audit of the consolidated financial statements, in our opinion:

- a) the information included in the administrators' report for the financial year for which the financial statements have been prepared are consistent, in all material respects, with these financial statements;
- b) the administrators' report has been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the provisions of Ministry of Public Finance Order no. 2844/2016, with subsequent amendments, for the approval of accounting regulations conforming with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by EU, article no. 20;

Moreover, based on our knowledge and understanding concerning the Company and its environment gained during the audit on the consolidated financial statements prepared as at December 31, 2017, we are required to report if we have identified a material misstatement of this Administrator's report. Except for the possible effects of the matter described in paragraph 4 of the "*Basis for Qualified Opinion"* section of our report, we have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

- 8. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Order 2844/2016, for the approval of accounting regulations conforming with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by EU and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 9. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

10. Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

- 11. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.
- 12. As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
 - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting
 and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to
 events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going
 concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in
 our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such
 disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit
 evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions
 may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
 - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
 - Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.
- 13. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- 14. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

15. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

16. We have been appointed by the General Assembly of Shareholders on December 14, 2017 to audit the consolidated financial statements of C.N.T.E.E. Transelectrica S.A. for the financial year ended December 31, 2017. The uninterrupted total duration of our commitment is 4 years, covering the financial years ended December 31, 2014 until the December 31, 2017.

We confirm that:

- Our audit opinion is consistent with the additional report submitted to the Audit Committee of the Company that we issued the same date we issued and this report. Also, in conducting our audit, we have retained our independence from the audited entity.
- We have not provided for the Company the non-audit services referred to in Article 5 (1) of EU Regulation No.537 / 2014.

The engagement director on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Zeno Caprariu.

Zeno Caprariu, Audit Director

For signature, please refer to the original Romanian version.

Registered with the Romanian Chamber of Financial Auditors under no. 2693/18.11.2008

On behalf of:

DELOITTE AUDIT S.R.L.

Registered with the Chamber of Financial Auditors of Romania under certificate no. 25/25.06.2001

Sos. Nicolae Titulescu nr. 4-8, America House, Intrarea de Est, Etajul 2 - zona Deloitte și Etajul 3, sector 1, Bucharest, România March 30, 2018 CNTEE Transelectrica SA Two-Tier Company

Consolidated Financial Statements on the date and for the financial year concluded on December 31st, 2017

Drafted according to the International Financial Reporting Standards with subsequent amendments and additions

(free translation)

CNTEE TRANSELECTRICA SA CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Note	31 December 2017	31 December 2016
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	5	3,085,762	3,254,345
Intangible assets	6	15,612	14,775
Other investments		32,636	32,636
Long-term receivables	7		9,775
Total non-current assets		3,134,010	3,311,531
Current assets			
Inventories	8	50,106	45,475
Trade and other receivables	9	825,464	864,332
Other financial assets	10	-	135,090
Cash and cash equivalents	11	553,875	960,489
Total current assets		1,429,445	2,005,386
Total assets		4,563,455	5,316,917
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital		733,031	733,031
Share premium		49,843	49,843
Legal reserves		116,552	116,552
Other reserves		57,627	57,627
Revaluation reserves		408,899	458,184
Retained earnings		1,369,052	1,714,462
Equity attributable to the owners of the Group	12	2,735,004	3,129,699
Non-controlling interests		4,065	5,484
Total equity		2,739,069	3,135,183
Non-current liabilities			
Deferred income	13	412,866	433,692
Borrowings	13 14	195,186	455,092 501,930
Deferred tax liability	17	27,263	32,565
Employee benefits obligations	15	62,513	58,050
Total non-current liabilities		697,828	1,026,237
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The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. The above translation of the consolidated IFRS EU financial statements of CN Transelectrica SA is provided as a free translation from Romanian which is the official and binding version.

CNTEE TRANSELECTRICA SA CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017 (All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

	Note	31 December 2017	31 December 2016
Current liabilities			
Trade and other liabilities	16	693,349	877,058
Provisions	17	42,921	55,274
Other tax and social security liabilities	20	11,225	12,291
Borrowings	14	338,183	155,548
Deferred income	13	40,881	38,025
Income tax payable			17,301
Total current liabilities		1,126,558	1,155,497
Total liabilities		1,824,386	2,181,734
Total shareholders' equity and liabilities		4,563,455	5,316,917

The accompanying consolidated financial statements were approved by the management on March 28th, 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

Directorate,

Georgeta - Corina	Andreea Georgiana	Dan - Valeriu	Florin - Cristian
POPESCU	FLOREA	ARDELEAN	TATARU
Chairman	Member	Member	Member

Cristina STOIAN

Economics and Financial Strategy Department Director

Cristiana ZIRNOVAN Budgeting and Management Reporting Department Manager

CNTEE TRANSELECTRICA SA CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017 (All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

	Note	2017	2016
Revenues			
Transmission revenues		1,054,629	1,146,257
System services revenues		650,747	716,340
Balancing market revenues		1,304,613	814,080
Other revenues		58,015	61,411
Total revenues	21	3,068,004	2,738,088
Operating expenses			
System operating expenses	22	(257,917)	(230,757)
Balancing market expenses	22	(1,304,613)	(814,080)
Technological system services expenses	22	(661,323)	(561,027)
Depreciation and amortization		(321,027)	(331,433)
Personnel expenses		(237,262)	(271,938)
Repairs and maintenance expenses		(52,383)	(28,913)
Consumables		(22,206)	(27,741)
Fines and penalties National Agency for			
Fiscal Administration control		(99,891)	-
Other operating expenses	23	(122,963)	(130,483)
Total operating expenses		(3,079,586)	(2,396,372)
Operating result		(11,582)	341,716
Financial revenues		17,229	28,676
Financial expenses		(40,854)	(48,520)
Net financial result	24	(23,625)	(19,844)
Result before income tax		(35,207)	321,872
Income tax expense	18	(19,581)	(62,878)
Result for the year from continuing operations		(54,788)	258,994
RESULT FOR THE YEAR			
Attributable to:			
Owners of the Group		(53,370)	265,155
Non-controlling interests		(1,419)	(6,161)
Basic and diluted lost/earnings per share			
(lei/share)	19	(0.75)	3.53

The accompanying consolidated financial statements were approved by the management on March 28th, 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

Directorate,

Georgeta - Corina	Andreea Georgiana	Dan - Valeriu	Florin - Cristian
POPESCU	FLOREA	ARDELEAN	TATARU
Chairman	Member	Member	Member

Cristina STOIAN

Economics and Financial Strategy Department Director Br

Cristiana ZIRNOVAN

Budgeting and Management Reporting Department Manager

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

The above translation of the consolidated IFRS EU financial statements of CN Transelectrica SA is provided as a free translation from Romanian which is the official and binding version.

CNTEE TRANSELECTRICA SA CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017 (All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

	Note	2017	2016
Result of the financial year		(54,788)	258,994
Other comprehensive income Elements which will not be reclassified in the profit and loss account, out of which:			
- Effect of taxation on revaluation reserve			
 Surplus from the revaluation of tangible assets Actuarial losses on defined benefit plans 	14	(5,035)	(3,318)
Other comprehensive income		(5,035)	(3,318)
Total comprehensive income for the year		(59,823)	255,676
Attributable to:			
Owners of the Group Non-controlling interests		(53,370) (1,419)	265,155 (6,161)

The accompanying consolidated financial statements were approved by the management on March 28th, 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

Directorate,

Georgeta - Corina	Andreea Georgiana	Dan - Valeriu	Florin - Cristian
POPESCU	FLOREA	ARDELEAN	TATARU
Chairman	Member	Member	Member

Cristina STOIAN

Economics and Financial Strategy Department Director

Cristiana ZIRNOVAN Budgeting and Management Reporting Department Manager

CNTEE TRANSELECTRICA SA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017 (All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

Attributable to the Non-Share Share Legal Revaluation owners of the controlling premium reserve Other reserves Retained earnings Capital interests Total reserve group Balance on January 1st, 2017 733,031 49,843 116,552 458,184 57,627 1,714,462 3,129,699 5,484 3,135,183 Comprehensive income for the year Result for the year (54.788)(54,788)(54,788) Other comprehensive income Defined benefit plan actuarial loss (5,035)(5,035)(5,035) Surplus from revaluation of tangible assets Deferred tax liability generated by revaluation reserve -Total other comprehensive income (5,035)(5,035)(5,035) Total comprehensive income for the year (59,823) (59,823) (59,823) Legal reserve _ Transfer of revaluation reserve to retained earnings (49, 285)49,285 Fixed assets obtained through public funds Adjustments of fixed assets obtained through public funds Adjustment for inflation of share capital to cover losses resulted from applying IAS 29 Non-controlling interests arising from decrease of ownership in SMART SA (1,419)1,419 1,419 Total other elements (49.285)48.108 1.419 (1.419)Contributions by and distributions to owners (50)(50)(50) Land derecognision Dividends distributed from the profit of 2016 (165, 445)(165, 445)(165, 445)Special dividends according to GO 29/2017 (170,796)(170,796)(170,796)Total transactions with owners (336, 291)(336,291) (336,291) Balance as at 31 December 2017 733,031 49,843 116,552 408,899 57,627 1,369,052 2,735,004 4,065 2,739,069

The accompanying consolidated financial statements were approved by the management on March 28th, 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

Directorate,

Georgeta - Corina POPESCU	Andreea Georgiana FLOREA	Dan – Valeriu ARDELEAN	Florin - Cristian TATARU		
				Cristina STOIAN	Cristiana ZIRNOVAN
Chairman	Member	Member	Member	Economics and Financial Strategy	Budgeting and
				Department Director	Management Reporting Department Manager

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

The above translation of the consolidated IFRS EU financial statements of CN Transelectrica SA is provided as a free translation from Romanian which is the official and binding version.

CNTEE TRANSELECTRICA SA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

(All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

	Share Capital	Share premium	Legal reserve	Revaluation reserve	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Attributable to the owners of the group	Non- controlling interests	Total
Balance on January 1 st 2016	733,031	49,843	99,599	512,781	56,368	1,608,506	3,060,128	11,645	3,071,773
Comprehensive income for the year									
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	258,994	258,994	-	258,994
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Defined benefit plan actuarial loss	-	-	-	-	-	(3,318)	(3,318)	-	(3,318)
Surplus from revaluation of tangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax liability generated by revaluation reserve	<u> </u>	-	-	-	-		-	<u> </u>	-
Total other comprehensive income	<u> </u>			-		(3,318)	(3,318)	<u> </u>	(3,318)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	255,676	255,676	-	255,676
Legal reserve	·		16,953	-		(16,953)			-
Transfer of revaluation reserve to retained earnings	-	-		(54,597)	-	54,597	-	-	-
Fixed assets obtained through public funds	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Adjustments of fixed assets obtained through	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustment for inflation of share capital to cover losses									
resulted from applying IAS 29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-controlling interests arising from decrease of									
ownership in SMART SA	-	-	-	-	-	6,161	6,161	(6,161)	-
Other elements	<u> </u>	-	-	-	-	743	743	<u> </u>	743
Total other elements	-	-	16,953	(54,597)	-	44,548	6,904	(6,161)	743
Contributions by and distributions to owners									
Grants related with property assets	-	-	-	-	1,259	-	1,259	-	1,259
Dividends distributed		-		-		(194,268)	(194,268)		(194,268)
Total transactions with owners	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	1,259	(194,268)	(194,268)	<u> </u>	(194,268)
Balance as at 31 December 2016	733,031	49,843	116,552	458,184	57,627	1,714,462	3,129,699	5,484	3,135,183

The accompanying consolidated financial statements were approved by the management on March 28th, 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

Directorate, Georgeta - Corina POPESCU	Andreea Georgiana FLOREA		Dan – Valeriu ARDELEAN	Florin - Cristian TATARU		
					Cristina STOIAN	Cristiana ZIRNOVAN
Chairman	Member	Member	Member	Member	Economics and Financial Strategy Division Director	Budgeting and Management reporting Department Manager

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. The above translation of the consolidated IFRS EU financial statements of CN Transelectrica SA is provided as a free translation from Romanian which is the official and binding version.

CNTEE TRANSELECTRICA SA CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017 (All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

Result for the year(54,788)258,994Adjustments for: Income tax expense19,58162,878Depreciation expenses321,027331,433Expenses on provisions for impairment of trade receivables and other receivables74,58632,739Losses from various debtors74,58632,739Income from reversal of value losses for trade receivables and other receivables(61,874)(11,324)Income from reversal of value losses for trade receivables and other receivables(61,874)(11,324)Income from reversal of value losses for inpairment of fixed assets2,867411Value adjustments for property, plant and equipment33218,805Value adjustments for property, plant and equipment(12,884)19,100exchange gains21,48419,844Trade and other receivables(6,243)308Inventories(10,859)(15,6,559)Itabilities paid according to NAFA tax decision(99,811)73Liabilities paid according to NAFA tax decision(99,891)74Deferred income(17,970)(29,640)Cash from operating activities107,015510,992Cash from operating activities(191,801)(142,730)Diverting activities(50,694)(200,650)Net cash used in investing activities(50,694)(200,650)Dividends received5,9915,880Cash from operating activities(50,694)(200,650)Dividends received5,9915,880Cash from operating activities </th <th>Cash flows from operating activities</th> <th>2017</th> <th>2016</th>	Cash flows from operating activities	2017	2016
Income tax expense 19,581 62,878 Deprociation expenses 321,027 331,433 Expenses on provisions for impairment of trade receivables and other 74,586 32,739 Losses from various debtors 74,586 32,739 Losses from various debtors 45,081 - Income from reversal of value losses for trade receivables and other receivables (61,874) (11,324) Loss from disposal of intangible assets, net 838 273 Financial expenses regarding the adjustments for impairment of fixed assets 2,867 441 Value adjustments for provisions (12,884) 19,100 Interest expense, interest income and unrealized foreign (12,884) 19,100 Interest expense, interest income and unrealized foreign (12,884) 19,100 Interest expense, interest income and unrealized foreign (12,884) 19,100 Interest expense, interest income and unrealized foreign (12,884) 19,100 Interest expense, interest income and unrealized foreign (12,884) 19,100 Interest expense, interest income and unrealized foreign (12,884) 19,100 Interest expens	Result for the year	(54,788)	258,994
Income tax expense 19,581 62,878 Deprociation expenses 321,027 331,433 Expenses on provisions for impairment of trade receivables and other 74,586 32,739 Losses from various debtors 74,586 32,739 Losses from various debtors 45,081 - Income from reversal of value losses for trade receivables and other receivables (61,874) (11,324) Loss from disposal of intangible assets, net 838 273 Financial expenses regarding the adjustments for impairment of fixed assets 2,867 441 Value adjustments for provisions (12,884) 19,100 Interest expense, interest income and unrealized foreign (12,884) 19,100 Interest expense, interest income and unrealized foreign (12,884) 19,100 Interest expense, interest income and unrealized foreign (12,884) 19,100 Interest expense, interest income and unrealized foreign (12,884) 19,100 Interest expense, interest income and unrealized foreign (12,884) 19,100 Interest expense, interest income and unrealized foreign (12,884) 19,100 Interest expens	Adjustments for:		
Expenses on provisions for impairment of trade receivables and other receivables74,586 45,081 132,739 45,081 1Losses from various debtors14,5081 45,081-Income from reversal of value losses for trade receivables and other receivables $(61,374)$ $(11,324)$ Net expenses for adjustments for invarious impairment1,612 12-Loss from disposal of intangible assets, net838 82732733Financial expenses regarding the adjustments for impairment of fixed assets2,867 441441Value adjustments for property, plant and equipment382 14,88018,805Value adjustments for provisions(12,884)19,100Interest expenses, interest income and unrealized foreign exchange gains21,48419,844Trade and other receivables(6,243) (156,359)308Trade and other receivables(10,859)(156,359)Trade and other liabilities(80,663) (10,853)51,861Other tax and social accurity liabilities(10,859)-Labilities paid according to NAFA tax decision(99,891) (22,640)-Deferred income(17,970) (22,640)(22,246) (25,390)(25,390)Income tax paid(22,246) (25,390)(25,390)Income tax paid(22,246) (25,390)(23,90)Income tax paid(142,730) (166,050)(142,730)Other financial assets(13,5,090) (50,050)(142,730)Other financial assets(13,5,090) (50,050)(200,036)Other financial assets<		19,581	62,878
recivables 74,886 32,739 Income from reversal of value losses for trade receivables and other receivables (61,874) (11,324) Net expenses for adjustments for inventory impairment 1,612 Loss from disposal of intangible assets, net 838 2,73 Financial expenses regarding the adjustments for impairment of fixed assets 2,867 441 Value adjustments for provisions (12,884) 19,100 Interest expense, interest income and unrealized foreign exchange gains 21,484 19,844 Strong Strong 	Depreciation expenses	321,027	331,433
Losses from various debtors45,081Income from reversal of value losses for trade receivables and other receivables $(61,874)$ Income from reversal of value losses for trade receivables and other receivables $(61,874)$ Loss from disposal of intangible assets, net 838 Franacial expenses regarding the adjustments for impairment of fixed assets $2,867$ Value adjustments for property, plant and equipment 382 Value adjustments for provisions $(12,884)$ Interest expenses, interest income and unrealized foreignexchange gains $21,484$ Inventories $(6,243)$ Trade and other receivables $(6,243)$ Inventories $(10,859)$ Trade and other receivables $(6,243)$ Inventories $(10,663)$ Other tax and social security liabilities $(10,663)$ Other tax and social security liabilities $(11,970)$ Cash generated from operating activities $(11,970)$ Income tax paid $(22,246)$ Income tax paid $(22,246)$ Cash from operating activities $(13,390)$ Interest spaid $(22,246)$ Other francial assets $(191,801)$ Income tax paid $(22,246)$ Cash flow used in investing activities $(13,270)$ Purchase of property, plant and equipment 26 Cash flows used in investing activities $(13,270)$ Purchase of property, plant and equipment 26 Cash flows used in investing activities $(13,270)$ Proceeds from long term borrowings $(134,372)$			
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Loss from disposal of intangible assets, net838273Financial expenses regarding the adjustments for impairment of fixed assets $2,867$ 411Value adjustments for provisions 382 $18,805$ Value adjustments for provisions $(12,884)$ $19,100$ Interest expense, interest income and unrealized foreign $387,913$ $733,152$ Changes in: $(6,243)$ 308 Trade and other receivables $(6,243)$ 308 Inventories $(10,859)$ $(156,359)$ Trade and other liabilities $(10,660)$ $3,597$ Liabilities paid according to NAFA tax decision $(99,891)$ $-$ Deferred income $(17,970)$ $(22,640)$ Cash generated from operating activities $141,123$ $602,919$ Interest paid $(22,246)$ $(25,390)$ Incent as paid $(22,246)$ $(25,390)$ Net cash from operating activities $135,090$ $(65,038)$ Net cash from operating activities $135,090$ $(65,005)$ Dividends received $ 1,219$ Interest paid $(12,730)$ $(22,640)$ Cash flows used in investing activities $135,090$ $(50,005)$ Dividends received $ 1,219$ Interest received $5,991$ $5,880$ Cash flows used in investing activities $(134,372)$ $(162,486)$ Purchase of property, plant and equipment 26 $-$ Net cash used in investing activities $(134,372)$ $(162,486)$ Proceeds from long term borrowings $3,7$			(11,324)
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Changes in: Trade and other receivables(6,243)308Inventories(10,859)(156,359)Trade and other riceivables(10,663)51,861Other tax and social security liabilities(1,066)3,597Liabilities paid according to NAFA tax decision(99,891)-Deferred income(17,970)(29,640)Cash generated from operating activities141,123602,919Interest paid(22,246)(25,390)Income tax paid(8,861)(66,538)Net cash from operating activities107,015510,992Cash flows used in investing activities107,015510,992Purchase of property, plant and equipment and of intangible assets(191,801)(142,730)Other financial assetsDividends received5.9915.88026Cash lows used in investing activities5.9915.880Cash used in investing activities(50,694)(200,636)Purchase of property, plant and equipment26-Net cash used in investing activities(134,372)(162,486)Proceeds from long term borrowings3,7764,133Dividends paid(165,541)(194,342)Special dividends acordingly with GD 29/2017(169,799)-		21,484	19,844
Changes in: Trade and other receivables(6,243)308Inventories(10,859)(156,359)Trade and other riceivables(10,663)51,861Other tax and social security liabilities(1,066)3,597Liabilities paid according to NAFA tax decision(99,891)-Deferred income(17,970)(29,640)Cash generated from operating activities141,123602,919Interest paid(22,246)(25,390)Income tax paid(8,861)(66,538)Net cash from operating activities107,015510,992Cash flows used in investing activities107,015510,992Purchase of property, plant and equipment and of intangible assets(191,801)(142,730)Other financial assetsDividends received5.9915.88026Cash lows used in investing activities5.9915.880Cash used in investing activities(50,694)(200,636)Purchase of property, plant and equipment26-Net cash used in investing activities(134,372)(162,486)Proceeds from long term borrowings3,7764,133Dividends paid(165,541)(194,342)Special dividends acordingly with GD 29/2017(169,799)-		357,913	733,152
Trade and other receivables $(6,243)$ 308Inventories $(10,859)$ $(156,359)$ Trade and other liabilities $(80,663)$ $51,861$ Other tax and social security liabilities $(1,066)$ $3,597$ Liabilities paid according to NAFA tax decision $(99,891)$ $-$ Deferred income $(17,970)$ $(29,640)$ Cash generated from operating activities141,123 $602,919$ Interest paid $(22,246)$ $(25,390)$ Income tax paid $(22,246)$ $(25,390)$ Net cash from operating activities $107,015$ $510,992$ Cash flows used in investing activities $135,090$ $(66,538)$ Purchase of property, plant and equipment and of intangible assets $(191,801)$ $(142,730)$ Other financial assets $135,090$ $(65,005)$ Dividends received $ 1,219$ Interest received $5,991$ $5,880$ Cash flows used in investing activities $(20,636)$ Purchase of property, plant and equipment 26 $-$ Net cash used in investing activities $(200,636)$ $(200,636)$ Cash flows used in financing activities $(134,372)$ $(162,486)$ Proceeds from long term borrowings $3,776$ $4,133$ Dividends paid $(165,541)$ $(194,342)$ Special dividends acordingly with GD 29/2017 $(169,799)$ $-$			
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Trade and other liabilities(80,663)51,861Other tax and social security liabilities(1,066)3,597Liabilities paid according to NAFA tax decision(17,970)(29,640)Deferred income(17,970)(29,640)Cash generated from operating activities141,123602,919Interest paid(22,246)(25,390)Income tax paid(8,861)(66,538)Net cash from operating activities107,015510,992Cash flows used in investing activities107,015510,992Cash flows used in investing activities(191,801)(142,730)Other financial assets(191,801)(142,730)Other financial assets(191,801)(142,730)Dividends received5,9915,880Cashing from the sale of property, plant and equipment26Net cash used in investing activities(50,694)(200,636)Proceeds from long term borrowings3,7764,133Prividends paid(165,541)(194,342)Special dividends acordingly with GD 29/2017(169,799)-	Trade and other receivables		
Other tax and social security liabilities(1,066)3,597Liabilities paid according to NAFA tax decision(99,891)-Deferred income(17,970)(29,640)Cash generated from operating activities141,123602,919Interest paid(22,246)(25,390)Income tax paid(22,246)(25,390)Net cash from operating activities107,015510,992Purchase of property, plant and equipment and of intangible assets(191,801)(142,730)Other financial assets(191,801)(142,730)Dividends received5,9915,880Cashing from the sale of property, plant and equipment26-Net cash lows used in investing activities(50,694)(200,636)Cashing from the sale of property, plant and equipment26-Net cash used in investing activities(134,372)(162,486)Proceeds from long term borrowings3,7764,133Dividends paid(165,541)(194,342)Special dividends acordingly with GD 29/2017(169,799)-			
Liabilities paid according to NAFA tax decision(99,891)-Deferred income(17,970)(29,640)Cash generated from operating activities141,123602,919Interest paid(22,246)(25,390)Income tax paid(8,861)(66,538)Net cash from operating activities107,015510,992Cash flows used in investing activities107,015510,992Purchase of property, plant and equipment and of intangible assets(191,801)(142,730)Other financial assets(191,801)(142,730)Dividends received5,9915,800Cashing from the sale of property, plant and equipment26-Net cash used in investing activities(50,694)(200,636)Cash flows used in financing activities(134,372)(162,486)Proceeds from long term borrowings3,7764,133Dividends paid(165,541)(194,342)Special dividends acordingly with GD 29/2017(169,799)-		· · · · ·	
Deferred income(17,970)(29,640)Cash generated from operating activities141,123602,919Interest paid(22,246)(25,390)Income tax paid(22,246)(25,390)Net cash from operating activities107,015510,992Cash flows used in investing activities107,015510,992Purchase of property, plant and equipment and of intangible assets(191,801)(142,730)Other financial assets(191,801)(142,730)Dividends received5,9915,880Cashing from the sale of property, plant and equipment26Net cash used in investing activities(50,694)(200,636)Proceeds from long term borrowings(134,372)(162,486)Repayments of long term borrowings(134,372)(162,486)Repayments of short term borrowings(134,372)(162,486)Repayments of short term borrowings(15,541)(194,342)Special dividends acordingly with GD 29/2017(169,799)			3,597
Cash generated from operating activities141,123602,919Interest paid(22,246)(25,390)Income tax paid(22,246)(25,390)Net cash from operating activities107,015510,992Cash flows used in investing activities107,015510,992Purchase of property, plant and equipment and of intangible assets(191,801)(142,730)Other financial assets135,090(65,005)Dividends received5,9915,880Cash flows used in investing activities5,9915,880Cash nom the sale of property, plant and equipment26-Net cash used in investing activities(50,694)(200,636)Cash flows used in financing activities(134,372)(162,486)Proceeds from long term borrowings3,7764,133Dividends paid(165,541)(194,342)Special dividends acordingly with GD 29/2017(169,799)-			-
Interest paid(22,246)(25,390)Income tax paid(8,861)(66,538)Net cash from operating activities107,015510,992Cash flows used in investing activities107,015510,992Purchase of property, plant and equipment and of intangible assets(191,801)(142,730)Other financial assets135,090(65,005)Dividends received-1,219Interest received5,9915,880Cashing from the sale of property, plant and equipment26-Net cash used in investing activities(50,694)(200,636)Cash flows used in financing activities(134,372)(162,486)Repayments of long term borrowings3,7764,133Dividends paid(165,541)(194,342)Special dividends acordingly with GD 29/2017(169,799)-	Deferred income	(17,970)	(29,640)
Income tax paid(8,861)(66,538)Net cash from operating activities107,015510,992Cash flows used in investing activities107,015510,992Purchase of property, plant and equipment and of intangible assets(191,801)(142,730)Other financial assets135,090(66,005)Dividends received-1,219Interest received5,9915,880Cashing from the sale of property, plant and equipment26-Net cash used in investing activities(50,694)(200,636)Proceeds from long term borrowings(134,372)(162,486)Repayments of long term borrowings3,7764,133Dividends paid(165,541)(194,342)Special dividends acordingly with GD 29/2017-	Cash generated from operating activities	141,123	602,919
Income tax paid(8,861)(66,538)Net cash from operating activities107,015510,992Cash flows used in investing activities107,015510,992Purchase of property, plant and equipment and of intangible assets(191,801)(142,730)Other financial assets135,090(66,005)Dividends received-1,219Interest received5,9915,880Cashing from the sale of property, plant and equipment26-Net cash used in investing activities(50,694)(200,636)Proceeds from long term borrowings(134,372)(162,486)Repayments of long term borrowings3,7764,133Dividends paid(165,541)(194,342)Special dividends acordingly with GD 29/2017-	Interest paid	(22,246)	(25,390)
Cash flows used in investing activitiesPurchase of property, plant and equipment and of intangible assets(191,801)(142,730)Other financial assets135,090(65,005)Dividends received-1,219Interest received5,9915,880Cashing from the sale of property, plant and equipment26-Net cash used in investing activities(50,694)(200,636)Cash flows used in financing activities(134,372)(162,486)Repayments of long term borrowings3,7764,133Dividends paid(165,541)(194,342)Special dividends acordingly with GD 29/2017(169,799)-			
Cash flows used in investing activitiesPurchase of property, plant and equipment and of intangible assets(191,801)(142,730)Other financial assets135,090(65,005)Dividends received-1,219Interest received5,9915,880Cashing from the sale of property, plant and equipment26-Net cash used in investing activities(50,694)(200,636)Cash flows used in financing activities(134,372)(162,486)Repayments of long term borrowings3,7764,133Dividends paid(165,541)(194,342)Special dividends acordingly with GD 29/2017(169,799)-	Net cash from operating activities	107,015	510,992
Purchase of property, plant and equipment and of intangible assets(191,801)(142,730)Other financial assets135,090(65,005)Dividends received-1,219Interest received5,9915,880Cashing from the sale of property, plant and equipment26-Net cash used in investing activities(50,694)(200,636)Proceeds from long term borrowings(134,372)(162,486)Repayments of long term borrowings3,7764,133Dividends paid(165,541)(194,342)Special dividends acordingly with GD 29/2017(169,799)-			
Other financial assets135,090(65,005)Dividends received-1,219Interest received5,9915,880Cashing from the sale of property, plant and equipment26-Net cash used in investing activities(50,694)(200,636)Cash flows used in financing activities(134,372)(162,486)Proceeds from long term borrowings3,7764,133Dividends paid(165,541)(194,342)Special dividends acordingly with GD 29/2017(169,799)-	Cash flows used in investing activities		
Dividends received-1,219Interest received5,9915,880Cashing from the sale of property, plant and equipment26-Net cash used in investing activities(50,694)(200,636)Cash flows used in financing activities(134,372)(162,486)Proceeds from long term borrowings3,7764,133Dividends paid(165,541)(194,342)Special dividends acordingly with GD 29/2017(169,799)-	Purchase of property, plant and equipment and of intangible assets	(191,801)	(142,730)
Interest received5,9915,880Cashing from the sale of property, plant and equipment26-Net cash used in investing activities(50,694)(200,636)Cash flows used in financing activities(134,372)(162,486)Proceeds from long term borrowings(134,372)(162,486)Repayments of long term borrowings3,7764,133Dividends paid(165,541)(194,342)Special dividends acordingly with GD 29/2017(169,799)-		135,090	
Cashing from the sale of property, plant and equipment26Net cash used in investing activities(50,694)(200,636)Cash flows used in financing activitiesProceeds from long term borrowingsRepayments of long term borrowings(134,372)(162,486)Repayments of short term borrowings3,7764,133Dividends paid(165,541)(194,342)Special dividends acordingly with GD 29/2017(169,799)-		-	
Net cash used in investing activities(50,694)(200,636)Cash flows used in financing activitiesProceeds from long term borrowingsRepayments of long term borrowingsRepayments of short term borrowings3,7764,133Dividends paidSpecial dividends acordingly with GD 29/2017(169,799)			5,880
Cash flows used in financing activitiesProceeds from long term borrowingsRepayments of long term borrowingsRepayments of short term borrowings3,7764,133Dividends paidSpecial dividends acordingly with GD 29/2017(169,799)	Cashing from the sale of property, plant and equipment	26	-
Proceeds from long term borrowings(134,372)(162,486)Repayments of long term borrowings3,7764,133Dividends paid(165,541)(194,342)Special dividends acordingly with GD 29/2017(169,799)-	Net cash used in investing activities	(50,694)	(200,636)
Proceeds from long term borrowings(134,372)(162,486)Repayments of long term borrowings3,7764,133Dividends paid(165,541)(194,342)Special dividends acordingly with GD 29/2017(169,799)-			
Repayments of long term borrowings(134,372)(162,486)Repayments of short term borrowings3,7764,133Dividends paid(165,541)(194,342)Special dividends acordingly with GD 29/2017(169,799)-	Proceeds from long term borrowings		
Dividends paid (165,541) (194,342) Special dividends acordingly with GD 29/2017 (169,799) -	Repayments of long term borrowings	(134,372)	(162,486)
Special dividends acordingly with GD 29/2017 (169,799) -			
			(194,342)
Net cash used in financing activities(465,935)(352,695)	Special dividends acordingly with GD 29/2017	(169,799)	
	Net cash used in financing activities	(465,935)	(352,695)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. The above translation of the consolidated IFRS EU financial statements of CN Transelectrica SA is provided as a free translation from Romanian which is the official and binding version.

CNTEE TRANSELECTRICA SA CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017 (All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

	2017	2016
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(465,935)	(42,339)
Cash and cash equivalents as at 1 January (see Note 11)	960,489	1,002,829
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period		
(see Note 11)	553,875	960,489

The accompanying consolidated financial statements were approved by the management on March 28th, 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

Directorate

Georgeta - Corina	Andreea Georgiana	Dan - Valeriu	Florin - Cristian
POPESCU	FLOREA	ARDELEAN	TATARU
Chairman	Member	Member	Member

Cristina STOIAN Economics and Financial Strategy Department Director

Cristiana ZIRNOVAN Budgeting and Management Reporting Department

1. DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY AND GENERAL INFORMATION

The main activity of CNTEE Transelectrica SA ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively with the Company, "the Group") consists of: the electricity transmission services and of the system service, operator of the balancing market, administrator of the bonus type support scheme, other related activities. These activities take place according to the provisions of the business license no. 161/2000 issued by ANRE, updated through the Decision ANRE no. 270/February 4th, 2015, of the general Conditions associated to the license approved through the ANRE Order no. 104/2014 and of the final certification of the Company as a transport operator and system of the National Electroenergetic System according to the model of separating the property ("ownership unbundling").

The registered headquarters is located in: 33 General Gheorghe Magheru Blvd., Bucharest, district 1. Currently, the activity of the Company's executive takes place at the place of operations in 2-4 Olteni Street, district 3, Bucharest.

The Group's consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2017 prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards adopted by the European Union are available at the Company's working point located at Str. Olteni nr. 2 - 4, sector 3, Bucharest.

Starting with August 2006, the Company's shares are traded on the Bucharest Stock Exchange, under the symbol TEL.

According to the Decision of the Extraordinary General Assembly of Shareholders from July 18th, 2012, the Company switched from one-tier to two-tier Company in order to perform a clear separation of the management activities from the controlling activities. Thus, the Company is managed by a Directorate under the supervision of a Board of Supervisors.

Establishment of the Company

In accordance with Government Decision ("GD") no. 627 on the reorganization of the National Power Company - SA (the "Predecessor Entity") issued on July 31st, 2000 by the Government of Romania, the National Power Company was split into four newly created legal entities ("Successor Entities"). The sole shareholder of the Successor Entities was the Romanian State, through the Ministry of Economy ("ME"). CNTEE Transelectrica SA was established as a result of this reorganization as a joint-stock company which has as main activity the electricity transmission, dispatching of electricity, organization and management of the electricity market.

As described in Note 12, as of December 31st, 2017, the shareholders of the Company are: the Romanian State via the Ministry of Economy, Commerce and Tourism, which holds 43,020,309 shares (58.69%), DEDEMAN SRL with 4,192,363 (5.72%), other legal entity shareholders which hold 20,689,339 shares (28.22%) and other natural person shareholders which hold 5,401,131 shares (7.37%).

According to GEO no. 86/17.12.2014 "on the establishment of reorganization measures at the level of the central public administration and to amend and supplement certain legal acts", the Ministry of Economy, Commerce and Tourism exercises the rights, as of December 17th, 2014, and fulfills the obligations arising from its capacity as State shareholder in the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica" - S.A.

GD no. 47/2013 on the organization and operation of the Ministry of Economy was amended and supplemented accordingly by GD no. 41/2015.

To enforce the provisions of GEO no. 86/2014, on February 20, 2015, Depozitarul Central SA recorded the transfer of 43,020,309 shares (representing 58.68% of the share capital) issued by CNTEE Transelectrica SA, from the account of the Romanian State represented by the Government through the General Secretariat of the Government into the account of the Romanian State through the Ministry of Economy, Commerce and Tourism.

Based on the provisions of art. 2 of GEO no. 55/November 19th, 2015 on establishing reorganization measures in the central public administration and amending certain legal acts, the Ministry of Economy, Commerce and Relations with the Business Environment was established, by reorganizing and taking over the activities of the Ministry of Economy, Commerce and Tourism, which was closed, and by taking over the activity and structures of small and medium-sized enterprises from the Ministry of Energy, Small and Medium-Sized Enterprises and the Business Environment.

The mission of the Group

The mission of the Group is to ensure safety and security in the functioning of the National Power System (NPS) by complying with the standards and the performance stipulated by the technical regulations in force, providing a public service for all users of the electricity transmission grids, ensuring transparency, non-discrimination and fairness for all the market participants.

1. DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY AND GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

Other information relating to the Group's activity

CNTEE Transelectrica SA became a member of the Union for the Coordination of Transmission of Electricity ("UCTE") in October 2004, and from November 2004 became a member of the European Electricity Systems Operators Association ("ETSO"). As of July 2009, ENTSO-E was created by joining ETSO, UCTE and other four European Transmission System Operators ("TSO") associations have been fully integrated into the European Network of Transmission System Operators for Electricity ("ENTSO-E"), joining 42 TSOs from 35 countries. The activity of ENTSO-E is regulated by the European legislation in force (Regulation 714/2009).

CNTEE Transelectrica SA is an affiliate member to the following international organizations:

- ► ENTSO E European Network of Transmission System Operators for Electricity
- CIGRE International Council on Large Electric Systems
- LWA Live Work Association;

The Group is responsible for the secure, reliable and efficient functioning of the NPS, by carrying out the provisions of Directive (EU) no. 54/2003, Art. 9.

On May 23, 2017, Moody's Investors Service's credit rating agency published its updated credit rating, assessing Transelectrica's current and future ability to meet its payment obligations to creditors. The credit rating of Moody's Investors Service credit rating agency maintained the Company's rating at the level of the previous year, respectively Ba1.

Starting January 2017, the Company has signed a contract with Fitch Ratings International Credit Company. On July 5, 2017, Fitch grants the Company a stable BBB rating, as a recognition of the Company's efforts to achieve operational excellence and a responsible approach to the business environment in which it operates. On Oct. 11, 2017, Fitch maintains the BBB rating, stable outlook, rating one step above the country's rating (BBB- / stable outlook) for the Company.

Legislative environment

The activity in the energy sector is regulated by the Romanian Energy Regulatory Authority ("ANRE"), an autonomous public institution whose object of activity is to design, approve and monitor the application of all the regulations mandatory at national level necessary for the efficient operation of the electricity, heat and gas sectors and markets, observing the competition, transparency and consumer protection rules.

ANRE has the following main responsibilities in the field of electricity and heat produced in cogeneration: to grant, suspend or revoke the permits and licenses, to set up and approve the methodologies and criteria for the calculation of tariffs and regulated prices, to approve tariffs and regulated prices, prepare framework contracts, approve commercial and technical regulations etc.

ANRE establishes the tariffs for electricity transmission and system services. Consequently, the decisions made by ANRE can have significant effects on the Company's activity.

The Company's operating activity has been carried out according to License no. 161/2000 for electricity transmission and provision of system services issued by ANRE, valid until 2025, revised by ANRE Decision no. 802/18.05.2016 and the General Conditions associated to the license approved by ANRE Order no. 104/2014, as subsequently amended and supplemented.

Taking into account that the Group's operations and revenues are regulated by ANRE, the most important risks arising from this aspect are:

- the regulatory framework is relatively new and constantly prone to changes, which may affect the Company's performances;
- ANRE decisions regarding future tariffs may affect the Company's activity;
- the volume risk, namely the decrease in the amount of tariffable energy that may adversely affect the Company's financial situation. In 2017, according to ANRE Decision no. 71/2017, a simulation of two-tier tariffs has been performed by inserting a tariff for grid capacity reservation (the tariff component fixed for power) additional to the tariff for the energy distributed in the grid (the tariff component variable for energy). The application of two-tier tariffs aims at better reflecting the costs of use of the electricity transmission grid (by applying the fixed tariff component), optimizing investments in the electricity transmission grid and protecting the revenues of the transmission operator through the stability offered by the fixed tariff component.

1. DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY AND GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

Final certification of Transelectrica as TSO of the NPS, according to the ownership unbundling model

In accordance with the provisions of Law no. 123/2012 regarding electricity and natural gas, with the subsequent amendments, the Romanian Energy Regulatory Authority (ANRE) approved by Order no. 164/07.12.2015 the certification of the Company as transmission and system operator of the National Power System according to the ownership unbundling model.

The ownership unbundling model has become available to the Company based on Law no. 123/2012 regarding electricity and natural gas which transposes Directive 2009/72/EC.

ANRE Order no. 164/07.12.2015 accompanied by European Commission Approval no. C (2015) 7053 final/12.10.2015, as integral part of the Order, was published in Official Journal no. 908/08.12.2015 and together with the Approval Report thereof is communicated by ANRE to the European Commission.

This order enforces the provisions of the European Union and the national legislation regarding the certification of transmission and system operators.

The certification notification was sent to the European Union, which published it in the Official Journal of the EU of 08.01.2016, in accordance with Art. 10 paragraph (2) of Directive 2009/72/EC.

Tariffs for electricity transmission and system service

Electricity transmission is a general interest activity in the field of electricity, authorized and monitored by a public authority (public service), in the form of natural monopoly. The tariffs charged by the Company for transmission and system services are established and approved by ANRE (see Note 20).

Regulated assets base ("RAB")

The transmission tariff is set, among others, based on the regulated asset base. The regulated asset base includes the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets which correspond to the private patrimony of the Company and the carrying amount of the State's public patrimony assets that were financed through the Company's sources, recognized by ANRE and used in providing the electricity transmission service.

Assets resulting from additional investments made with the approval of the regulatory authority, due to exceptional circumstances as compared to the investment program initially approved at the beginning of the regulatory period are inserted in the RAB in the specific period if in the regulation period savings amounts were registered and only within the limits thereof, or will be included in the RAB at the beginning of the next regulatory period, by the amount remaining depreciated if a valuable saving was not made.

The current regulatory period lasts five years (July 1^{st} , 2014 – June 30^{th} , 2019), and comprises five tariff years (the tariff year begins on July 1^{st} and lasts for 12 months). Thus, 2017 was the year of transition from the third tariff year to the fourth tariff year within the current regulatory period (the third tariff year ended June 30^{th} , 2017, the fourth tariff year began July 1^{st} , 2017).

The regulated return on assets in 2017 for the electricity transmission activity is 7.7%, a value determined ANRE for the current regulatory period.

Inclusion of Transelectrica in the local and international stock exchange indexes

Starting from 29.08.2006, CNTEE Transelectrica SA shares are traded on the regulated market managed by the BSE, in category I under the symbol TEL. The Transelectrica shares are part of the BET index [which reflects the evolution of the 10 most traded companies on the BSE Regulated Market, excluding financial investment companies (SIFs)], with a share of 2.21% as of December 31st, 2017 (December 31st, 2016: 4.11%), with a stock exchange capitalization of 1,799,592,136 as of December 31st, 2017 (December 31st, 2016: 2,140,451,746).

Transelectrica is also included in the local stock exchange indexes BET-XT, BET-NG, BET-XT-TR, BET Plus, BET-TR, BET-BK, ROTX and in the international indexes Dow Jones Wilshire Global Indexes (Dow Jones Wilshire Global Total Market Index SM; Dow Jones Wilshire Romania Index SM; Dow Jones Wilshire Electricity Index SM). Starting with January 5th, 2015, the Company was included in the Premium category of the regulated market managed by the BSE.

1. DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY AND GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

Group's revenues

The main revenue generating activities for the Group are:

- Electricity transmission service;
- System services (the technical operational management of the NPS);
- Balancing market operator.

Electricity transmission service

The transmission service consists in ensuring the electricity transmission between two or more points of the power transmission grid ("PTG"), under conditions of efficiency and safety, whilst observing the applicable performance standards.

The Group ensures the non-discriminatory access to the transmission grid of all electricity market participants. The transmission activity is carried out through eight branches located in Bucharest, Bacau, Cluj, Craiova, Constanta, Pitesti, Sibiu and Timisoara.

The transmission service provided by Transelectrica consists in ensuring the technical conditions and maintaining the PTG parameters during the injection/extraction of energy in/from PTG.

System services

The Group's responsibility is to maintain the National Power System operating uninterruptedly under safe conditions while complying with the quality standards provided in the technical code of the electricity transmission grid. To this effect, the Group uses its own resources called functional system services and purchases technological system services from electricity producers.

The Company provides this service by using dispatch management systems under a tariff regulated and approved by ANRE, which is applied to the same base - electricity delivered to consumers - and includes:

- tariff for system services, of which:
- tariff for functional system services.

Technological system services are purchased from energy producers at the request of the Company pursuant to a procedure regulated by ANRE for maintaining the operational safety of the NPS as well as the quality of electricity transmitted at the parameters required by the applicable legislation. The Company re-invoices the entire amount of system services purchased from producers (except for the active energy component which covers the PTG losses) to electricity suppliers licensed by ANRE which are the end beneficiaries of such services.

The functional system services pertain to the dispatch services provided by CNTEE Transelectrica SA and consist of planning and operationally managing the NPS, as well as the other activities of CNTEE Transelectrica SA in order to balance production against consumption in real time, in order to safely cover the electricity consumption at minimum costs whilst maintaining the operational safety level of the NPS.

Balancing market operator

In accordance with the provisions of the Commercial Code of the Wholesale Electricity Market, the balancing market was introduced and started functioning in Romania in July 2005. The purpose of this market is to maintain the balance between production and consumption in real time, using resources offered in a competitive system.

CNTEE Transelectrica SA is the balancing market operator which, based on procedures and regulations approved by ANRE, must approve all the participants on the balancing market, collect, verify and process all the bids and perform the clearing procedures.

High-efficiency cogeneration

Starting with April 1st, 2011, the Company is the administrator of the support scheme for high-efficiency cogeneration. The purpose of this support scheme is to promote highly efficient systems cogenerating heat and power, with the advantage of a more environmentally friendly electricity production. It aims to provide easy access on the market for electricity produced in high-efficiency cogeneration plants via a cogeneration bonus granted if the total electricity and heat

DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY AND GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

production costs generated by such cogeneration plants exceed the market prices of the two types of energy. The support scheme targets electricity and heat producers owning or operating high-efficiency power plants, so as to encourage new investments in cogeneration, as well as the refurbishment of existing facilities.

Government Decision no. 1215/2009 establishes the legal framework according to the European Union regulations necessary for implementing the bonus support scheme for promoting high-efficiency cogeneration based on the demand for thermal energy, in order to cover the difference between high-efficiency cogeneration production costs and sale prices. ANRE approved the reference bonus values per megawatt an hour ("MWh") of electricity produced and delivered in the grid from high-efficiency cogeneration plants. The beneficiaries of the scheme are the producers that meet certain criteria established by ANRE.

According to provisions of article 14 of Government Resolution no. 1215/2009, the Company is designated as being responsible for the administration of the support scheme. The main tasks of the Company as the administrator of the support scheme are to collect the contribution from the suppliers of the electricity consumers in a bank account distinct from the core activity and by the payment of the bonus to the producers of electricity and heat in high-efficiency cogeneration; to conclude contracts with the contribution collectors and with the producers that will be the beneficiaries of the scheme; to verify the total value of the contribution collected; to issue invoices to suppliers; to refund the contribution to the suppliers for the energy imported and produced in cogeneration in other member states; to monitor and report to ANRE the way of administration of the support scheme; to pay the bonus to energy producers beneficiaries of the scheme; to pay late penalties to the producers for not paying the bonus on the due date.

The Company acts as an agent of the State in collecting the cogeneration contribution on a monthly basis and paying the bonus on a monthly basis. Under such circumstances, the operations associated to the support scheme do no influence the income and expense accounts, except for the own administration costs recognized by ANRE to run the support scheme, which are self-invoiced.

On December 8th, 2016, by Government Decision no. 925, the amendment and supplement have been adopted for GD no. 1215/2009 on setting the necessary criteria and conditions to implement the support scheme for promoting the high efficiency cogeneration based on the effective heat demand. The main amendments refer to the following:

- to receive the bonus, produces are requested not to generate liabilities to the administrator of the support scheme or to conclude conventions for the settlement of liabilities and receivables;

- the over-compensation is recovered according to the national legislation and the legislation of the European Union in the field of State aid;

- the undue over-compensation/bonus remaining to be paid by producers, for which all the legal actions have been taken, will be recovered by including the amount in the cogeneration contribution, according to the methodology issued by ANRE;

- the ANRE decisions regarding the amount of the over-compensation and/or the undue bonus are mandatory for producers and are enforced for recovering the amount by issuing a decision by the scheme administrator in accordance with the legislation in the field of State aid;

- the financial closing of the support scheme is made in the first semester of 2024, according to the regulatory framework drawn up by ANRE.

Electricity markets price coupling mechanism

On November 19, 2014, the "4M Market Coupling" project became operational, which provides the connection of Day Ahead electricity markets (Day Ahead Market) in Romania, Hungary, The Czech Republic and Slovakia.

In terms of the internal regulatory framework,, the roles and responsibilities of the operators involved, i.e., the Company and SC OPCOM SA as well as the operations carried out within the market coupling processes are provided in the Regulation for the Organization and Operation of the Day-Ahead Electricity Market, approved by ANRE Order no. 82/2014 (the Regulation), by observing the price coupling mechanism of markets and amending certain legal acts that regulate the day-ahead electricity market.

The target model for the day ahead market, based on the principle of price coupling of regions (PCR - Price Coupling of Regions) uses a single algorithm to correlate bids and set the price.

If coupling is not possible on the 4M MC market, the TSOs in Romania, Hungary, the Czech Republic, and Slovakia will apply the fallback procedures, by which cross-border capacity is allocated.

Art. 138 of the Regulation provides that, during post-coupling, Transmission and System Operators (TSOs) act as agents that transfer the electricity resulting from the coupling algorithm as being transferred between two adjacent bidding zones.

DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY AND GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

Within the price coupling mechanism of day-ahead markets, the electricity exchanges correlate, based on auctions, the day-ahead electricity trades depending on the interconnection capacity made available by TSOs through which it is implicitly allocated.

CNTEE Transelectrica SA, acting as TSO, transfers the electricity both in physical and commercial terms to the neighboring TSOs (MAVIR-Hungary) and manages the congestion income on the respective interconnection (Article 139 from ANRE Order no. 82/2014), while in relation to SC OPCOM SA it acts as Implicit Participant on the Day-Ahead Market.

As a Shipping Agent and Implicit Participant, the Company has the commercial task to settle the power traded between SC OPCOM SA and MAVIR.

Thus, within the price coupling mechanism of regional markets, the Company:

- fulfils the role of implicit participant on the DAM and acts as shipping agent;
- provides the interconnection capacity for the physical supply of electricity traded on the DAM, namely the transfer of power from one bidding zone to another through the interconnection lines, limited to the available transfer capacity of such lines.

Congestion income is divided on a monthly basis between transmission and system operators and foreign exchange differences are withheld or covered by TSOs, as the case may be.

The Company approved that the transactions related to the price coupling mechanism of regional markets will not influence the income and expense accounts, except for income from congestion management across interconnection lines, for income/expenses from foreign exchange differences and for expenses with bank fees resulting from clearing transactions carried out by the Company as shipping agent.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements ("financial statements") were drafted according to the Order of the Ministry of Public Finances no. 2844/2016 approving the Accounting arrangements pursuant to the International Financial Reporting Standards with subsequent amendments and additions ("OMFP no. 2844/2016"). Within the meaning of Order no. 2844/2016, the International Financial Reporting Standards mean the standards adopted according to the procedure provided by Regulation (EC) no. 1.606/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 July 2002 on the application of international accounting standards ("EU IFRS").

The Group applies International Financial Reporting Standards as endorsed by the European Union upon the preparation of the separate financial statements for 2016 in accordance with MoPFO no. 881/2012 as subsequently amended and supplemented.

Basis of assessment

The financial statements are prepared at historical cost, except for property, plant and equipment other than the ones in progress, which are assessed at revaluated value, while the liabilities related to cash settled share-based payment transactions are assessed at fair value.

Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Romanian Lei ("LEI" or "RON") according to the applicable accounting regulations, which is the Group's functional currency.

Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with EU IFRS requires management to use professional judgment, estimates and assumptions that impact the application of accounting policies and the recognized value of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, assumptions regarding the fair value (see Note 4), commitments and contingencies (see Note 26), the recognition of non-refundable funds to be received (see Note 13), the provision for impairment of receivables (see Note 9), the liabilities related to cash settled share-based payment transaction (Note 28) and the liabilities for defined benefit plans (Note 15).

Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and assumptions are revised periodically. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future impacted periods.

Information about assumptions and estimates due to significant uncertainties are included in the following notes:

Note 13 – the Company's management estimate related to the existence of a reasonable assurance that the conditions regarding non-refundable funds will be fulfilled and the funds will be received;

Note 15 – assessment of liabilities for defined benefit plans;

Note 26 – recognition and assessment of provisions, commitments and contingencies; key assumptions regarding the probability and magnitude of an outflow of resources;

Note 28 - assessment of liabilities related to cash settled share-based payment transactions.

Information regarding the critical professional judgement applied to the accounting policy regarding the service concession agreements is presented in the following paragraphs.

In 2004, the Group (operator) concluded a service concession agreement with the Ministry of Economy (grantor) according to which the Company has the right to use public patrimony assets which mainly include the electricity transmission grid and the land on which it is located, in exchange for providing electricity transmission services (see Note 3 (b)). Taking into consideration that the majority of the Company's shares are held by the State, the Company's management considers it to be a public-sector company and therefore out of the scope of IFRIC 12 "Service Concession Arrangements". With no other specific international financial reporting standard pertaining to service concession agreements, the Company considered whether IFRIC 12 should nevertheless be applied, based on the hierarchy set out in IAS 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors", which requires to first consider the requirements of other IFRSs dealing with similar issues.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

In determining if IFRIC 12 is applicable, the Group considered whether the following features of a public-private service concession agreement are to be applied to the concession agreement it had entered into with ME, as at the date at which IFRIC 12 is required to be adopted:

- The grantor controls or regulates what services the operator must provide within the infrastructure, to whom it must provide them, and at what price;
- The grantor controls through ownership the beneficial entitlement or otherwise-any significant residual interest in the infrastructure at the end of the term of the agreement; 49 years;
- The contractual agreement would include the same terms if entered into with a private-sector company.

The analysis of the characteristics of the concession agreements of public-private services reveals as follows:

- the services provided by the Group are regulated by ANRE, therefore the grantor the competent ministry does not control or regulate the type of services that the Group must supply;
- at the end of the contractual period, the residual interest in infrastructure is approximately nil, and most of the goods belonging to the State public domain are completely depreciated;
- there are currently are no other similar contracts, the Company holds the monopoly in the electricity transmission sector..

The concluded that accounting for the concession agreement under IFRIC 12 would not reflect the economic substance of the transaction, as the Company pays an annual fee as royalty for the use of the assets under the concession agreement of 1/1000 of the total annual revenue from electricity transmission services, computed based on the actual transmitted quantity, a fee that is significantly lower than the amount of the depreciation that the Company would have recorded for these assets, had the concession agreement not been signed. As a result, IFRIC 12 is not applicable, and the Company applied the accounting policies as explained in Notes 3 (a) and (b).

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements, except for those aspects disclosed in Note 3 letter (x) which discloses the changes in accounting policies.

(a) Basis of consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The group has control over an entity when it is exposed to, or is entitled to variable gains resulting from its involvement in the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases.

(ii) Loss of control

On the loss of control, the Group derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, any non-controlling interests and the other components of equity related to the subsidiary. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognised in profit or loss. If the Group retains any interest in the previous subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost. Subsequently it is accounted for as an equity-accounted investee or as an available-for-sale financial asset depending on the level of influence retained.

(iii) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity-accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

(b) Property, plant and equipment

Owned assets

Property, plant and equipment, except for the ones in progress, are stated at their revalued value, less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Property, plant and equipment in progress is stated at cost. The cost of

assets built by the Company includes cost of materials, direct salaries, initial estimate, where applicable, of costs with dismantling and relocating items and restoring the site, plus a share of indirect costs.

Recognition

Property, plant and equipment is initially valued at cost.

The cost includes the costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition. The cost of constructed assets by the entity includes:

- cost of materials and direct staff costs;
- other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition/stage necessary for the intended use; and
- capitalized loan costs.

Impairment allowances for the idle or obsolete tangible assets,

Subsequent expenditure

The Group recognizes in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment the cost of replacing part of such item when that cost is incurred if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other costs are recognized in the income statement as occurred.

Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment items are depreciated using the straight-line method over their useful lives, as follows:

	Normal useful life (years)
Buildings and special installations	40-60
Machinery and equipment	15-40
Control and measurement devices	7-12
Vehicles	5-8
Other property, plant and equipment	3-5

Land is not depreciated. Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, these are accounted for as separate items of property, plant and equipment (major components). Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are revised and adjusted, if the case, at the end of each reporting period.

Revaluation

The Group chose to disclose property, plant and equipment at revalued amount, except for advances and construction in progress presented at historical cost.

Revaluations are performed by independent appraisers, with sufficient regularity so that the book value does not differ significantly from the value which can be determined based on the fair value as at the reporting date.

(c) Public patrimony assets

As stipulated by Law no. 213/1998, the electricity transmission grids are State's public patrimony goods.

Government Resolution no. 627/2000 establishes in Annex no. 8 the State public patrimony fixed assets which are under the Company's administration since August 1st, 2000, and which are subject to inventory count and are updated whenever necessary, through legal act (GD).

Prior to signing the concession agreement described below in this note, public patrimony assets were treated as assets contributed by the Romanian state through its representative, the Ministry of Economy, as the Group did not have to pay any tax for using the assets.

In November 1998, Law no. 213/1998 was issued, which regulates the status of public patrimony. The law stipulates that the State or local authorities have ownership of the State public patrimony and that they can rent or grant use of such patrimony. According to the provisions of Law no. 213/1998 and Law no. 219/1998, the Ministry of Economy has signed, on behalf of the State, a concession agreement pertaining to the energy transmission grid (high voltage electricity lines and electrical substations) and the land on which they are built. Concession agreement no. 1 was concluded on June 29th, 2004 between the Ministry of Economy and the Company for all public patrimony tangible assets in balance as of December 31st, 2003 and is in effect for 49 years.

Following the execution of the concession agreement with the Ministry of Economy on behalf of the Romanian State, on June 29th, 2004, the nature of the relationship between the Ministry and the Company changed and thus the Company derecognized public patrimony assets, including the public patrimony reserve included in equity. Subsequent to the conclusion of the concession agreement, the Company accounts as operating lease the assets over which it has been granted a right of use. The payments for the concession agreement (royalty) are accounted for by the Company as expenses in the profit or loss account during the year.

Concession agreement no. 1/2004 was published in the Official Journal of Romania no. 298 bis of April 30th, 2015.

Between 2005 and 2013, seven addenda were concluded to the concession contract. Therefore, assets from the public patrimony obtained out of the development fee after June 29, 2004 have been derecognized.

Taking into account Government Resolution no. 1009/2012 and Government Resolution no. 984/2012 through which was approved the modification of Appendix no. 7 to Government Resolution no. 1705/2006 approving the centralized stock take of the assets from the public patrimony that were transferred to the Company under concession, and following the inventory procedure of the assets part of the public patrimony in 2012 and the revaluation/valuation of these goods, on 14.02.2013, Addendum no. 7 to Concession contract no. 1/29.06.2004 was signed with the Ministry of Economy.

Government Decision no. 1032 from December 11th, 2013, published in the Official Journal no. 22 from January 13th, 2014, approved the amendment and supplementing of Addendum no. 7 to Government Decision no. 1705/2006 approving the centralized inventory of the assets under public patrimony, following the 2012 inventory of the assets under public patrimony.

The main terms of the concession contract are as follows:

- The Ministry of Economy has legal ownership over the assets within the scope of the agreement;
- The Company has the right of use over these assets for a period of 49 years from June 1st, 2004 until May 31st, 2053;
- The annual fee paid by the Company in the form of royalty for use of the assets is set by the Ministry of Economy and represents 1/1000 of the total revenue gained from the electricity transmission services, based on the actual capacity transmitted;
- The assets will be returned to the Ministry of Economy upon termination or expiration of the agreement; the contract can be unilaterally terminated by either party;
- The Company has the obligation to use the assets according to the provisions of the concession agreement and pursuant to the operating license.

The amount that the Company paid under the concession agreement for the period January 1^{st} – December 31^{st} , 2014 is significantly lower than the amount of the depreciation that the Company would have recorded for such assets had the concession agreement not been concluded. However, the Company has not recorded into the financial statements any amount related to this potential benefit, as the Company is unable to determine the amount that a third party would pay for the use of the assets in an arm's length transaction.

Self-funded investments made by the Company regarding the assets from the concession contract are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful life of the assets. After the depreciation of the investment if recovered, they will be included in the inventory of goods belonging to the State's public domain.

In the case of assets representing self-funded finished non-current assets, they will be included in the inventory of goods belonging to the State's public domain after recovering the depreciation of the investment, namely upon the expiry of the normal period of utilization, of the concession or lease contract, according to the legal provisions in force, based on a normative act adopted in this regard.

(d) Intangible assets

The intangible assets by the Group are stated at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. The amortization is recognized in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the intangible asset. Intangible assets consist mainly of intangibles in progress and customized software, which are amortized on a straight-line basis over 3 years.

Asset depreciation methods and useful lives are revised and adjusted, if necessary, at the end of each reporting period.

Subsequent expenditures

Subsequent expenditures are capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group.

(e) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted to LEI by applying the exchange rates applicable at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities expressed in foreign currencies at the end of the period are converted to LEI at the exchange rates applicable on that date. Exchange gains and losses, realized or unrealized, are included in the profit and loss account for that year. The exchange rates at December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016 are as follows:

The exchange rates at December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:

Currency	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
1 EUR	4.6597	4.5411
1 USD	3.8957	4.3033

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are measured at fair value, at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

(f) Receivables

Trade receivables are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently assessed using the effective interest method, less the value losses. A value loss is established when there is clear evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due within the agreed deadline. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, the probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganization and late payments (over 180 days) are considered indications that these trade receivables might be impaired.

A value loss corresponding to an asset is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced via the use of a value loss, and the amount of the loss is recognized in profit or loss account under "Other operating expenses".

(g) Inventories

Inventories consist of:

- raw materials, materials, spare parts that do not meet the definition of PPE and other consumables that are to be used during the performance of the basic activity of the Company;
- security and intervention stock needed for fast repairs of the failures occurred in the PTG installations in order to assure the safe functioning of the NPS. These materials are recorded as inventories when purchased and then expensed when consumed or capitalized, as the case may be.

Inventories are assessed at the lowest value between the cost and net realizable value. The cost of inventories consumed is determined based on the FIFO method and includes expenditures with acquisition. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion, if any, and selling expenses.

The Company's policy is to write off a loss of value of 100% for current inventories older than 365 days and that are not expected to be used in the future.

(h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, in current accounts and bank deposits with original maturities of 3 months or less that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in fair value.

(i) Revaluation reserves

After the recognition as an asset, an item of property, plants and equipment whose fair value can be measured reliably is carried at a revalued amount, being its fair value at the date of the revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. Revaluations are made with sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using the fair value at the balance sheet date.

(h) Revaluation reserves (continued)

If an asset's carrying amount is increased as a result of a revaluation, this increase is recorded directly in equity under the heading of revaluation reserve. However, the increase is recognized in the profit and loss account to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease for the same asset previously recognized in the profit and loss account.

If the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment decreases as a result of a revaluation, such decrease is recognized the in profit or loss account. However, the decrease is made by decreasing revaluation reserves, if there is any credit balance existing in the revaluation surplus in respect of such property, plant and equipment.

Revaluation reserve included in equity related to an item of property and equipment is transferred directly to retained earnings as the revaluated item is depreciated and when the item is derecognized.

Starting with May 1^{st} , 2009, the reserves from the revaluation of property, plant and equipment, including land plots, recorded after January 1^{st} , 2004, which are deducted when calculating taxable income through tax depreciation expenses or transferred and/or ceased assets expenses, are taxed simultaneously with the tax depreciation deduction, namely when the assets are disposed, as the case may be.

The Group registered deferred tax for the liability with reserves from the revaluation of fixed assets, including land plots, recorded after January 1^{st} , 2004.

Reserves from the revaluation of property, plant and equipment, including land plots, recorded before December 31st, 2003, as well as the portion of the revaluation performed after January 1st, 2004 and related to the period before April 30th, 2009 will not be taxed when transferred to retained earnings.

The Group did not register deferred tax for the liability pertaining to the reserves from the revaluation of fixed assets, including land plots, recorded until December 31^{st} , 2003.

Reserves from the revaluation of property, plant and equipment are taxable in the future, in case of changing the destination of reserves in any form, in case of liquidation, merger of the Company, including using the reserves for covering the Group's losses, except for the transfer in the retained earnings after May 1st, 2009 of revaluation reserves when the revaluation was performed after January 1st, 2004, which are taxed at the same time with the deduction of tax depreciation.

(j) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amount of the Company's non-financial assets, other than inventories and deferred tax assets, are revised at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or its related cash-generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash generating unit is the greater value between the value of use and the fair value less selling costs. In assessing the value of use, the estimated future cash flows are updated in order to determine the presented value, using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continued and use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets ("cash generating unit").

Impairment losses are recognized in the profit or loss account. Impairment losses recognized in respect of cash generating units are primarily allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the goodwill allocated to cash generating units (group of cash generating units), as the case may be, and then to reduce the carrying amount of other assets in the cash generating unit (group of cash generating units) on a pro-rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. For other assets, the impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

(k) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as part of equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares and shares options are recognized as a deduction in equity at the value net from tax effects.

(l) Dividends

Dividends are recognized as a liability when the shareholder's right to payment is established.

(m) Trade and other payables

Trade accounts payables and other payables are recorded at depreciated cost and include the value of invoices issued by suppliers of goods, executed works and provided services.

(n) Interest-bearing loans

Interest-bearing loans are initially recognized at fair value net of attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to the initial recognition, interest-bearing loans are recorded at depreciated cost with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognized in the profit and loss account over the period of the loan based on the effective interest rate.

(o) Recognition and de-recognition of the non-derivative financial instruments

Non-derivative financial assets

The Group initially recognizes receivables on the date when they originated. All other financial assets are initially recognized on the trading date when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Group derecognizes a financial asset upon the expiry of the contractual rights on the cash flows generated by the asset, or upon the transfer of the rights to collect the contractual cash flows generated by the financial asset in a transaction in which all the risks and rewards associated with the ownership of the financial asset are significantly transferred. Any interest in such transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Company is recognized as a separate asset or liability.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The Group's non-derivative financial assets are mainly represented by trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents.

Non-derivative financial liabilities

The Group initially recognizes debt securities issued and subordinated liabilities on the date they originated. All other liabilities (including liabilities designated at fair value through the profit or loss account) are initially recognized on the trade date when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Group derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire. The Group classifies non-derivative financial liabilities into the other financial liabilities category. Such financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities comprise loans, trade and other payables.

(p) Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognized in the profit or loss account except for the extent that it relates to a business combination or items directly recognized in equity or in other elements of comprehensive income.

(i) Current tax

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the fiscal profit or loss for the current year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, as well as any adjustment to income tax payable in respect of previous years. Current income tax also includes any tax liability arising from declared dividends.

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the tax base used for taxation purposes.

(o) Income tax (continued)

(ii) Deferred tax (continued)

Deferred tax is not recognized for:

- temporary differences that occur at the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that impact neither accounting nor fiscal profit or loss;
- temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries or jointly controlled entities to the extent that it is probable that they will not be reversed in the foreseeable future; and
- temporary differences occurring at the initial recognition of goodwill.

The assessment of deferred tax reflects the tax consequence that would ensue from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax is calculated based on the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences at the moment of their reversal, pursuant to the enacted legislation or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and if they relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority for the same taxable entity, or for different tax entities which intend to settle current tax assets and liabilities with the current tax on a net basis or whose tax assets and liabilities will be realized simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognized for unused fiscal losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences, only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits are possible to be used for covering the fiscal loss. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related fiscal benefit will be realized.

(iii) Income tax exposure

In determining the amount of current and deferred tax, the Group takes into account the impact of uncertain tax positions and whether additional taxes and interest may be due. This assessment relies on estimates and assumptions and may involve a series of judgements about future events. New information may become available that causes the Group to change its judgement regarding the adequacy of existing tax liabilities; such changes to tax liabilities may affect tax expense in the period when such determination is made.

(q) Employee benefits

Other long-term employee benefits

The Group's net obligation in respect of long-term employee benefits, other than pension plans, is the value of future benefits that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. Such benefit is updated to determine its fair value, and the fair value of any related asset is deducted. Such benefits are estimated using the projected unit credit method. Any actuarial gains or losses are recognized in other elements of the comprehensive income in the period in which they arise. Other long-term employee benefits are represented by anniversary premiums.

Cash settled share-based payment transactions

The fair value of the amount payable to employees in respect of share appreciation rights, which are settled in cash, is recognized as an expense with a corresponding increase in liabilities over the period during which employees become unconditionally entitled to payment. Until the liability settlement date, the Company must reassess the fait value of the liability at each reporting date and at the settlement date, and any changes in the fair value are recognized in the profit or loss account of the period.

As the employees render their service, the Company recognizes the services received and a liability to pay for those services. Certain share appreciation rights vest immediately and the employees are therefore not required to complete a specified period of service in order to become entitled to the cash payment. In such cases, the Company recognizes the entire value of the right as an expense, at the date of granting.

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are assessed on an un-updated basis and are recognized as the related service is provided. A provision is recognized for the amount estimated to be paid for short-term benefits as premiums or profit sharing plans only if the Company has a present legal or implicit obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by employees and the obligation can be reliably estimated. The short-term employee benefits are represented mainly by salaries.

The Company, in the normal course of business, makes payments to the pension funds on behalf of its employees. All employees of the Company are members of the Romanian State pension plan. These payments are expensed as the related services are provided by the employees.

(r) Revenues

Revenue is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, recovery of the consideration is probable and the associated costs can be estimated reliably. Revenues comprise mainly the value of electricity transmission service, system service and balancing market computed based on the volume of energy supplied to consumers. The tariffs for transmission and system services are regulated by ANRE. Revenues include also the transactions on the balancing market as described in Note 1.

The Romanian State, via ANRE, regulates the prices charged by the Group for electricity transmission and system operator services. The Romanian State has a number of roles to fulfil, apart from being the majority shareholder, and might thus have broader goals and objectives than an investor, whose main concern is return on investment.

As mentioned in Note 1, the Company is also the administrator of the bonus support scheme for promoting high-efficiency cogeneration. The Company acts as agent because it is involved in the collection and distribution of money.

In addition, the Company and SC OPCOM SA are involved in the price coupling mechanism of regional markets based on ANRE Order no. 82/2014 (see Note 1).

Thus, within the mechanism of price coupling of regional markets, the Group:

- fulfils the role of implicit participant on the DAM and acts as shipping agent;

- provides the interconnection capacity for the physical supply of electricity traded on the DAM, namely the transfer of power from one bidding zone to another through the interconnection lines, limited to the available transfer capacity of such lines.

IFRIC 18 "Transfers of Assets from Customers" applies to contracts with customers in which the Company receives cash from a customer when that amount of cash must be used only to construct or acquire an item of property, plant or equipment and the Company must then use the item of property, plant or equipment to connect customers to the network.

According to Art. 25(1) of Law no. 123/2012 on electricity and natural gas, as subsequently amended and supplemented, the "access to power grids of public interest shall be a mandatory service provided under regulated conditions, which the transmission and system operator, as well as the distribution operator, must ensure".

The connection tariff is a regulated fee which represents the expense incurred by a network operator to perform the works for connecting a demand and/or production facility of a user to the power grid.

If the connection of a customer to the power transmission grid does not represent a separate component of the connection contract, then the connection tariffs are recognized in the profit and loss account on a systematic basis throughout the useful life of the asset.

The Group recognizes the cash received from the connection tariff as a credit under the account "Deferred income" in the statement of financial position in order to subsequently reverse it under "Other income" in the profit and loss account on a systematic basis over the useful life of the asset.

(s) Net financing costs

Net financing costs comprise interest payable on borrowings calculated using the effective interest rate method, except for borrowings costs capitalized to qualifying assets, dividend income, foreign exchange gains and losses, commitment fees and risk commissions.

In accordance with revised IAS 23 "Borrowing Costs", invoking the optional exception from the retrospective application according to IFRS 1 "First-time adoption of IFRS" the Group capitalizes the borrowing costs that relate to assets that take a substantial period of time to get ready for use or sale for which financing was obtained after January 1, 2011, the date of transition to IFRS.

Interest revenues are recognized in the income statement as they accrue, using the effective interest method. Dividend revenues are recognized in the income statement as at the date when the Group's right to receive dividends is recognized.

(t) Subsidies

Subsidies pertaining to assets are initially recognized as "deferred income" at fair value when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and the Company will comply with the conditions associated with the subsidies, and then the subsidies shall be recognized in the profit and loss account as other operating revenues over the useful life of the asset. Non-refundable funds are recognized as assets when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and the conditions corresponding will be met.

(u) Provisions

A provision is recognized when, and only when the following conditions are met: the Group has a current obligation (legal or implicit) as a result of a past event; it is probable (i.e. more likely than not) that an outflow of resources representing economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; a reliable estimate for the value of the obligation can be made. Where the effect of the time value of money is significant, the amount of a provision is the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation.

(v) Earnings per share

Pursuant to SIC 33, "Earnings per share", the earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit or loss allocated to the Company's shareholders by the weighted average of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

The weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period is the number of shares outstanding at the beginning of the period, adjusted by the number of shares issued during the period multiplied by the number of months when the shares were outstanding during the year.

Dilution is a reduction in earnings per share or an increase in loss per share resulting from the assumption that convertible instruments are converted, or that ordinary shares are issued upon the satisfaction of specified conditions. The objective of diluted earnings per share is consistent with that of basic earnings per share, namely to provide a measure of the interest of each ordinary share in the performance of an entity.

(w) Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the accompanying financial statements. They are disclosed only when an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is possible, but not probable.

A contingent asset is not recognized in the accompanying financial statements, but disclosed when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

(x) **Operating segments**

An operating segment is a component of an entity:

- that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the same entity);
- whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the entity's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance; and
- for which distinct financial information is available.

The Group's activities are taking place in different parts of Romania with each location being involved in both transmission and dispatch activities. The management of the Group considers all activities together, as "a single segment".

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

(y) Implications of the New International Financial Reporting Standards (EU IFRS)

Initial application of the new amendments to existing standards in force for the current reporting period

The following amendments to the existing standards and the new interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and adopted by the European Union (EU) have entered into force for the current period:

Amendments to IAS 7 "Statement of cash flows" – Disclosure initiative (applicable for annual periods starting with or after January 1st, 2017),

Amendments to IAS 12 "Income taxes" – Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealized losses (applicable for annual periods starting with or after January 1st, 2017),

Amendments to IFRS 12 following the "Improvements to IFRSs (cycle 2014-2016)" resulting from the annual improvement project of IFRS (IFRS 1, IFRS 12 and IAS 28) with the primary objective to remove inconsistencies and clarify wording (amendments to IFRS 12 are applicable to annual periods starting with or after January 1st, 2017, and amendments to IFRS 1 and IAS 28 are applicable to annual periods starting with or after January 1st, 2018),

The adoption of such amendments to the existing standards has not changed the Group's accounting policies.

Amendments to standards issued by IASB and adopted by the EU, not yet entered into force

IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" – adopted by the EU on November 22^{nd} , 2016 (applicable for annual periods starting with or after January 1^{st} , 2018),

IFRS 15 "Revenue from contracts with customers" with the subsequent amendments and the amendments to IFRS 15 "Effective date of IFRS 15" – adopted by the EU on September 22^{nd} , 2016 (applicable for annual periods starting with or after January 1st, 2018).

IFRS 16 "Leasing" - adopted by the EU on 31 October 2017 (applicable for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019),

Amendments to IFRS 4 "Insurance contracts" – Applying IFRS 9 financial instruments with IFRS 4 Insurance contracts (applicable for annual periods starting with or after January 1^{st} , 2018 or when IFRS 9 "Financial instruments" is applied for first time),

Amendments to IFRS 15" Revenue from contracts with customers" – Clarifications to IFRS 15 Revenues from contracts with customers - adopted by the EU on 31st,October 2017 (applicable for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018),

Amendments to IFRS 1 and IAS 28 following the "Improvements to IFRSs (cycle 2014-2016)" resulting from the annual improvement project of IFRS (IFRS 1, IFRS 12 and IAS 28) with the primary objective to remove inconsistencies and clarify wording – adopted by the EU on February 7th, 2018(amendments to IFRS 12 are applicable to annual periods starting with or after January 1st, 2018).

The Group chose not to adopt these new standards and amendments to existing standards prior to the effective dates of entry into force .The Group predicts that the adoption of these standards and amendments to existing standards will not have a significant impact on the Group's financial statements during the initial period of application.

New Standards and interpretations issued by IASB but not yet adopted by the EU

At the time of authorization of these financial statements, IFRS as adopted by the EU do not significantly differ from regulations adopted by IASB, except for the following standards, amendments and interpretations which were not endorsed for use in EU as of the date of authorization of these financial statements:

IFRS 14 "Regulatory deferral accounts" (applicable for annual periods starting with or after January 1^{st} , 2016) – the European Commission has decided not to launch the approval process of this interim standard, but to wait for the issuance of the final standard,

IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts" (applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1st,2021),

Amendments to IFRS 2 "Share-based payment" – Classification and measurement of share-based payment transactions (applicable for annual periods starting with or after January 1st, 2018,

Amendments to IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" - advance payment charges with negative compensation (applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1st, 2019),

Amendments to IFRS 10 "Consolidated financial statements" and IAS 28 "Investments in associates and joint ventures" – Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture and further amendments (effective date deferred indefinitely until the research project on the equity method is concluded),

Amendments to IAS 19 "Employee Benefits" - Change, reduction or settlement of a plan (applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1st, 2019),

Amendments to IAS 28 "Investments in associates and joint ventures" - Long-term interests in associates and joint ventures (applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1st, 2019),

Amendments to IAS 40 "Investment property" - Real estate investment transfers (applicable for annual periods beginning on or afterJanuary 1st,2018),

Amendments to various Standards following the "IFRS Improvements (Cycle 2015-2017)" resulting from the annual IFRS Improvement Project (IFRS 3, IFRS 11, IAS 12 and IAS 23) with the primary aim of eliminating inconsistencies and clarifying certain formulations (applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1st, 2019),

IFRIC 22 "Foreign currency transactions and advances" (applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January1st)

IFRIC 23 "Income Tax Treatment Uncertainty" (applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1st, 2019).

TheGroup predicts that the adoption of these standards and amendments to existing standards will not have a significant impact on the Group's financial statements during the initial period of application.

4. DETERMINATION OF FAIR VALUE

Certain accounting policies and information disclosures of the Group require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and nonfinancial assets and liabilities. When measuring the fair value of an asset or liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques, as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices);
- Level 3: inputs for the assets and liabilities that are not based on observable market data.

The fair values were determined in order to measure and / or disclose information based on the methods described below:

Property, plant and equipment

The fair value of items of property, plant and equipment are based primarily on the cost method considering the particularities of the Group's property, plant and equipment, except for assets in progress, which are accounted for under the cost model.

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The movements of property, plant and equipment between January 1, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:

	Freehold land and land improvements	Buildings and special installations	Machinery and equipment	Control devices	Vehicles	Other fixed assets	Construction in progress	Total
COST			• • •					
Balance on January 1 st , 2017	55,015	1,370,623	3,063,346	459,864	60,740	272,489		5,772,906
Additions Transfers from capital assets in progress Reclass between assets accounts	- -	10 37,621	3 107,321	36,796	3,360	17 16,844	156,323 (201,941) (2,182)	(2,182)
Disposals	(59)	(277)	(15,092)	(909)	(612)	(2,261)	(1,221)	(20,431)
Balance on December 31 st , 2017	54,956	1,407,976	3,155,579	495,751	63,488	287,088	441,809	5,906,646
Balance on January 1 st , 2016	55,015	1,350,150	3,019,564	452,861	53,035	269,792	406,625	5,607,041
Additions Transfers form capital assets in progress Reclass between assets accounts	-	554 19,717 444	745 49,818 (437)	- 8,067 (7)	7,985	5,369	175,454 (90,956)	176,753
Disposals		(242)	(6,344)	(1,057)	(280)	(2,672)	(293)	(10,888)
Balance on December 31 st , 2016	55,015	1,370,623	3,063,346	459,864	60,740	272,489	490,830	5,772,906

	Freehold land and land improvements	Buildings and special installations	Machinery and equipment	Control devices	Vehicles	Other fixed assets	Construction in progress	Total
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION			· _					
Balance on January 1 st , 2017	138	92,428	1,822,827	347,874	42,238	181,310	<u> </u>	2,486,815
Depreciation expense Accumulated depreciation		91,642	152,844	40,628	3,740	29,935		318,789
of disposals Reevaluation impact	-	(18)	(14,593)	(896)	(604)	(2,169)	-	(18,281)
Balance on December 31 st , 2017	138	184,052	1,961,078	387,606	45,373	209,076		2,787,323
Balance on January 1 st , 2016	138	(0)	1,653,574	319,333	41,811	153,132	<u> </u>	2,167,988
Depreciation expense Accumulated depreciation	-	92,498	175,370	29,598	707	30,770		328,943
of disposals Reevaluation impact	-	(70)	(6,117)	(1,057)	(280)	(2,592)	-	(10,116)
Balance on December 31 st , 2016	138	92,428	1,822,827	347,874	42,238	181,310	<u> </u>	2,486,815
IMPAIRMENT ALLOWANCES Balance as at January 1, 2017	<u> </u>	14,068	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			17,678	31,746
Impairment allowances		368	-		(113)		1,560	1,815
Balance on December 31 st , 2017	-	14,436	-	-	(113)	-	19,238	33,561
Balance on January 1 st , 2016	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-		12,630	12,630
Impairment allowances		14,068	-	-	-		5,048	19,116
Balance on December 31 st , 2016	<u> </u>	14,068	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-		17,678	31,746
CARRYING VALUE Balance on December 31 st , 2017	54,818	1,209,489	1,194,501	108,145	18,228	78,012	422,570	3,085,762
Balance on December 31 st , 2016	54,877	1,264,127	1,240,519	111,990	18,501	91,179	473,152	3,254,345

In 2017, the value of land plots recorded a decrease amounting to 59 by the re-update of the surfaces resulted from measurements and of authentic documentation to declare subdivision into flats, subject to the Protocol no, 8044/2002 of hand over-take over concluded with Teletrans Craiova agency, as follows:

- the ground surface of 1974,21 m² pertaining to the land plot situated on 5 Brestei street, Craiova, for which the Certificate authenticating the ownership rights was obtained with series M03/10283 of 07,08,2006, has been decreased with the surface of 39,46 m²;

- the ground surface of 1325,67 m² pertaining to the land plot situated on 22 George Cosbuc street, Tg, Jiu, for which the Certificate authenticating the ownership rights was obtained with series M03/10195 of 08,11,2005, has been decreased with the surface of 15,5 m²;

- the ground surface of 1849,72 m² pertaining to the land plot situated on 422 Tg, Jiului way, Dr, Tr, Severin, for which the Certificate authenticating the ownership rights was obtained with series M03/9762 of 14,12,2004, has been decreased with the surface of 9,6 m²;

The total net value of tangible assets decreased on December 31st, 2017 compared to December 31st, 2016 due to the corresponding depreciation of 2017, which was registered against the background of increased amounts of tangible assets in progress,

In 2017, the value of tangible assets in progress increased represented mainly by investment works in the high voltage electricity substations and lines, as follows:

- Technical upgrade of the Bradu 400/220/110/20 kV substation 43,722;
- 400 kV OHL interconnecting Resita (Romania) Pancevo (Serbia) 29,160;
- Replacing AT and TRAFO in electrical substations Stage II 25,618;
- Upgrading the 400/110/10 kV Cluj Est substation 12,529;
- Upgrading the Suceava 110 kV and 20 kV substation 9,985;
- Converting the Portile de Fier Resita Timisoara Sacalaz Arad axis to the 400 kV voltage stage I Portile de fier (Anina) Resita 400 kV OHL s,c, 8,710;
- Upgrading the command-control-protection system of the Sardanesti 220/110/20 kV substation 5,812;
- Technical upgrade of the Campia Turzii 220/110/20 kV substation 5,735;
- Integrated security system in electric substations, stage IV 3,571;
- Urgent repair of the damage to the Iernut Gadalin 400 kV OHL and the Iernut Baia Mare 3 220kV OHL 2,843;
- Upgrading the Tihau 220/110 kV substation primary equipment 2,706;
- Technical upgrade of the Tulcea Vest 400/110/20 kV substation the construction part 2,625;
- Motor vehicles_2017 2,616;
- Deploying an optical fiber line between the Bradu 400/220/110 KV substation and the Stuparei 220/110 KV substation 1,799;
- Upgrading the SCADA system for the Constanta Nord substation 1,439;
- Upgrading the hardware and software platforms of the SCADA system in the Slatina 400/220 substation 1,398;
- Replacing the connectors from electrical substations 1,149;
- Replacing the 110/20 kV TRAFO, 10 MVA in the Fantanele 220/110/20 kV substation 1,078;
- Upgrading the 110/6 kV station from the Pestis 220/110/6 kV substation 1,063;
- Technical upgrade of the Isaccea 400 kV substation Stage I replacing the compensation bobbins, the corresponding cells and the Stupina 400 kV cell 1,005;
- Gutinas Smardan 400 kV OHL d,c, -928;
- Creating the coexistence conditions between the Iernut Ungheni 400(220) kV OHL in the 71-72 opening and the Brasov Targu Mures Cluj Oradea Ungheni Ogra highway, km 4+500 km 14+605 882;
- Suceava Balti 400 kV OHL, for the part of the project on Romanian territory 818;
- Regulating the coexistence between the Mintia-Sibiu 400 kV OHL, in the 6-8 opening, and the Lugoj-Deva highway, 4th lot, Ilia-Deva district, km 77+361 km 99+500 744;
- Movement and protection of the high voltage electrical installations 220 kV OHL on the route of the Sebes-Turda highway 4th lot, the Cluj Floresti Alba Iulia 220 kV OHL (178-179 crossing) 618;
- Connecting the Isaccea Varna 400 kV OHL and the Isaccea Dobrudja 400 kV OHL in the Medgidia Sud 400 kV substation 584;

- Upgrading the Dumbrava 220/110 kV substation 559;
- Technical update of the Turnu Severin Est 220/110 kV substation 543,
- In 2017, the biggest transfers from tangible assets in progress to tangible assets are mainly represented by the startup of the investment objectives, as follows:
- Technical upgrade of the Bradu 400/220/110/20 kV substation 84,925;
- Technical upgrade of the Campia Turzii 220/110/20 kV substation 39,631;
- Replacing AT and TRAFO in electrical substations Stage II 19,806;
- Integrated security system in electric substations, stage IV: Rosiori 400/220 kV substation, the Oradea Sud 400/110/20 kV station, the Paroseni 220 kV substation, the Iernut 400/220/110/6 kV substation and the Gutinas 400/220/110 kV substation 17,278;
- Urgent repair of the damage to the Iernut Gadalin 400 kV OHL and the Iernut Baia Mare 3 220kV OHL 8,261;
- \bullet Upgrading the Suceava 110 kV and 20 kV substation 6,584;
- Upgrading the Tihau 220/110 kV substation primary equipment 6,413;
- Deploying an optical fiber line between the Bradu 400/220/110 KV substation and the Stuparei 220/110 KV substation 2,660;
- Motor vehicles_2017 2,616;
- Connecting the 147 MW Valea Dacilor WPP to the PTG 2,401;
- Replacing the 110/20 kV TRAFO, 10MVA in the Fantanele 110/20 kV substation 1,128;
- •Upgrading the SCADA system for the Constanta Nord 400/110/10 kV substation 986;
- •Creating the coexistence conditions between the Iernut Ungheni 400/220 kV OHL in the 71-72 opening and the Brasov-Targu Mures-Cluj-Oradea-Ungheni-Ogra highway, km 4+500 km 14+605 – 882;
- Deposit power transformers for system reserves and isolated passages in the security stock of CNTEE "Transelectrica" SA in the Sibiu Sud 400 kV substation 846;
- Upgrading the control building from the Roman Nord 400/110/20 kV substation 676;
- Special intervention beams, Universally Anchored Portal type for the 220-400 kV tension, including prefabricated foundations 643;
- Movement and protection of the high voltage electrical installations 220 kV OHL on the route of the Sebes-Turda highway 4th lot, the Cluj Floresti Alba Iulia 220 kV OHL (178-179 crossing) 618;
- Replacing the connectors from electrical substations 568,

The balance of tangible assets in progress on December 31st, 2017 is represented by the projects in progress, the most significant being listed below:

- 400 kV OHL interconnecting Resita (Romania) Pancevo (Serbia) 98,258;
- PTG connection of the Ivești 300 MW WPP, Fălciu 1 88 MW WPP and Fălciu 2 18 MW WPP via the new Banca (400)/220/110 kV substation 46,885;
- Technical upgrade of the Bradu 400/220/110/20 kV substation 36,794;
- Converting the Portile de Fier Resita Timisoara Sacalaz Arad axis to the 400 kV voltage stage I Portile de fier (Anina) Resita 400 kV OHL s,c, 20,836;
- Extending the services providing business continuity and recovery after disasters 14,414;
- Upgrading the 400/110/10 kV Cluj Est substation 13,297;
- Replacing AT and TRAFO in electrical substations Stage II 11,640;
- Connecting the Isaccea Varna 400 kV OHL and the Isaccea Dobrudja 400 kV OHL in the Medgidia Sud 400 kV station 10,753;
- Integrated security system in electric substations, stage IV 10,308;
- Upgrading the Suceava 110 kV and 20 kV substation 9,656;
- Cernavodă Stâlpu 400 kV OHL d,c, and connection in Gura Ialomiței 8,363;

- Converting the Portile de Fier Resita Timisoara Sacalaz Arad axis to the 400 kV voltage stage I Resita 400/220/110 kV station 6,572;
- 400 kV HVDC Link (submarine cable Romania Turkey) 5,854;
- 400 kV OHL Gadalin Suceava, including the NPS interconnection 5,661;
- Upgrading the command-control-protection system of the Sardanesti 220/110/20 kV station 5,660;
- Suceava Balti 400 kV OHL, for the part of the project on Romanian territory 4,431;
- Technical upgrade of the Hasdat 220/110 kV substation 4,397;
- Reparation of the failure of the 110-120 terminals of the Bucharest Sud Ghizdaru 220 kV OHL 4,275;
- Gutinas Smardan 400 kV OHL d,c, 3,206;
- Extending the control system with new functions and IT registration of access in the objectives of CNTEE Transelectrica SA 3,201;
- Converting of the Portile de fier Resita Timisoara Sacalaz Arad axis to 400 kV, stage II Resita Timisoara Sacalaz 400 kV OHL d,c, (Timisoara 220/110 kV substation) 3,198;
- Connecting the 136 MW wind power plant Platonesti, Ialomita county, to the Grid through constructing a 110 kV cell in the Gura Ialomitei 400/110 kV station 2,889;
- Assembling the optic fiber and upgrading the system of distance protections on the Tantareni-Turceni 400 kV OHL d,c, and the Urechesti-Rovinari 400 kV OHL s,c, 2,836;
- Upgrading the Arefu 220/110/20 kV station 2,828;
- Integrated security system in electric substations, stage III 2,798;
- Upgrading the Raureni 220/110/20 kV station 2,754;
- Technical upgrade of the Tulcea Vest 400/110/20 kV substation the construction part -2,740;
- By-passing the Cetate 110 kV OHL 1 & 2 in the proximity of the Ostrovul Mare 110/20/6 kV substation 2,578;
- PTG connection of Dumesti 99 MW WPP and Romanesti 30 MW WPP, Iasi county, through constructing a 110 kV line cell in the FAI 220/110 kV substation 2,546;
- Security solution for implementing the security measures related to classified information -2,012;
- Upgrading the 110/6 kV station from the Pestis 220/110/6 kV substation 1,763;
- Executive DCBPA/CPA: Consolidation, upgrading and extension of the CNTEE "Transelectrica" headquarters 1,627;
- Upgrading the hardware and software platforms of the SCADA system in the Slatina 400/220 substation 1,415;
- Technical upgrade of the Isaccea 400 kV substation Stage I replacing the compensation bobbins, the corresponding cells and the Stupina 400 kV cell 1,243;
- Integrated security system at the new Banca 400/220/110 kV substation 1,133;
- Deploying an optical fiber line between the Pitesti Sud substation and the remote control and installation supervision center of the Pitesti ST (SF) 1,075;
- Upgrading the SCADA system for the Constanta Nord substation 986;
- Upgrading the Dumbrava 220/110 kV substation 927;
- Connecting the Stupina 400 kV substation to the PTG and connecting the Isaccea-Varna 400 kV OHL 874;
- Replacing the connectors from electrical stations 788;
- Ostrovu Mare 220 kV OHL double circuit PTG 755;
- Oradea Beckescsaba 400 kV OHL 741,

Drafted according to the provisions of Art, 46 of ANRE Order no. 59/2013 approving the Regulation on the consumers' connection to the public power grids, the receipt of the installations resulting from the works performed to build and commission the connection facilities is performed in accordance with the applicable legislation.

For the following projects included in outstanding tangible assets in progress, funded from the connection tariff, the technical conditions to prepare the Commissioning Minutes have not been met:

Connection to the PTG of the Bogdanesti 56 MW WPP, Deleni 112,5 MW WPP, Viisoara Nord 1 20.8 MW WPP, Viisoara Nord 1 52.8 MW WPP, Viisoara Sud 47.5 MW WPP, in the area of certain localities in Vaslui county, via the new Banca 400/220/110 kV electrical substation – the work is completed, there is minutes upon completion of works no, 34759/14,11,2013; the contract is in force until 31.12.2022; total value of ongoing investment – 48,018;

• Connection to the PTG of the Dumesti 99 MW WPP and Romanesti 30 MW WPP, in the area of Dumesti and Romanesti localities, Iasi county, through a 110 kV line cell in the 220/110 kV FAI substation, Iasi county, in amount of 2,546, minutes upon completion of works no, 14584/29,04,2014 is concluded in connection with the investment and the contract is in force until 31,12,2018;

Tangible assets were not revalued in 2017, The management concluded that:

- market prices did not change significantly as compared to 2016, when the Company performed the last revaluation, and - there is no indication of impairment of the assets held by the Company both from internal and external sources.

Land plots have been revalued on December 31st, 2011, based on the market approach, Also, the "Other tangible assets" group was revalued on December 31st, 2011.

Buildings and special installations were revalued on December 31st, 2015 by SC JPA Audit & Consultanta SRL, independent evaluator authorized by the National Union of Authorized Evaluators in Romania, The valuation was performed at fair value, assuming that the Company would further carry on its business by using the

tangible assets in the existing structure. The following were not valued: The assets from the State's public domain representing finished non-current assets self-funded by the Company will be included in the inventory of assets belonging to the State's public domain after recovering the self-funding sources, when the inventory of goods belonging to the State's public domain is approved by Government Decision.

Buildings and special installations include mainly transformation substations and high voltage electricity lines, Machinery and equipment mainly include transformers and cells relating corresponding to the NPS of 110 kV, 220 kV, 400 KV and 750 kV.

As of December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, the Group did not have any assets pledged or mortgaged.

Fair value of property, plant and equipment

The Company's property, plant and equipment other than property, plant and equipment in progress are disclosed in the financial statements at revaluated amount, which is the fair value as of the date of valuation less accumulated depreciation and impairment adjustments.

The fair value of the Group's land plots was determined using the direct comparison method.

This method is recommended for properties when there is sufficient and reliable data on sale transactions or similar offers involving properties in the area. Analysis of prices at which the transactions were made or of the prices asked or offered for comparable properties is followed by corrections to such prices in order to quantify the differences between the prices paid, asked or offered due to differences between specific characteristics of each property, called elements of comparison.

The fair value of buildings, equipment and measurement devices has been determined through the cost approach.

This method assumes that the maximum value of an asset for an informed buyer is the amount needed to buy or build a new asset of an equivalent utility. When the asset is not new, all forms of impairment that can be assigned for those assets up to the valuation date should be subtracted from the current gross cost.

5, **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)**

Information on the hierarchy of fair value as of December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair value as at December 31, 2017
Land and land improvements	-	-	54,818	54,818
Buildings and special installations	-	-	1,209,489	1,209,489
Plant and machinery	-	-	1,194,501	1,194,501
Measurement and control devices	-	-	108,145	108,145
Vehicles	-	-	18,229	18,229
Other property, plant and equipment	-	-	78,011	78,011
Property, plant and equipment in				
progress			422,570	422,570

CNTEE TRANSELECTRICA SA NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF DECEMBER 31st, 2017 (All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

Fair value of property, plant and equipment (continued)

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair value as at December 31, 2016
Land and land improvements	-	-	54,887	54,887
Buildings and special installations	-	-	1,264,127	1,264,127
Plant and machinery	-	-	1,240,519	1,240,519
Measurement and control devices	-	-	111,990	111,990
Vehicles	-	-	18,501	18,501
Other property, plant and equipment	-	-	91,179	91,179
Property, plant and equipment in progress			473,152	473,152

There were no transitions between the fair value levels in 2017 or in 2016.

The value at cost of property, plant and equipment as of December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, net of accumulated expenses with depreciation and impairment is presented below:

	Value at cost December 31 st , 2017	Value at cost December 31, 2016
Land and land improvements	10,663	10,604
Buildings and special installations	832,374	792,683
Plant and machinery	1,278,189	1,265,368
Measurement and control devices	103,268	98,782
Vehicles	10,486	10,479
Other property, plant and equipment	96,473	100,019
TOTAL	2,331,453	2,277,935

6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Other intangible assets	Licences and software	Intangible assets in progress	Total
COST				
Balance on January 1 st , 2017	4,104	70,297	8,277	82,678
Additions Transfers from intangible assets in progress		789 1,761	1,919 (1,761)	2,708
Transfers from tangible assets in progress Disposals	- 	(7,481)	1,088 (79)	1,088 (7,560)
6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)				
Balance on December 31 st , 2017	4,104	65,366	9,444	78,914
Balance on January 1 st , 2016	4,104	75,102	28,450	107,656
Additions Transfers from intangible assets in progress Transfers from tangible assets in progress		441 2,271	5,049 (2,271)	5,490
Disposals		(7,517)	(22,951)	(30,468)
Balance on December 31 st , 2016	4,104	70,927	8,277	82,678
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION				

CNTEE TRANSELECTRICA SA NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF DECEMBER 31st, 2017 (All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

Balance on January 1 st , 2017	4,104	63,799		67,903
Depreciation expenses		2,915		2,915
Accumulated depreciation of disposals		(7,517)		(7,517)
Balance on December 31 st , 2017	4,104	58,847	<u> </u>	62,951
Balance as of 1 January 1 st 2016	4,104	68,401	<u> </u>	72,505
Depreciation expenses Accumulated depreciation of disposals		2,915 (7,517)		2,915 (7,517)
Balance as at 31 December 2016 IMPAIRMENT ADJUSTMENTS	4,104	63,799	<u> </u>	67,903
Sold la 1 Ianuarie 2017	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		_
Expenses wit impairment adjustments	-	-	351	351
Balance on December 31 st , 2017		<u> </u>	351	351
BOOK VALUE				
Balance on December 31 st , 2017	<u> </u>	6,519	9,093	15,612
Balance on December 31 st , 2016	<u> </u>	6,498	8,277	14,775

The Net Asset Value of Intangible Assets in progress as of December 31st, 2016 decreased mainly due to:

 Contribution in kind of CNTEE Transelectrica SA to the share capital of SC OPCOM SA for the OPCOM Electricity Exchange" and the,,OPCOM Regional Electricity Fund financed from IBRD funds, according to the Decision no. 6 of the Extraordinary General Shareholder Meeting / 15.06.2016 of SC OPCOM SA and Certificate of recording mentions from 11.07.2016 to 22,587;

 expenses incurred by the Group for the removal of the non-current real estate assets in the "OPCOM Regional Electricity Market", based on the Evaluation Report no. 786 / 15.03.2016 issued by JPA Audit & Consultanta SRL – 363.

Recording the memorandum of association amendments of SC OPCOM SA, based on the Extraordinary Shareholder Meeting Decision no, 6 / 15.06.2016, was performed at the ONRC according to the Certificate of Registration of Mentions dated 11.07.2016. As of 31.12.2016, the share capital is recorded in the financial statements submitted for approval to the General Shareholder Meeting by the OPCOM Branch SA are presented as subscribed and fully paid-up share capital.

6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

In 2017, the biggest transfers from intangible assets in progress to intangible assets are mainly represented by the startup of the investment objectives, as follows:

- Upgrading the SCADA system for the Constanta Nord 400/110/10 kV substation with 8 types of licenses 571,
- Licenses corresponding to the technical upgrade of the Campia Turzii 220/110/20 kV substation 568;
- SCADA (software) programs in the Bradu 400/220/110/20 kV substation 305;
- Software for the integrated security management system 174;

For the intangible assets in progress, the largest entries in 2017 were:

- Replacement of EMS SCADA AREVA system components software component, hardware component 1,222;
- Upgrade of the existing antimalware solution 45;

The balance of intangible assets in progress on December 31st, 2017 is mainly represented by:

- •Implementing a system of Electronic Archiving and Document Management within CNTEE Transelectrica SA 5,474;
- Replacement of EMS SCADA AREVA system components software component, hardware component 4,000;
- MIS extension advanced reporting and budget planning solution 3,048;
- Upgrading the SCADA system for the Constanta Nord substation 571,

On December 31st, 2017, the tangible assets also included down payments amounting to 31,181 granted to the supplier ELCOMEX - IEA SA for performing the projects:

- Connecting the Isaccea-Varna 400 kV OHL and the Isaccea-Dobrudja OHL to the Medgidia Sud 400 kV substation down payment amounting to 9,949;
- Converting the Portile de Fier Resita Timisoara Sacalaz Arad axis to the 400 kV voltage Stage I Resita 400/220/110 kV substation down payment amounting to 21,232,

The down payments made to ELCOMEX - IEA SA have been secured with the insurance policies issued by Asito Kapital S.A.

On April 7th, 2017 the Court of Constanta, Section II Civil, by Hearing protocol no. 294/2017, upheld the application for a declaration of insolvency of the debtor Elcomex - IEA SA, naming Pricewaterhouse Coopers Business Recovery Services IPURL as insolvency administrator, Following the declaration of insolvency of Elcomex IEA SA, CNTEE Transelectrica SA entered on its statement of affairs for the amount of 31,189,487, representing the consideration of the down payment made to SC Elcomex IEA SA for the agreements no, C163/29,07,2015 and C255/18,11,2015 and other expenses, Starting with June 30th, 2017, the down payments amounting to 31,181 have been reclassified from "Tangible Assets" to "Receivables", where further details are available,

7. LONG-TERM RECEIVABLES

On December 31st, 2017 the Company no longer registers long-term receivables representing trade receivables with maturity of over 1 year that have been spread up for payment, associated to the bonus type support scheme for high efficiency cogeneration promotion, following the integral collection of the amount of 4,558 representing the overcompensation for the year of 2016, amount that should have been collected starting with the month of October 2018, according to the concluded agreements.

8. INVENTORIES

On December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, the inventories (at net value) were presented as follows:

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Spare parts	23,645	24,079
Consumables and other materials	7,353	6,849
Auxiliary materials	10,533	9,173
Other inventories	8,554	5,617
Total	50,106	45,475

8. INVENTORIES (continued)

As of December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, the inventories impairment adjustments are presented as follows:

	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Adjustments for impairment of consumables	8,263	4,289
Adjustments for impairment of other materials	1,839	4,323
Adjustments for impairment of packaging	157	35
Total	10,259	8,647

As of December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, the evolution of inventory impairment adjustments are presented as follows:

	December 31st, 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Balance on the 1 st of January	8,647	6,372
Inventories impairment adjustments Reversal of inventories impairment adjustments	2,978 (1,366)	2,275
Balance at the end of the period	10,259	8,647

During 2017, the expenditures incurred with materials and spare parts consumption are presented as follows:

	December 31st, 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Expenditures on spare parts	13,877	18,524
Expenditures on consumables	3,901	4,629
Expenditures on other materials	1,753	1,890
Expenditures on auxiliary materials	388	396
Expenditures on fuel	2,287	2,302
Total	22,206	27,741

9. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

On December 31 st , 2017 and December 31 st , 2016, the trade receivables and other receivables are presented as follows:				
	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016		
Trada Davasina har	052 451	070 274		
Trade Receivables	853,451	878,374		
Other Receivables	120,913	134,009		
Down payments to suppliers	11,102	19,171		
VAT to be recovered	47,899	28,433		
Adjustments for impairment of uncertain trade receivables	(124,988)	(103,381)		
Adjustments for impairment of other uncertain receivables	(82,913)	(92,274)		
Total	825,464	864,332		

9. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

The structure of trade receivables is as follows:

_	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Customers – energy market, of which:	845,529	863,707
- Clients - operational activity - energy	382,603	428,634
- Clients - balancing market	243,548	255,981
- Clients - bonus type support scheme to promote the high-		
efficiency cogeneration	219,379	179,093
Other clients	7,922	14,667
Total Trade Receivables	853,451	878,374

CNTEE Transelectrica SA operates based on the Operating License No, 161/2000 issued by ANRE, as updated by the Decision of ANRE Chairman no, 802/May 18th, 2016, for the transmission of electricity, the provision of the system service and for the management of the balancing market.

On December 31st, 2017, the current customers in the operational activity registered a decrease compared to December 31st, 2016, which was mainly determined by:

- fall in the electricity capacity provided to consumers in December 2016 compared to December 2017;

- decrease of the average tariff approved by ANRE for these services

The main current customers on the electricity market are represented by: CIGA Energy, RAAN, Electrocentrale Bucuresti, Societatea Energetica Electrica, Electrica Furnizare, Enel Energie Muntenia SA, Enel Energie SA, E,ON Energie Romania, Complexul energetic Oltenia, Petprod, The weight of the main customers on the electricity market is about 54% in the Total Gross Receivables.

CNTEE Transelectrica SA operates its activities related to the bonus type support scheme for promoting the high efficiency cogeneration, acting as the administrator of the support scheme according to the provisions of the Government Decision no, 1215/2009, as amended and supplemented, "the main tasks being to collect, on a monthly basis, the contribution for cogeneration and the monthly payment of bonuses".

On December 31st, 2017, the Company registered receivables to be cashed from the bonus type support scheme for promoting the high efficiency cogeneration in a proportion of approximately 26% (December 31st, 2016 : 22%) of the total trade receivables, in a slight increase determined mainly by the amounts corresponding to the ANRE decisions regarding the over-compensation of the cogeneration activity for the year 2016 in the amount of 139,914(over-compensation 2015 registered in 2016: 119,655) registered according to ANRE decisions for which invoices were issued in March 2017.

In the timeframe January 1^{st} – December 31st, 2017, the amounts related to the bonus type support scheme have increased compared to December 31st, 2016, mainly due to the over-compensation decisions for 2016, issued in 2017. The overview of the cashing of receivables for the cogeneration scheme is as follows:

- the amount of 1,394 representing the overcompensation for the year of 2014, via bank transactions from Termoficare Oradea (for Electrocentrale Oradea, according to the staging Convention);

- the amount of 13,234 representing the overcompensation for the year of 2015, via bank transactions from Termoficare Oradea (for Electrocentrale Oradea, according to the staging Convention);

- the amount of 83,233 representing overcompensation for the year of 2016, on the grounds of reciprocal compensations made via the Management and Informatics Institute (on the grounds of DG no, 685/1999) (the amount of 29,866 with Enet SA, Modern Calor, Rulmenti Barlad, Soceram, Thermoenergy Group, Veolia Energie Iasi, Veolia Energie Prahova, CET Govora) and receipts in the bank account dedicated to the administration of the support scheme (the amount of 53,367 from CET Grivita, Electrocentrale Bucuresti, Termoficare Oradea, Thermoenergy Group, Veolia Energie Prahova)<

- the amount of 70, representing undue bonus for the year of 2016, on the grounds of compensations made via the Management and Informatics Institute (on the grounds of DG no, 685 / 1999) – CET Arad,

On December 31st, 2017, the Company registered receivables amounting to 168,850, represented by the issued invoices under the bonus type support scheme for high efficiency cogeneration, out of which:

- overcompensation for the timeframe 2011 - 2013 in the amount of 76,702, namely from RAAN - 63,467 and CET Govora SA - 13,235;

- undue bonus for 2014 in the amount of 3,915, namely from RAAN - 1,981, CET Govora - 1,934;

- undue bonus for 2015 in the amount of 564, namely from CET Govora - 534, Interagro - 30;

- overcompensation for 2015 in the amount of 9,775, from Electrocentrale Oradea (debt taken over by Termoficare Oradea);

- overcompensation for 2016 in the amount of 56,680 from Electrocentrale Bucuresti;

9. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

- contribution for cogeneration not collected from the suppliers of electricity consumers, in the amount of 21,214, namely from: Transenergo Com – 5,882, PetProd - 4,391, Romenergy Industry – 2,681, RAAN- 2,386, Arelco Power – 2,379, UGM Energy – 1,814, CET Govora – 901, KDF Energy – 888 and others,

For discharging the receivables generated by the overcompensation and the undue bonus, the Company requested the reciprocal compensations from the qualified producers in the support scheme, For producers (RAAN, Electrocentrale Bucuresti, CET Govora) that have not agreed to this way of discharging the reciprocal receivables and debts, the Company has applied and continues to apply the provisions of Article 17 (5) of the Order of ANRE Chairman no, 116/2013 for approving the Regulation on determining the way to collect the contribution for high efficiency cogeneration and payment of the bonus for the electricity produced in high efficiency cogeneration: "if the manufacturer did not make the payment in full to the administrator of the support scheme for its obligations resulted in accordance with the provisions of this Regulation, the administrator of the support scheme pays to the producer the difference between the invoices issued by the producer and the payment obligations of the producer on the support scheme, with explicit mention on the payment document of the respective amounts", and detained from payment the amounts due related to the corresponding support scheme.

CNTEE Transelectrica SA has concluded an agreement with CET Govora on compensation and rescheduling of payments for the amounts representing the equivalent receivables from the counter value of the overcompensation for the timeframe 2011 - 2013 and of the undue bonus for 2014 (Agreement no, C 135/June 30th, 2015 and Addendum no, 1/August 4th, 2015). The period of the Agreement was 1 year (timeframe July 2015 - August 2016) and stipulated the Company's right to calculate and collect payment penalties over the installment period.

According to the Agreement, the Company's receivables to be collected from CET Govora SA were compensated with the debts to CET Govora SA, represented by the cogeneration bonus for the period May 2014 - October 2015 detained pursuant to the Art, 17 (5) from the Order of the ANRE Chairman no, 116/2013 and the provisions of the Agreement, in the amount of 40,507,669.

Following the suspension in court, by Civil sentence no, 3185/November 27th, 2015, the ANRE Decision no, 738/March 28th, 2014 on setting the overcompensation amount for the timeframe 2011 - 2013, CET Govora SA no longer respected the obligations undertaken according to the Agreement.

Starting with May 9^{th,} 2016, the general insolvency proceedings were opened for CET Govora, To recover its liabilities recorded before the insolvency proceedings, the Company applied the specific procedures provided by the Law no, 85/2014 on Insolvency and requested admission of its liabilities, according to the law.

Given the aforementioned facts, starting with May 9^{th} , 2016, the Company has terminated the enforcement of article 17 (5) from the Order of ANRE Chairman no. 116 / 2013 on approving the Regulation regarding the settlement of the collection procedure of the high efficiency cogeneration contribution and the payment of the bonus for the electricity produced via high efficiency cogeneration, and has paid the cogeneration bonus to CET Govora on a monthly basis.

Via Civil Decision no, 2430/October 5th, 2016, the High Court of Cassation and Justice admitted the appeal declared by ANRE against Civil Ruling no. 3185/November 27th, 2015, has partially cancelled the contested sentence and has rejected the suspension request lodged by CET Govora, the judgement being final, Thus, starting with 05.10.2016, the effects of the ANRE Decision no, 738/28.03.2014 were no longer suspended, being in full effect.

Under these circumstances, the Company enforces the provisions of article 17 (5) of the ANRE Order no. 116 / 2013 for the reciprocal debts and receivables occurred after the insolvency proceedings, retaining the bonus owed to CET Govora SA up to the amounts unpaid to the Company according to the support scheme.

In the month of September 2016, CNTEE Transelectrica SA has concluded an agreement with SC Termoficare Oradea, to take over the debt of SC Electrocentrale Oradea, representing the overcompensation for the year 2014 and 2015. The overtaken debt, in the amount of 29,259, has been spread over 24 monthly instalments (October 31st, 2016 - September 30th, 2018).Until the financial statements were prepared, the deadlines provided for in the rescheduling agreement were respected.

Taking into consideration the Government Decision 925/2016, as subsequently amended and supplemented, presented above in Note 1, the Company does not register provisions for the support scheme, the unrecovered value of these receivables being included in the cogeneration contribution.

9, TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

Other receivables

On December 31st, 2017, other receivables in the amount of 1,209,133 mainly included:

- late payment penalties calculated to late paying clients, amounting to 64,817 (out of which the amount of 26,021 represents penalties in relation to the support scheme), The largest penalties for late payment have been registered by the following customers: RAAN (16,901), SC CET Govora (9,607), SC Eco Energy SRL (8,910), SC Petprod SRL (8,895), Total Electric Oltenia (3,289), Arcelor Mittal Galati (2,952), Also Energ (2,121), For the penalty charges for late payment of the receivables from operational activities, depreciation adjustments were recorded.

- compensations owed by suppliers for not delivering electricity (Arelco Power 2,817 and Enol Grup 2,541), Impairment adjustments were recorded for the compensations owed by suppliers from operating activities,

- the down payments granted to the supplier ELCOMEX - IEA SA amounting to 31,181, to which penalties amounting to 687have been added, The down payments have been granted to the supplier ELCOMEX - IEA SA for performing the following projects:

- Connecting the Isaccea-Varna 400 kV OHL and the Isaccea-Dobrudja OHL to the Medgidia Sud 400 kV substation down payment amounting to 9,949;
- Converting the Portile de Fier Resita Timisoara Sacalaz Arad axis to the 400 kV voltage Stage I Resita 400/220/110 kV substation down payment amounting to 21,232,

The down payments made by the Company to ELCOMEX - IEA SA were secured with the insurance policies issued by Asito Kapital S.A.

On April 7th, 2017 the Court of Constanta, Section II Civil, by Hearing protocol no, 294/2017, upheld the application for a declaration of insolvency of the debtor Elcomex - IEA SA, naming Pricewaterhouse Coopers Business Recovery Services IPURL as insolvency administrator.

On the day of insolvency, CNTEE Transelectrica SA held the following agreements concluded with SC Elcomex IEA SA: C163/29.07.2015: "Converting the Portile de Fier – Resita – Timisoara – Sacalaz – Arad to 400 kV / the 400/220/110 kV Resita substation" and C255/18.11.2015 "Connecting the OHL 400 kV Isaccea-Varna and OHL 400 kV Isaccea-Dobruja in the 400 kV Medgidia Sud station, stage I". Following the declaration of insolvency of SC Elcomex IEA SA, CNTEE Transelectrica SA entered on its statement of affairs for the amount of 31,189, representing the consideration of the down payment made to SC Elcomex IEA SA for the agreements no. C163/29,07,2015 and C255/18.11.2015 and other expenses. Pricewaterhouse Coopers Business Recovery Services IPURL notifies Transelectrica on August 7th, 2017, regarding the cancellation of the agreement C 163/29,07,2015 "Converting the Portile de Fier – Resita – Timisoara – Sacalaz – Arad to 400 kV / the 400/220/110 kV Resita substation".

On August 8th, 2017, the judiciary administrator Pricewaterhouse Coopers Business Recovery Services IPURL considers itself bound to note the cancellation by CNTEE Transelectrica SA of the agreement no. C255 from November 18th, 2015, regarding "Connection of the Isaccea-Varna 400 kV OHL and Isaccea-Dobruja 400 kV OHL in the Medgidia Sud 400 kV OHL, Stage I", notified by the Company with letter no, 24597 from July 5th, 2017, and at the same time the termination of the agreement on the initiative of CNTEE Transelectrica SA.

On July 1st, 2017, the Company submitted an application for summons regarding the issuance of a payment order, an action subject to the case file no, 24552/3/2017 on the docket of the Bucharest Court, Section VI Civil, requesting the Court to rule a decision obliging the debtor ASITO KAPITAL SA to pay the amount of 7,058,773,36 Euro (*the equivalent of 31,180,858 lei*), representing guarantee policies for the down payments no. BR – 1500544/November 18th, 2015, and no, BR – 1500520/July 29th, 2015.

At the hearing from November 7th, 2017, after deliberation, the Bucharest Court ruled the following solution, in short:

- Admits the request.

- Orders the debtor to pay, within 20 days from notification of this decision, the amount of 2,237,750.83 euro (the equivalent of 9,949 at the exchange rate of 4,4458 euro), representing the down payment which was not reimbursed but guaranteed via letter of guarantee no, BR-1500544/18.11.2015;

- Orders the debtor to pay, within 20 days from notification of this decision, the amount of 4,821,022,53 euro (the equivalent of 21,233 at the exchange rate of 4,4041 euro), representing the down payment which was not reimbursed but guaranteed via letter of guarantee no, BR-1500520/29.07.2015;

- Orders the debtor to pay, within 20 days from notification of this decision, the amount of 200 lei representing legal expenses, With right of request in annulment within 10 days from notification, Document: Decision 4067/2017 - 07.11.2017,

By the date of drafting these financial statements, Decision 4067/2017 - 07.11.2017 has not been drafted and communicated in order to be enforced,

Considering that until the date of the present financial statements, the amounts insured by ASITO KAPITAL SA for the advance payment were not recovered, the Company recorded on 31 December 2017 impairment adjustments in the amount of 31,181.

- receivables from OPCOM representing VAT for the contribution in kind to the subsidiary's equity, amounting to

9, TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

4,517;

deferred expenses amounting to 4,807 mainly represented by the advances on contracts concluded with the suppliers of electricity needed for covering the own technological consumption for future periods (3,321,562), a guarantee fee for the BEI 25710 loan (83) and commission of ING credit granting (354), maintenance and technical assistance (97), rents (600);
other long-term receivables amounting to 4,517, out of which 4,200 represent guarantees for temporary occupation of the land calculated and retained in accordance with Article 39 (1), (2) and (5) of the Law no, 46 / 2008 on the Forestry Code, in order to achieve the investment objective Resita – Pancevo (Serbia) 400 kV OHL.

Down payments to suppliers

On December 31st, 2017, the down payments to suppliers are represented by the suppliers who are debtors for services amounted to 11,102,342, out of which 11,083 represent amounts from transactions related to the price coupling mechanism. Application of the mechanism coupling through the price began on November 19th, 2014, the date at which the project "4 Market Market Coupling" which provides the unification of the electricity markets DAM Square (Next Day Market) from Romania, Hungary, Czech Republic and Slovakia entered in the operating phase. Within the price coupling mechanism for the day-ahead markets, the electricity exchanges correlate the day-ahead electricity transactions based on bids, taking into account the interconnection capacity provided by the TSOs, by which it is implicitly allocated CNTEE Transelectrica SA, acting as TSO, transfers the electricity both in physical and commercial terms to the neighboring TSOs (MAVIR-Hungary) and manages the congestion revenues along the respective interconnection (Article 139 from ANRE Order no, 82/2014), while in relation to SC OPCOM SA it acts as Implicit Participant on the Day-Ahead Market. As a Shipping Agent and Implicit Participant, CNTEE Transelectrica SA has the commercial task to settle the power traded between SC OPCOM SA and MAVIR.

Adjustments for depreciation of trade receivables, of uncertain trade receivables and of other uncertain receivables

The Groups's policy is to register impairments amounting to 100% for clients in litigation, under insolvency and bankruptcy, and 100% from trade receivables and other receivables not collected for more than 180 days, except for outstanding receivables generated by the support scheme, The Company also makes a case by case analysis of uncollected trade and other receivables.

On December 31st, 2017, the highest adjustments of depreciation, calculated for the trade receivables and related penalties, have been recorded for SC Eco Energy SRL (24,736), SC Petprod SRL (23,540), Arelco Power (17,359), SC Total Electric Oltenia SA (14,186), Romenergy Industry (13,513), Elsaco Energy (9,294), RAAN (8,517), Also Energ (7,177), CET Brasov (4,665), OPCOM (4,517), The Company took the following measures in order to recover the impaired receivables: court proceedings, entering on the statement of affairs, requesting clarifications from ANAF (regarding the VAT collected from Opcom) and so on.

The Company's exposure to the collection risk, as well as the value adjustments for trade receivables, are presented in Note 30.

10. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

On December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, the other financial assets were presented as follows:

	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Bank deposits with maturity larger than 90 days		135,090
Total	<u> </u>	135,090

On December 31st, 2017, the Company has no bank deposits with maturity larger than 90 days,

11. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

On December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, the cash and cash equivalents were presented as follows:

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Current bank accounts and deposits with original maturities of less than 90 days, out of which:	553,787	960,400
-Cash from high efficiency cogeneration -Cash from revenues related to the allocation of interconnection	19,173	107,812
capacities used for investments in the grid	84,247	77,027
-cash from the connection fee	31,153	22,533
-Petty cash	88	89
Other cash equivalents		-
Total	553,875	960,489

The bank deposits with initial maturity smaller than 90 days, constituted with cash available in current accounts (including cogeneration deposits) amounted to 251,047 at December 31st, 2017 and to 688,115 at December 31st, 2016.

12. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Share capital

According to GEO 86/2014 on the establishment of reorganization measures at central public administration level and for modifying and completion of some normative acts, on February 20th, 2015 was recorded in the Company's shareholder Register the transfer of 43,020,309 shares from the account of the Romanian State from the administration of the General Secretariat of Government, in the account of the Romanian State in the management of the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Tourism.

Under the provisions of Article 2 of Government Emergency Ordinance no.55/November 19th, 2015 on the establishment of reorganization measures at the central government level and to supplement several acts, the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Business Environment Relationship (MECRMA) was incorporated by reorganizing and taking over the activities of the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Tourism, which was dissolved, and by merging and structures in the field of small and medium businesses of the Ministry of Energy, Small and Medium Enterprises and Business Environment, According to the provisions of CD ac 27/Japaret 12th 2017, on the corporated provide the Ministry of Energy of the Ministry of the Ministry of Structure and Structures and Business Environment.

According to the provisions of GD no.27/January 12th, 2017 on the organization and functioning of the Ministry of Economy, the Company functions under the authority of the Ministry of Economy.

On March 3rd, 2017 the transfer in the amount of 43,020,309 shares was registered in the Company's Shareholder Register, from the account of the Romanian State from the administration of the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Tourism, in the account of the Romanian State in the administration of the Ministry of Economy.

At the end of each reporting period, the subscribed and paid share capital of the Company amounted to 733,031 is divided into 73,303,142 ordinary shares with a nominal value of 10 lei/share and corresponds to the one registered in the Trade Register.

12. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (continued)

Share capital (continued)

The shareholder structure on December 31st, 2017 and on December 31st, 2016 was as follows:

	December 31 st , 2017		December 31 st , 2016		
Shareholder	Number of shares	% of the share capital	Number of shares	% of the share capital	
Romanian State through MECRMA	43,020,309	58,69%	43,020,309	58,69%	
Other legal person shareholders	20,689,339	28,22%	25,797,725	35,19%	
DEDEMAN SRL	4,192,363	5,72%	-		
Other natural person shareholders	5,401,131	7,37%	4,485,108	6,12%	
Total	73,303,142	100,00%	73,303,142	100,00%	

As of December 31st, 2017, the legal entities shareholder's position also includes the holding of 5,77% of DEDEMAN SRL (at 31,12,2016 the ownership was under 5%),

The Company recognizes changes in the share capital in accordance with the legislation in force and only after their approval in the Extraordinary General Assembly of Shareholders and their registration with the Trade Registry.

As of December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, the share capital is as follows:

	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Share capital (nominal value)	733,031	733,031
Share capital balance	733,031	733,031

The shareholders are entitled to receive dividends and are entitled to one vote per share at the meetings of the Company. The value of shareholders' dividends distributed from the profit of 2016 according to the General Assembly Decision no, 4/April 27th, 2017 amounts to 165,445, and their payment is done through the Central Depository starting with June 28th, 2017. The amount of unpaid dividends as of December 31st, 2017 is 2,414 (December 31st, 2016: 1,313).

Share premium

All new shares issued within the capital increase by the primary initial public offering from 2006 were subscribed and fully paid in against the issue price, The share premium amounting to 49,843, being the difference between the share issue price and the share nominal value, was recorded in the Company's reserve account.

Legal reserves

Legal reserves in the amount of 119,153 as of December 31st, 2017 and 116,522 as of December 31st, 2016 represent legal reserves constituted according to the statutory legislation and cannot be distributed. The Company transfers to this reserve at least 5% of its annual accounting profits (GEO no, 64/2001, Law no, 227/2015) until the cumulative balance reaches 20% of its paid in share capital.

Revaluation reserves

The revaluation reserve amounts to 408,899 as of December 31st, 2017 and 458,184 as of December 31st, 2016, The latest revaluation of buildings and special installations was made on December 31st, 2015 by SC JPA Audit & Consultanta SRL, independent evaluator authorized by the National Union of Authorized Evaluators in Romania ("ANEVAR").

12. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (continued)

Other reserves

As of December 31st, 2017, other reserves amount to 57,627 (57,627 as of December 31st, 2016), of which 20,952 represents the value of structural funds received from the Managing Authority for Sectoral Operational Program "Increase of Economic Competitiveness" and 32,718 represents the value of subsidies from connection tariffs, which were used to finance received investment works in assets that are part of the State's public domain, and 3,283 represents the value of the land for which certificates authenticating the ownership rights were obtained. As described in Note 26, the land for which the certificates authenticating the ownership rights are obtained is first recognized at fair value in reserve and followed by an increase in share capital after it is recorded with the Trade Registry Office.

Retained earnings

Retained earnings amount to 1,369,052 as of December 31st, 2017 and 1,714,462 as of December 31st, 2016.

On December 31st, 2017, the Company recorded an accounting loss of 47,945. Accounting regulations in line with the International Financial Reporting Standards approved by the OMPF no. 2844/2016, provide the following: (1) The retained accounting loss shall be covered from the profit of the financial year and from retained earnings, from the reserves, the share premiums and the share capital, according to the decision of the general meeting of the shareholders or associates, in compliance with the legal provisions.

(2) In the absence of express legal provisions, the order of the sources from which the accounting loss is covered is the responsibility of the general meeting of shareholders or associates, respectively of the board of directors.

On December 31st, 2017, the Company recorded a positive retained earning result corresponding to the surplus from the revaluation reserves in the amount of 834,511, out of which 189,989 surplus from the revaluation reserves not taxable at the change of destination, and 644,522 surplus from the revaluation reserves taxable at destination change.

Considering art, 176 of the Accounting Regulations in compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standards approved by the OMPF no, 2844/2016 with subsequent amendments and completions, as well as art, III par, (1) of GO no, 64/2001 with the subsequent amendments and completions, it is subject to the approval of the General Meeting of Shareholders the proposal to cover the accounting loss recorded as of 31 December 2017 in the amount of 47,945 from the positive retained earnings result originated from the surplus realized from non-taxable revaluation reserves upon change of destination.

13. DEFERRED REVENUES

Deferred income include mainly connection tariff, other investment subsidies, non-refundable European funds from the Ministry of European Funds, as well as revenues from the allocation of interconnection capacities

On December 31st, 2017, the deferred revenues were as follows:

	December 31 st , 2017	Out of which short term portion as at 31,12,2017	December 31 st , 2016	Out of which short term portion as at 31,12,2016
Deferred revenues – allocation of				
interconnection capacity	5,797	5,797	6,579	6,579
Deferred income – European funds	2,558	2,558	1,320	1,320
Funds from connection fee	311,396	23,558	319,026	21,082
European funds	101,625	7,415	109,441	7,473
Other subsidies	32,371	1,553	35,351	1,571
Total	453,747	40,881	471,717	38,025

13. **DEFERRED REVENUES (continued)**

Evolution in advance short-term revenues during the 2017 is presented as follows:

	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Opening balance	38,025	33,408
Cash in advance related to interconnection capacity	75,479	38,685
Collections from European funds	1,327	1,213
Connection fee transferred from long-term deferred income (connection tariff)	2,300	(413)
Revenues from using the interconnection capacity	(76,261)	(34,868)
Revenues from European funds	(89)	-
Total	40,881	38,025

The evolution in advance long-term revenues during the 2017 is presented as follows:

	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Opening balance	434,891	467,949
Connection subsidies	14,228	(2,951)
Reclassification of connection subsidies to public patrimony	-	_
Non-refundable funds	174	33
Non-refundable funds to be repaid	-	(137)
Transfer to short-term deferred income	(2,300)	413
Release of deferred income	(34,127)	(31,615)
Total	412,866	434,891

In 2017, CNTEE Transelectrica SA collected from the Ministry of Economy the amount of 164 lei in order to start the expropriation procedures for the privately owned immovable properties constituting the expropriation corridor for the following works of national interest:

- Connecting the Isaccea-Varna 400 kV OHL and the Isaccea-Dobrudja 400 kV OHL in the Medgidia Sud 400 kV substation - Stage II - Connections in the Medgidia Sud 400 kV OHL d,c, substation;

- Converting the Portile de Fier - Resita - Timisoara - Sacalaz - Arad axis/Portile de Fier - (Anina) - Resita 400 kV OHL to 400 kV;

- Converting the Portile de Fier - Resita - Timisoara - Sacalaz - Arad axis to 400 kV / stage I: Extension of the Portile de Fier 400 kV substation, Portile de Fier - Anina - Resita 400 kV OHL, Resita 400/220/110 kV Resita substation;

- Resita-Pancevo 400 kV OHL interconnection;

- Ostrovu Mare 220 kV OHL double circuit - PTG;

- Gutinas - Smardan 400 kV OHL d,c, and

- Cernavoda-Stalpu 400 kV OHL d,c, and connection in the Gura Ialomitei substation.

14. LOANS

Long-term loans

On December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, the amounts owed to credit institutions for a period of over one year are the following:

Description	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
NIB PIL No 02/18 (a)	3,417	11,337
IBRD 7181 (b)	43,603	74,348
NIB PIL No 03/5 (c)	10,717	20,889
NIB PIL No 02/37 (d)	5,737	11,182
KfW 10431 (e)	-	9,522
KfW 11300 (f)	-	9,611
EIB 25709 (i)	89,742	98,391
EIB 25710 (i)	97,425	105,910
BRD-ING (j)	58,712	95,363
Unsecured bonds (k)	200,000	200,000
Total long-term loans from credit institutions, out of which:	509,355	636,554,
Less: Current portion of long-term loans	(314,169)	(134,624)

CNTEE TRANSELECTRICA SA NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF DECEMBER 31st, 2017 (All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

Description	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Total long-term loans net of current installments	195,186	501,930

Overview of the long-term loans as on December 31st, 2017

			Balance as at December 31,	Balance as at		
		Value of loan	2017 (foreign	December 31,		Maturity date
Loan name	Loan date	(currency)	currency)	2017 (RON)	Interest rate	as per loan
					LIBOR	
NIB PI 02/18	19,02,2003	18,442 USD	878 USD	3,417	6M+0,9%	16,04,2018
		71,623 EUR	9,357 EUR	43,603	last transmitted	
BIRD 7181	15,07,2003				0%	15,01,2020
		23,000 EUR	2,300 EUR	10,717	EURIBOR	
NIB PI 03/5	12,11,2004		·		6M+0,85%	17,09,2018
		12,928 EUR	1,231 EUR	5,737	EURIBOR	
NIB PI 02/37	25,02,2004				6M+0,9%	17,09,2018
BEI 25709	12,08,2004	32,500 EUR	19,259 EUR	89,742	3,596%	10,09,2025
		32,500 EUR	20,908EUR	97,425	3,856% and	11,04,2028
BEI 25710	12,08,2004				2,847%	
		42,000 EUR	12,600 EUR	58,712	EURIBOR	13,02,2019
ING+BRD	26,07,2012	,	,	,	6M+2,75%	
Unsecured		200,000 RON	200,000 RON	200,000		19,12,2018
bonds	19,12,2013				6,1%	
TOTAL				509,355		

Long-term loans are detailed as follows:

a) Loan no, 02/18 from NIB PIL

The loan from NIB was granted on February 19th, 2003, The total amount due as of December 31st, 2017 amounts to USD 878,175, The loan was granted to finance the rehabilitation of the Slatina 400/220 kV electrical substation, The loan bears a variable interest rate of six months LIBOR plus a 0,9% margin. Repayment is scheduled over 10 years in 20 instalments, from 2008 to 2018.

b) Loan no, 7181 from IBRD

The loan from IBRD was granted on July 15th, 2003 for the objective "Electricity Market", The total amount outstanding as of December 31st, 2017 is EUR 9,357,495. The loan bears a variable interest rate communicated by IBRD depending on the financing cost, The interest rate for the last instalment was 0%, The repayment is performed biannually (on January 15th and July 15th of each year), starting July 15th, 2008, with the last instalment being scheduled on January 15th, 2020, The loan agreement includes certain financial provisions: (i) a debt service cover ratio of not less than 1,3 and (ii) a ratio of current assets to current liabilities of not less than 1.2.

c) Loan no, 03/5 from NIB PIL

The loan from NIB was granted on November 12th, 2004 for the objective "Rehabilitation of the Gutinas 400/220/110 kV electrical substation". The total amount outstanding as of December 31st, 2017 is EUR 2,300,000, The interest rate is 6 month EURIBOR plus 0,85%, repayment is performed biannually, in equal instalments starting March 15th, 2009, with the last instalment being scheduled on September 17th, 2018.

d) Loan no, 02/37 from NIB PIL

The loan was granted by NIB on February 25^{th} , 2004 for the objective "Rehabilitation of the Rosiori 400/220 kV electrical substation". The total amount outstanding as of December 31^{st} , 2017 is EUR 1,231,233. The interest rate is 6 month EURIBOR plus 0,90%, repayment is performed biannually, in equal instalments starting September 15^{th} , 2008, with the last instalment being scheduled on September 17^{th} , 2018.

e) Loan no, 10431 from KfW

The loan has been granted by KfW on August 12th, 2004 for the objective "Rehabilitation of the Sibiu Sud 400/220/110 kV electrical substation", As of December 31st, 2017, the loan was repaid in full, The interest rate is 6 months EURIBOR

14. LOANS (CONTINUED)

plus 0,60%, the repayment being performed biannually, in equal instalments starting January 31^{st} , 2008, with the last instalment being scheduled on July 31^{st} , 2017.

f) Loan no, 11300 from KfW

The loan has been granted by KfW on August 12th, 2004 for the "Rehabilitation and modernization of the Bucuresti Sud 400/220/100 kV electrical substation", As of December 31st, 2017, the loan was repaid in full, The interest rate is 6 months EURIBOR plus 0,60%, the repayment being performed biannually, in equal instalments starting January 31st, 2008, with the last instalment being scheduled on July 31st, 2017.

g) Loan no, 25709 and no, 25710 from EIB

The loans were granted by EIB on August 5th, 2010 for financing the modernization and rehabilitation of the Romanian Power Transmission Grid, Each loan amounts to EUR 32,500,000, EIB loan no, 25709 is not guaranteed, while EIB loan no, 25710 is guaranteed by CitiBank Europe PLC, Dublin – Romania branch, The repayment period is of 15 years, with a grace period of 2 years, The repayment is scheduled from 2012 to 2025 for EIB loan no, 25709 (on March 10th and September 10th of each year) and from 2013 to 2028 for EIB loan no, 25710 (on April 11th and October 11th of each year). The interest rates are 3,596% for EIB loan no, 25709 and 3,856% and 2,847% for EIB loan no, 25710.

The amount outstanding as of December 31st, 2017 for the EIB loan no, 25709 is EUR 19,259,259 and for EIB loan no, 25710 EUR 20,908,120.

The EIB loan agreement no, 25709 includes certain financial provisions: (i) a ratio of EBITDA to interest payments for long-term loans during the year of not less than 4,2; (ii) a ratio of debt to equity of not more than 0,95; (iii) a ratio of total net debt and EBITDA of no more than 3,5.

Loan no, 25710 from EIB is guaranteed by CitiBank Europe PLC, Dublin – Romania branch, The contract bears a guarantee commission of 0,46% per annum, computed at 115% of the value of the balance. The guarantee agreement concluded on January 26^{th} , 2011 includes certain financial provisions: (i) a ratio of consolidated EBITDA to consolidated net financial expenses of not less than 4,2; (ii) a ratio of total net debt to equity of not more than 0,95.

h) Loan from ING Bank N,V,, Amsterdam (Bucharest branch) and BRD – Groupe Société Générale SA

The loan was granted on July 26th, 2012 by the consortium made up of ING Bank N,V,, Amsterdam (Bucharest branch) and BRD – Groupe Société Générale SA. The loan is meant to finance the following investments: refurbishment of the Lacu Sarat 400/200/110/20 kV substation, refurbishment of the Mintia 220/110 kV substation, integrated security systems in substations and replacement of autotransformers and transformers in electrical substations. The repayment period is of 84 months with a grace period of 24 months, with equal instalments payable every semester starting from August 2014, The loan bears a variable rate of 6 month EURIBOR, plus a margin of 2,75%, The loan is 100% guaranteed through assignment of receivables, The total amount outstanding as of December 31st, 2017 is EUR 12,600,000.

The loan agreement includes certain financial provisions: (i) a ratio of EBITDA to financial expenses of no less than 4,2; (ii) a ratio of total net debt to EBITDA of no more than 3,5.

i) Bonds issue

The Extraordinary General Assembly of Shareholders of CNTEE Transelectrica SA approved, through Decision no, 7 of 30,09,2013, a limit of RON 900 million for the issue of corporate bonds during 2013 - 2017, from which RON 200,000,000 were issued during December 11^{th} , $2013 - \text{December } 18^{\text{th}}$, 2013 through an initial public offering on the internal capital market, The bonds are unsecured and are not convertible into shares, The interest rate of the bonds issued is of 6,1% per annum, the interest being paid on an annual basis in December 2014, December 2015, December 2016, December 2017, and December 2018, The bonds are due on December 19^{\text{th}}, 2018.

Following the consent given by the Council of the Bucharest Stock Exchange on January 14th, 2014, starting with January 16th, 2014, the corporate bonds of the Company are being traded on the Bucharest Stock Exchange, within the sector Securities – third category Corporate bonds under the symbol TEL 18.

During the entire period in which the bonds are not redeemed in full, the Company undertakes to comply with certain financial indicators: (i) Interest Cover Ratio to be at least equal to 4,2; (ii) the Debt/Equity Ratio to be equal or less than 0,9.

14. LOANS (CONTINUED)

As of December 31st, 2017, the financial indicators corresponding to loan agreements and bonds issue, were met.

The long-term portion of loans will be repaid as follows:

	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Between 1 and 2 years	51,449	311,712
Between 2 and 5 years	68,913	95,402
Over 5 years	74,824	94,816
Total	195,186	501,930

The Group did not perform activities related to hedging its foreign currency obligations or to exposure to interest rate risks.

All the long-term loans, except for the agreements EIB 25709 and EIB 25710 and Bonds, bear a variable interest rate and consequently, the fair value of the long-term loans is similar to their book value.

As of December 31st, 2017, the long-term loans guaranteed by the Romanian Government through the Ministry of Public Finances are: BIRD 7181, NIB PIL 03/5, NIB PIL 02/18 and NIB PIL 02/37.

The loan from ING and BRD was initially guaranteed by assignment of receivables from SC E,On Energie Romania SA, SC E-Distributie Muntenia SA, SC Alpiq Romindustries SRL, SC Electromagnetica SA, SC Met Romania Energy Marketing SRL and through the real movable security over the investment accounts opened with ING and one investment account opened with BRD SMCC.

From November 2016, the loan is secured by the assignment of the receivables that the Company has to collect only from SC EON Energie Romania SA and SC Enel Distributie Muntenia SA and by the real movable security over the investment accounts opened with ING and an investment account opened with BRD SMCC.

The guarantee agreement concluded with CitiBank Europe PLC is secured by assignment of receivables that the Company has to collect from SC Enel Energie Muntenia SA. *Short-term loans*

On December 31st,2017 and December 31st,2016 the short-term Loans are detailed as follows:

	December 31st, 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Current share of long-term loans	314,169	134,624
SMART revolving	21,119	17,343
Interest on long and short-term loans	2,460	3,140
Interest of bonds	435	441
Total short-term loans	338,183	155,548

Loans contracted for the current activity

Transelectrica has contracted a credit line in February 2017 from BRD GROUP SOCIETE GENERALE SA, the Large Corporates Branch, for a period of 12 months for financing the bonus type support scheme for high efficiency cogeneration, in the form of overdraft amounting to 150 with an interest calculated according to the ROBOR 1M reference rate, plus a negative margin of 0,10%, In the event that the value of the ROBOR 1M reference rate is smaller than 0,10%, the interest rate applied shall be of 0%,

This was guaranteed by:

- movable mortgage on the account opened at the bank;
- movable mortgage on receivables resulted from contracts regarding the contribution for high efficiency cogeneration, concluded with Cez Vanzare S,A,, E,ON Energie Romania S,A,, Tinmar Energy S,A,

On December 31st, 2017, the credit line is not used,

The subsidiary Smart SA contracted a credit line from ING Bank NV Amsterdam, with variable interest rate, As of 31,12,2017 the structure of the credit line is presented as follows:

14. LOANS (CONTINUED)

Working capital for supporting and financing othe current activity in the amount of 24,000, valid for 1 year
Commitments in the form of a bank guarantee letter for repayment of the advance amounting to 5,792, valid on September 6, 2019. The bank letter guarantees the advance of 30% of the value of the products and works received by the company under the execution contract no, C99 / 06,06,2016, having as object the execution of the work "Modernization of 220/110 kV Dumbrava station" concluded with CNTEE Transelectrica SA. On December 31, 2017, the group had used 21,000.

15. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS OBLIGATIONS

According to Government Decisions no, 1041/2003 and no, 1461/2003, the Company provides in-kind benefits in the form of free electricity to the employees who retired from the Predecessor Entity.

Also, according to the collective labor agreement, the Company provides long-term benefits to both employees – depending on the length of service and seniority within the Company – and to former employees after retirement. The benefits awarded to management personnel are included in Note 28, under *Remuneration of the Company's management*, The long-term benefits provided by the Company include the following:

retiree premiums ranging from 1 to 5 gross monthly base salaries, depending on the number of years of seniority within the Company on the date of retirement;

anniversary premiums between 1 and 5 gross monthly base salaries, depending on the number of years of seniority within the Company;

free electricity paid after retirement of 1,800 kWh/year, paid according to the collective labor agreement.

The actuarial calculations referring to the post-employment benefits and other long-term benefits were made by an authorized actuary, based on the service agreement concluded with Mr, Daniel Ghervase,

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15. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS OBLIGATIONS (continued)

	December 31 st , 2016	Interest cost	Cost of current service	Payments from provisions	Actuarial loss for the period	December 31 st , 2017
Benefits pertaining to anniversary premiums to be granted to current employees Benefits pertaining to maternity premiums to be granted to current employees	26,718 74	340	837	1,850	1,070 (74)	27,114
Benefits pertaining to retiree premiums of current employees	15,512	149	525	1,505	(952)	13,751
Benefits pertaining to premiums granted for the labor agreement termination Benefits pertaining to the counter value of electricity to be paid	101	-	-	-	(101)	-
to current employees after retirement Benefits pertaining to the counter value of electricity paid to	8,640	136	462	-	1,067	10,306
current retirees	7,006	144	-	880	5,094	11,343
	58,050	769	1,824	4,235	6,105	62,513

The main assumptions considered in the actuarial calculation :

	December 31st, 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Discount rate	Values in the range 3,5% - 4,6% set	
	ve in lei, without adjustments, supplied by	
	,975%; 1,393%; 1,799%; 2,197%; 2,565%	
For the first 5 years	secondary market and correlated with	the interest curve in lei, without
	the development of the inflation target	adjustments, supplied by EIOPA
	level set by NBR for the following	for December 2016, with a peak
	years, A long-term inflation of 2% per	of 4,587% for 25 years and
	annum and a real return of 1,86%	dropping to 4,358% for 85 years
For more than 5 years		4% in the first 3 years, 3% in
	The wages follow the inflation rate	the 4^{th} year and 2% in the
	development,	remaining years
Salary increase		

16. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

On December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, trade payables and other payables are presented as follows:

	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Providers - electricity market	538,923	591,679
Asset providers	46,283	77,668
Providers of other activities	18,634	22,286
Amounts due to the employees	7,537	6,170
Other liabilities	81,972	179,255
Total	693,349	877,058

On December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, outstanding debts on the energy market amounted to 591,679 and 514,808 respectively, and presented the following structure:

	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Suppliers on the electricity market, of which:		
- suppliers – operations – energy	110,801	122,864
- suppliers - balancing market - suppliers in the bonus support scheme for the promotion	204,920	286,775
of high-efficiency cogeneration	223,202	182,040
Total	538,923	591,679

The decrease of liabilities to suppliers from the operational activity – energy came as a result of the payment of outstanding obligations on the electricity market as of December 31^{st} , 2016.

The decrease of liabilities to suppliers on the balancing market was due to the decrease of the amount of transactions on the balancing market in December 2017 compared to December 2016, causing an increase of liabilities to suppliers on this market, outstanding as of December 31st, 2017 compared to December 31st, 2016.

The providers on the electricity market are represented mainly by: SC Hidroelectrica SA, Electrocentrale Bucuresti, RAAN, Complex Energetic Oltenia, Mavir, Complex Energetic Hunedoara, Romgaz SA, OMV Petrom, On December 31st, 2017, their share was ca, 88% in the total number of energy suppliers.

The increase in debts related to the support scheme towards the suppliers (producers) was determined by withholding from payment the cogeneration bonus and the ante-overcompensation owed to producers in the account of the Company's receivables not collected from the same producers in the support scheme, represented by the overcompensation of the period 2011-2013, 2015 and 2016 by applying the provisions of Art. 17 (5) of Order no. 116/2013 of the ANRE Chairman.

On December 31^{st} , 2017, payment obligations were registered towards suppliers (producers) in the amount of 111,233 (Electrocentrale Bucuresti – 56,680, RAAN – 51,184, CET Govora SA – 3,369), representing the cogeneration bonus and ante-overcompensation for the years 2014 and 2015, as well as the bonus not granted for the years 2015 and 2016, The amounts representing the debts of the Company regarding the support scheme towards Electrocentrale Bucuresti, RAAN and CET Govora have been retained from payment on the grounds of Article 17 (5) of the Order of the ANRE Chairman no, 116 / 2013, because the suppliers (producers) registered payment obligations towards the Company regarding the bonus type support scheme.

The Company requested the agreement of the producers (suppliers of the Company) who did not pay for the overcompensation invoices and the undue bonus, to compensate the reciprocal debts at their minimum level via the Management and Informatics Institute (IMI), entity that unitedly manages all information received from tax-payers, according to the provisions of GD no. 685/1999.

RAAN and Electrocentrale Bucuresti have not agreed to this method of discharging the reciprocal receivables and debts, and therefore the Company has applied and continues to apply the provisions of Article 17 (5) of the Order of ANRE Chairman no. 116/2013 for approving the Regulation on determining the way to collect the contribution for high efficiency cogeneration and payment of bonus for electricity produced in high efficiency cogeneration: "if the manufacturer did not make the payment in full to the administrator of the support scheme for its obligations resulted in

16. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (continued)

accordance with the provisions of this Regulation, the administrator of the support scheme pays to the producer the difference between the invoices issued by the producer and the payment obligations of the producer on the support scheme with explicit mention on the payment document of the respective amounts" and detained from payment the amounts due related to the corresponding support scheme.

CNTEE Transelectrica SA has concluded an agreement with CET Govora on compensation and rescheduling of payments for the amounts representing the equivalent receivables from the counter value of the overcompensation for the timeframe 2011-2013 and of the undue bonus for 2014 (Agreement no, C 135/June 30th, 2015 and Addendum no, 1/August 4th, 2015), The period of the Agreement was 1 year (timeframe July 2015 - August 2016) and stipulated the Company's right to calculate and collect payment penalties over the installment period.

According to the Agreement, the Company's receivables to be collected from CET Govora SA were compensated with the debts to CET Govora SA, represented by the cogeneration bonus for the period May 2014 - October 2015 detained pursuant to the Art, 17 (5) from the Order of the ANRE Chairman no, 116/2013 and the provisions of the Agreement, in the amount of 40,508.

Following the suspension in court, by Civil sentence no, 3185/November 27th, 2015, the ANRE Decision no, 738/March 28th, 2014 on setting the overcompensation amount for the timeframe 2011 - 2013, CET Govora SA no longer respected the obligations undertaken according to the Agreement.

Starting with May 9^{th,} 2016, the general insolvency proceedings were opened for CET Govora, To recover its liabilities recorded before the insolvency proceedings, the Company applied the specific procedures provided by the Law no, 85/2014 on Insolvency and requested admission of its liabilities, according to the law.

Given the aforementioned facts, starting with May 9th, 2016, the Company has terminated the enforcement of article 17 (5) from the Order of ANRE Chairman no, 116 / 2013 on approving the Regulation regarding the settlement of the collection procedure of the high efficiency cogeneration contribution and the payment of the bonus for the electricity produced via high efficiency cogeneration, and has paid the cogeneration bonus to CET Govora on a monthly basis.

Via Civil Decision no, 2430/October 5th, 2016, the High Court of Cassation and Justice admitted the appeal declared by ANRE against Civil Ruling no, 3185/November 27th, 2015, has partially cancelled the contested sentence and has rejected the suspension request lodged by CET Govora, the judgement being final, Thus, starting with 05,10,2016, the effects of the ANDRE Decision no, 738/28,03,2014 are no longer suspended, being in full effect.

Under these circumstances, the Company enforces the provisions of article 17 (5) of the ANRE Order no, 116 / 2013 for the reciprocal debts and receivables occurred after the insolvency proceedings, retaining the bonus owed to CET Govora SA up to the amounts unpaid to the Company according to the support scheme.

The decrease of the balance of asset suppliers on December 31st, 2017 compared to December 31st, 2016 is due to the payment towards the equipment, works and services providers for the investment projects.

The debts towards suppliers of other activities are mainly represented by the not due debts related to the services provided by third parties, debts which have registered an insignificant decrease compared to December 31^{st} , 2016.

The debts' structure recorded as "other liabilities" is presented as follows:

	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Different Creditors	32,010	134,136
Clients – creditors	37,486	33,620
Dividends to be paid	2,414	1,313
Other liabilities	10,064	10,186
Total	81,973	179,255

On December 31st, 2017, the position "different creditors" in the amount of 32,010 mainly represents the net position of the support scheme for high-efficiency cogeneration, which on December 31st, 2017 registers a debt position amounting to 30,452 (December 31st, 2016: 128,273), down from December 31st, 2016 as a result of the decrease in value of the high-efficiency cogeneration contribution.

The net position of the support scheme is the difference between:

- the amount of contributions to be collected from the electricity suppliers, the amount of the overcompensation of the activity of electricity and heat production in high-efficiency cogeneration for 2011-2013, for the years of 2014, 2015 and 2016, the undue bonus for the years of 2014, 2015 and 2016 – to be collected from the producers, according to the ANRE decisions, on the one hand, and

- the cogeneration bonus amount withheld under Article 17 (5) of the Order of ANRE Chairman no, 116/2013, the

16. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (continued)

ante-overcompensation for the years 2014, 2015 and 2016 and the bonus not granted for the years 2014, 2015 and 2016 - to be paid to the high-efficiency cogeneration energy producers, the beneficiaries of the support scheme, on the other hand.

"Clients creditors" on December 31st, 2017 amounted to 37,486, out of which 10,276 represent amounts collected in advance from MAVIR and 10,408 represent amounts collected in advance from OPCOM within the transactions related to the price coupling mechanism.

On December 31^{st} , 2017, the dividends owed and unpaid to the Company's shareholders amount to 2,414, out of which the amount of 659 is related to dividends distributed from the profit of the year 2016 and the amount of 998 is related to dividends distributed from the profit unallocated, highlighted in the account balance "Other Revenues – Own sources of funding from profits" based on the Decision no, 11/16,10,2017 of the General Assembly of Shareholders.

These amounts are available to the shareholders through the payment agent.

Other debts amounting to 10,064 are mainly represented by guarantees for the proper execution of service contracts on the electricity market concluded by CNTEE Transelectrica SA, amounting to 8,400.

17. PROVISIONS

As of December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, the provisions are as follows:

	December 31st, 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Litigation	3,502	4,411
Provisions for mandate contracts	38,498	42,355
Fund for employees' profit sharing	45	7,968
Other provisions	876	540
TOTAL	42,921	55,274

Outstanding provisions on December 31, 2017 are as follows:

	Provisions for litigation	Provisions for share based payments	Provision for employees' profit sharing	Other provisions
Opening balance as at January 1, 2017	4,411	42,355	7,968	76,499
Additions in provisions (through profit and loss)	6	_	-	9
Reversal of provisions (through profit and loss)	(915)	(3,857)	(7,923)	125
Additions in provisions (through OCI)	-	-	-	-
Reversal of provisions (through OCI)	-	-	-	
Closing balance as at December 31, 2016	3,502	38,498	45	876

Provisions for litigations outstanding as of December 31st, 2017 amounting to 2,992 consist of provisions created for the litigation with the OPCOM subsidiary amounting to 2,670 regarding the fine imposed following the EU investigation.

On November 24th, 2014, the SC OPCOM SA subsidiary summoned CNTEE Transelectrica SA in order to force it to pay the amount of 582,086,31 euro (2,585,161 lei at the NBR exchange rate from November 24th, 2014), representing the amount paid by her as fine, from the total of the fine amounting to 1,031,000 euro applied to the subsidiary OPCOM S.A. by the European Commission, in the context in which the SC OPCOM SA subsidiary paid the entire fine established by the European Commission.

Also, the SC OPCOM SA subsidiary requested the court to order the Company to pay the amount of 85 as lawful interest related to the period between June 11th, 2014 - November 24th, 2014, plus legal expenses amounting to 37,828 (see Note 26 *iii*).

Other provisions in the amount of 10 are represented by are accrued provisions for unpaid leave Also, on December 31, 2017, the Company resumed the accumulated provision of 75,727.

As of December 31st, 2017, the Company registered a provision of 38,498 (42,355 as of December 31st, 2016) for the annual variable component owed to the Directorate and Board of Supervisors members (see Note 28).

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17, PROVISIONS (continued)

The provision amounting to 45 is mainly represented by the provision created for the employees' profit participation for the financial years 2013, 2015 and 2016, amounts not granted until December 31st, 2017.

18. INCOME TAX

The income tax for the years 2017 and 2016 is presented as follows:

	2017	2016
Current income tax expense (Income from) / Expense with deferred income tax	(24,883) 5,302	67,346 (4,468)
Total	(19,581)	62,878

The tax on the current and deferred income of the Company for 2017 and 2016 is determined at a statutory rate of 16% and is applicable for 2017 and 2016,

Reconciliation of the effective tax rate:

	2017	2016
Profit before income tax	(35,2017)	321,872
Income tax at statutory rate of 16%	(5,633)	51,500
Effect of non-deductible expenses	50,629	21,350
Effect of non-taxable income	(22,984)	(5,261)
Taxable revaluation reserve	3,735	4,906
Legal reserve	, _	(2,712)
Income tax exempted	(2,112)	(4,625)
Other effects	(4,054)	(2,460)
Income tax	19,581	62,878

18, INCOME TAX (continued)

The movement pertaining to deferred taxes during 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

	Balance as of			Balance as at			Balance as of
Elements	January 1, 2016	Recognized in profit or loss	Tax recognized directly in OCI	December 31, 2016	Recognized in profit or loss	Tax recognized directly in OCI	December 31, 2017
Property, plant and equipment – useful life Property, plant and	3,036	1,284	-	4,320	487	-	4,807
equipment – revaluation reserves Property, plant and	45,393	(4,521)	-	40,872	(4,685)	-	36,187
equipment financed by subsidies	(1,136)	(563)	-	(1,699)	(509)	-	(1,190)
Employee benefits	(4,688)	1,019	-	(3,699)	(1,013)	-	(4,712)
Interconnection estimate	(469)	(13)	-	(482)	(507)	-	(989)
Provisions	(4,207)	(2,570)	-	(6,777)	-	-	(6,777)
Other elements					925		925
Tax (assets)/liabilities	37,929	(5,364)		32,565	(5,302)	<u> </u>	27,263

Deferred tax consists of:

	Asset		Liability		Net	
	31-dec-17	31-dec-16	31-dec-17	31-dec-16	31-dec-17	31-dec-16
Property, plant and equipment – life	(1,245)	(854)	6,062	5,174	4,807	4,320
Property, plant and equipment – revaluation reserves	(3,606)	(4,520)	39,793	45,392	36,187	40,872
Property, plant and equipment financed by subsidies	(1,190)	(1,699)	-	-	(1,190)	(1,699)
Employee benefits	(4,712)	(3,699)	-	-	(4,712)	(3,699)
Interconnection estimate	(989)	(482)	-	-	(989)	(482)
Provisions	(6,777)	(6,777)	-	-	(6,777)	(6,777)
Other elements			925		925	-
Net tax (assets)/liabilities	(18,519)	(18,031)	46,780	50,566	27,263	32,565

19. EARNINGS PER SHARE

As of December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, the earnings per share is as follows:

	2017	2016
Consolidated profit for the period	(54,788)	258,994
Number of ordinary shares at the beginning and at the end of the period	73,303,142	73,303,142
Basic and diluted earnings per share (RON/share)	(0,75)	3,53

20. OTHER TAX AND SOCIAL SECURITY LIABILITIES

As at December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 the other tax and social security liabilities are as follows:

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Contribution to social security funds	6,364	6,325
VAT payable	745	2,126
Tax on salaries	2,489	2,487
Other tax payable	1,626	1,353
Total	11,225	12,291

On December 31st, 2017, the Company registered payment obligations for contributions to social insurance funds, payroll tax and other taxes that were paid in the month of January 2018.

Furthermore, on December 31st, 2017, the Company also registered taxes on dividends amounting to 90,586, taxes due in January 2018.

21. OPERATING REVENUES

The operating revenues include revenues from electricity transmission service and system services, allocation of the interconnection capacity, balancing market operation and other revenues.

The average tariffs approved by ANRE for the services provided on the electricity market are as follows:

	Average Price for the transmission service	Average Tariff for technological system services	Average Price for the functional system services
Order no, 48/2017 for the period July 1 st – December 31 st , 2017	16,86	9,39	1,11
Order no, 27/2016 for the period July 1 st 2016 - June 30 th , 2017	18,70	11,58	1,30
Order no, 93/2015 for the period July 1 st - June 30 th , 2016	20,97	12,58	1,17

The average tariff for the electricity transmission has two components: the tariff for the electricity injected into the transmission grid (T_G) and the tariff for the electricity drawn off the transmission grid (T_L).

The zonal tariffs regarding the transmission service for the injection of electricity into the transmission grid (T_G) and for drawing electricity off the transmission grid (T_L) have been approved by ANRE Order no, 48/2017, starting with July 1st, 2017.

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21. OPERATING REVENUES (continued)

The amount of electricity delivered to consumers to whom the prices for services provided on the electricity market were applied, is presented as follows:

	2017	2016
Quantity of electricity (MWh)	54,753,325	53,523,021
The revenues obtained in 2017 and 2016 are as follows:		
	2017	2016
Revenues from electricity transmission Revenues from the allocation of the interconnection capacity Revenues from reactive energy Revenues from transactions with own technological consumption Inter TSO Compensation (ITC) revenues	970,694 75,727 6,317 1,106 786	1,056,520 82,233 6,954 254 296
Total revenues from electricity transmission	1,054,629	1,146,257
Revenues from functional system services Revenues from technological system services Revenues from unplanned exchanges on DAM	65,980 582,330 2,437	66,139 648,802 1,399
Total revenues from system services	650,747	716,340
Balancing market Other revenues	1,304,613 58,015	814,080 61,411
Total revenues	3,068,004	2,738,088

Transmission revenues

Given the rise in the amount of electricity delivered to consumers in 2017 compared to 2016, namely of 2,3% or 1,230,304 MWh, the income from the transmission service has registered a decrease in the amount of 85,827, determined by the decrease of the average tariffs approved by ANRE (according to the table on the average tariffs approved by ANRE for the analyzed timeframes, presented above),taking in consideration the increase of used quantity by Authority for new tariffs (from 52 TWh to 54 TWh) accordingly with transport methodology,In this condition the calculation of the tariffs using average tariffs for 2017- 17,78 lei decreased with 10,34% compared with average tariffs for 2016-19,83 lei.

Functional system service revenues

In 2017, the revenues from functional system services registered a decrease with the amount of 159 compared to 2016, determined by the decrease of the average tariff approved by ANRE for these services (according to the table on the average tariffs approved by ANRE for the analyzed periods, presented above).

Revenues from the allocation of interconnection capacity

In 2017, the income from the interconnection capacity allocation has registered a decrease compared to 2016, in the amount of 6,506, corresponding to the level of usage of the available interconnection capacity by traders on the electricity market.

The mechanism for the allocation of interconnection capacity consists in organizing annual, monthly, daily and intra-daily auctions, The annual, monthly and intra-daily are explicit - only the transmission capacity is bid on, and the daily ones with Hungary are implicit - are allocated simultaneously with the energy and capacity via the coupling mechanism.

The incorporation of the regional energy exchange by Romania, Hungary, the Czech Republic and Slovakia on November 19th, 2014 requires that these four countries have a unique price of electricity traded on the spot markets. The capacity allocation between Romania and Hungary, the only country of the 3 with which Romania has a border, is made by the carriers: Transelectrica and MAVIR, through the common mechanism, based on a bilateral agreement.

21. **OPERATING REVENUES (continued)**

Starting with 2016, the UIOSI principle has been implemented at the border with Bulgaria, and starting with 2017 at the border with Serbia as well, According to this principle the participants not using the capacity won at the annual and monthly auctions, are compensated (by Transelectrica) for that capacity. The spare capacity is subsequently sold in the daily auctions. On the Hungarian border the direction is reversed, meaning that MAVIR compensates the participants for the unused capacities.

The market for interconnection capacity allocation is fluctuating, the prices evolve depending on demand and the need of the participants on the energy market to purchase interconnection capacity.

Using the net incomes from the interconnection capacity allocation is achieved in accordance with Article 22 (4) of the ANRE Order no, 53 / 2013 and Article 16 (6) of the Regulation (EC) no, 714 / 2009, as a source of financing for upgrading and development of the interconnection capacity with the neighboring systems.

Revenues from technological system services

The revenues from technological system services have registered a decrease in 2017 compared to 2016 in the amount of 66,472, mainly determined by the decrease of the average tariff approved by ANRE for these services (according to the table on the average tariffs approved by ANRE for the analyzed periods, presented above), given that the amount of electricity delivered registered an increase of 2,3%.

In 2017, the revenues from the technological system services decreased with the amount of 78,993 compared to the expenses for the acquisition of technological system services, while in 2016, the revenues from the technological system services were higher with the amount of 87,775, The loss was caused by the unfavorable conditions on the energy market resulting in higher average unit prices at auctions compared to the predicted unit prices that were at the basis of the calculation of the tariff for the technological system services, as well as the partial recovery of the profit realized in the year previously and the profit recorded in earlier periods, on a zero profit segment.

This amount lowers the gross profit of the Company reported on December 31st, 2017.

Revenues on the balancing market

- The income from the balancing market have registered an increase in 2017 compared to 2016, with the amount of 490,533, determined by:
- the high degree of unpredictability and volatility of production from renewable sources (especially wind),
- over-contracting / subcontracting on the markets prior to the balancing market (given that PRE s did not have significant notification imbalance values) and reduced participation / trading on the intra-day electricity market, The increasing of the negative imbalance registered at the level of the suppliers of electricity on the balancing market, ie increasing the imbalance between the notified net contractual position and the actually supplied energy;
- the very low temperatures recorded in the first quarter of 2017, which generated the recording of higher values of the electricity consumption in the operation of the NES;
- the increase in electricity consumption amid the severe weather phenomena recorded in July and August 2017 (heat in late July and early August, strong wind with storm in July, so the production in wind power plants varied a lot during the day and with large production variations from one hour to the next);
- Hydraulic evolution (low hidraulicity).

Balancing market is an activity with zero profit to the Company.

Other revenues

"Other revenues" earned in 2017, have been higher than the ones earned in 2016, This development was mainly determined by the collection of fines and penalty payments in 2017, amounting to 6,021 (Arelco Power SRL with the amount of 3,215 and Enol Grup SA with the amount of 2,541 etc), compared to the collection of fines and penalty payments in 2016, amounting to 31.

22. SYSTEM OPERATING EXPENSES AND BALANCING MARKET EXPENSES

The system operating and balancing market expenses are as follows in 2017 and 2016:

	2017	2016
Expenses on own technological consumption	206,992	182,981
Congestion costs	241	2,931
Electricity consumption in ETG stations	14,411	15,383
Expenses with functional system services	16,336	12,687
ITC expenses (Inter TSO Compensation)	19,937	16,775
Total Operational Expenses	257,917	230,757
Expenses with technological system services	661,323	561,027
Balancing market expenses	1,304,613	814,080
Total		
	2,223,853	1,605,864

Expenses on own technological consumption

These represent the acquisition expenses of electricity in the free market of energy for covering its own technological consumption (CPT) in RET.

In 2017, these expenses have increased with the amount of 24,011 compared to the ones registered in 2016, given the reduction of the electricity quantity necessary to cover the OTC in PTG with ca, 4,6% (from 1,014,566 MWh in 2016, down to 968,042 MWh in 2017).

The energy crisis registered in the first quarter of 2017, determined by the very low temperatures, compared to the similar period of the year 2016, in conjunction with the extension of the unavailability of the main power production plants, have determined the sudden increase of prices on the Day-Ahead Market (DAM), Intra-Day Market (IDM) and on the Balancing Market (BM), regarding the purchase of electricity for the own technological consumption.

Thus, in 2017, the electricity for covering the OTC has been purchased on the free energy market, namely on the Centralized Market for Electricity Bilateral Contracts (CMBC), the Day–Ahead Market (DAM), the Balancing Market (BM) and the Intra–Day Market (IDM) at the average purchase price of 213,7 lei/MWh, compared to the average purchase price of 180,3 lei/MWh in 2016.

Expenses on congestions

Congestions (network restrictions) are requests for electricity transmission beyond the technical capacity of the network, requiring corrective actions from the transmission and system operator and occur in the situation in which, in the programming of the operation or the operation in real time, the power flow between two nodes or system areas leads to the non-accomplishment of the safety parameters in the operation of a power system. In 2017, the expenses on congestions have been registered in the amount of 241,042, being lower than the ones registered in 2016, the latter amounting to 2,931,

The registered congestion expenses in 2016 amounted to 2,931 resulted to a great extent from accidental disconnections as a consequence of bad meteorological conditions recorded in the first part of 2016 (Tariverde – Tulcea Vest 400 kV OHL, in the month of January 2016, Iernut – Gadalin 400 kV OHL, Iernut – Baia Mare III 220 kV OHL, in the month of June 2016).

In order to comply with the safety criterion in the Dobrogea region, the balancing market reduced the values notified by the Dobrogea WPP, which inputs into the 110 kV electricity grid from Dobrogea (except for the Pantelimon WPP and the Cerna WPP) and into the Tariverde 400 kV OHL substation.

22. SYSTEM OPERATING EXPENSES AND BALANCING MARKET EXPENSES (continued)

Expenses with functional system services

The expenses on the functional system services represent the non-contracted international exchanges of electricity with the neighboring countries and the expenses on unplanned exchanges on the Day-Ahead Market.

These expenditures have registered an increase amounted to 3,649 in 2017 compared to 2016, mainly determined by the increase in the expenditures on the balancing market and the day-ahead market regarding the unplanned electricity exchanges (exports) with the neighbouring countries connected to the NPS, due to the rise in prices on the centralized electricity markets.

ITC (Inter TSO Compensation) expenses

ITC expenses, amounting to 19,937, represent the monthly payment obligations/rights of collection for each transmission system operator (TSO), They are established within the compensation / settlement mechanism for the effects of using the electricity transmission grid (RET) for transits of electricity between TSO operators from 35 countries that acceded to this mechanism of the ENTSO-E, In year 2017, these expenditures have increased by 3,161 compared to 2016.

Expenses with the technological system services

The technological system services are purchased by the Company from producers in order to comply with the operational security limits of the NPS and of the quality of the electricity transmitted at the parameters required by the technical norms in force, The contracting of these services is performed:

- in a regulatory manner, based on Government Decisions and Decisions of the National Energy Regulatory Authority (ANRE);
- through competitive mechanisms,

According to GD no. 138/April 8th, 2013 on the adoption of measures regarding the electricity supply security, in the period April 15th, 2013 - July 1st, 2015, the Company purchased technological system services according to the terms of the regulations issued by ANRE, from SC Complexul Energetic Hunedoara SA, at an electrical power value of at least 400 MW and from SC Complexul Energetic Oltenia SA at an electrical power value of at least 600 MW, According to the provisions of GD no. 941/October 29th, 2014, the enforcement deadline for the provisions of Government Decision no, 138/2013, for SC Complexul Energetic Hunedoara SA, was extended until December 31st, 2017.

For the period January 1st - March 31st, 2017, the purchase of technological system services was conducted in the regulatory regime (slow tertiary reserve) according to GD no, 844/November 9th, 2016, as subsequently amended and supplemented, by which the "Winter Program in the Energy Sector for Assuring the safety and stability of the NES" was approved.

In the timeframe January 1st - June 30th, 2017, the purchase of the technological system services has been conducted under regulated regime from SC Hidroelectrica SA (ANRE Decision no, 1035/June 22th, 2016) and from SC Complexul Energetic Hunedoara SA (ANRE Decision no. 1034/June 22th, 2016).

In the period July 1st - December 31st, 2017, the purchase of technological system services has been conducted under regulated regime from SC Hidroelectrica SA (ANRE Decision no, 906/June 22th, 2017) and from SC Complexul Energetic Hunedoara SA (ANRE Decision no. 907/June 22th, 2017).

In 2017 the technological system services expenses registered an increase compared to 2016 amounting to 100,296, generated by the purchase prices for technological system services on the competitive market which were higher than the regulated prices.

A significant influence in the rise of prices for purchasing technological system services on the competitive market was generated by the increase in prices registered on the electricity market in 2017.

An important influence in the increase of the purchasing cost of TSS on the competitive market was also the extremely high level of concentration of the technological system services market by service type (secondary reserve, fast tertiary reserve, slow tertiary reserve), This extreme concentration of the market has created favorable conditions for the manifestation and exercise of power on the market, granted to certain participants by their dominant positions held (Hidroelectrica SA for SR and FTR, Romgaz for STR).

CNTEE Transelectrica SA re-invoices the value of the technological system services purchased from producers, to the electricity suppliers licensed by ANRE, entities who ultimately benefit from these services.

22. SYSTEM OPERATING EXPENSES AND BALANCING MARKET EXPENSES (continued)

Balancing Market Expenses

The expenses from 2017 related to the balancing market amounted to 1,304,613 following the evolution presented in the chapter

Revenues on the balancing market,

These expenses result from the notifications/achievements of the participants on this market, and are fully covered by the income from the balancing market.

23. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

	2017	2016
Other third party services	22,694	72,954
Postage and telecommunications	1,592	1,748
Rent	11,062	10,840
Net operating expense for impairment adjustments of trade receivables	22,179	21,874
Net operating expenses for impairment adjustments of other receivables	(9,467)	_
Value adjustments for fixed assets	-	16,830
Losses on receivables	45,081	-
Net operating expense for adjustments related to inventory impairment	1,612	-
Expenses with late payment increases due to the state budget *	99,928	
Other operating expenses	28,173	6,237
Total	222,854	130,483

The increase of these expenses in 2017 compared to 2016 was mainly due to:

- between 14.12.2011-30.06.2017 the ANAF-DGAMC control regarding the 2005-2010 time period took place. Following the inspection, a tax inspection report was issued, concluded with the Tax Decision no. F-MC 439 / 30.06.2017, supplemented with additional notes on the date of 12.07.2017.

- the amount of 99,891 consists of 99,013 (according to the Decision mentioned above) to which accessories in the amount of 877, for the period 01.07.2017-26.09.2017, the date of extinguishment of the obligation to ANAF-DGAMC have been added.

- the amount of 99,013 consists of the amount of 35,105 representing additional debts (incometax and value added tax) and the amount of 63,908 representing additional tax liabilities (interest / increases and late payment penalties).

The additional tax liability structure in the amount of 35,105 is shown in the table below:

Reference year	2005*	2006*	2007*	2008	2009	2010	Total
Income Tax	231	13,578	5,224	809	1,979	1,671	23,493
VAT	0	76	6,200	773	2,417	2,147	11,613
	231	13,654	11,424	1,582	4,396	3,818	35,105

*Note:

1) Period 1: September2005 - November 2007: 123 missing invoices, justified by the Company as being burned in the fire that occurred on the night of June $26t^{h}$ - 27^{th} , 2009, at the Millennium Business Center building working point in. 2-4 Armand Calinescu street, sector 2;

2) Period 2: December 2006 - May 2007: 349 invoices found missing in the same fire

3) The VAT for the period 1 for a number of 123 invoices and that is not found in the above amounts, being detained in another fiscal inspection report (FIR) issued in 2011, litigation lost by the Company on 30.04.2014 and definitively on 01.03.2017. For the amount paid by the Company (44,443) adjustments for the receivables impairment has been registered in 2012 and 2014. In 2017, the receivable loss expense was recorded simultaneously with the reversal of the impairment adjustment, with zero effect.

4) Income tax for the 123 burned invoices: 13,735

5) Income tax for the 349 burned invoices: 4.787

23. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (continued)

6) VAT collected for the 349 burned invoices: 5.695

Amounts highlighted under 4), 5) and 6) represent the amounts of the FIR ended on 30.06.2017.

Interests / increases and penalties for late payment from the beginning of the period up to the date of execution are shown below:

	**Amounts for 2005-2016	Amounts for 2017	Total
Interest/ delay increases and penalties for Income Tax	47,974	1,704	49,678
Interest/ delay increases and penalties for for VAT	14,745	362	15,107
	62,719	2,066	64,785

** Note:

1) Accessories for the 123 burned invoices: 31.429

2) Accessories related to 349 burned invoices: 22.591

Apart from the details presented in the previous Notes the ANAF-DGAMC findings for the 2005-2010 period include both additional liabilities and accessories corresponding to the unrealized technological system services provided in the framework agreements approved by ANRE, for which Transelectrica records revenues from penalties. At the same time, the ANAF-DGAMC detained additional liabilities and accessories corresponding to the Court of Auditors findings regarding the expenses that were not aimed at the continuous training of the employees, and which are not forms of professional training and for which the Court of Auditors Decision no. 14/2011 was issued.

In 2017, the Company challenged the ANAF Taxation Decision and, given that until March 13, 2018, the ANAF-DGAMC had failed to resolve the appeal, it requested the annulment of the Decision by the Court of Appeal of Bucharest file No 1802/2/2018.

Thus, by eliminating from the Other Expenses the amount of 97,824 related to the debts and interest / increases and delay penalties from the ANAF Decision, the recalculated operating profit is as follows:

	2017	2016
Revenues		
Transmission revenues	1,054,629	1,146,257
Revenues from system services	650,746,	716,340
Revenues on the balancing market	1,304,613	814,080
Other revenues	58,015	61,411
Total revenues	3,068,004	2,738,088
Or crusting company		
Operating expenses	(257.017)	(220.757)
System operating expenses	(257,917)	(230,757)
Expenses on the balancing market	(1,304,613)	(814,080)
Expenses regarding the technological system services	(661,323)	(561,027)
Depreciation	(321,027)	(331,433)
Personnel expenses	(237,262)	(271,938)
Expenses for repair and maintenance	(52,383)	(28,913)
Expenses for materials and consumables	(22,206)	(27,741)
Other operating expenses - revised	(122,963)	(130,483)

CN TRANSELECTRICA SA NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2016 (All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

Total Operating Expenses -revised	(2,979,694)	(2,396,372)
Operating profit- revised	88,310	341,716

The Company considered that the tax base was not reasonably determined by ANAF, depending on the fully regulated nature of the activity on the electricity market, this being determined in proportionally to the number and value of the invoices issued in the period under review. Transelectrica has been entitled to bring court action because it believes that ANAF did not consider all data and documents relevant to the estimate as required by the Fiscal Procedure Code applicable at that time. Thus, the Company sued ANAF at the Bucharest Court of Appeal in August 2012 for the recovery of the sum and requested in the probationary case to be admitted the proof sample and the evidence with the judicial expertise.

On September 18th, 2013 the report of expertise was issued and submitted to the case file on the 20 September 2013 term, On the 18 October 2013 term the parties expressed objections to the judiciary expertise report, which were admitted by the Appeal Court on the 15 November 2013 term and were notified to the designated expert. On the 7 March 2014 term the expert submitted the answer to the Company's objections, As against the revenues taken into account by ANAF, used by ANAF when estimating the collected value added tax amounting to 16,303, the judiciary accounting expertise report found unjustified revenues in sum of 551,013 to which sum the value added tax and accessories to it should have been calculated. The hearing was deferred in order to acknowledge the answer to the objections made to the expertise report.

On the hearing date 30,04,2014 the settlement pronounced by the first instance, the Appeal Court Bucharest, Section VIII of Administrative and Fiscal Disputes (Ruling 1356/2014) in File 6657/2/2012 was: "Denies the request of claimant CNTEE Transelectrica SA (Contestation against the Administrative fiscal deed of ANAF)".

The Company filed appeal by requesting to be set within the term submitted in this file, with hearing term set on 07.04.2016, session that took place in the High Court of Cassation and Justice, Administrative and Fiscal Disputes Section. On 07.04.2016 a new term was set on 02.06.2016 for absence of procedure, term when the instance deferred pronouncement on 16.06.2016.

On this term the High Court of Cassation and Justice, Administrative and Fiscal Disputes Section pronounced ruling 1945/16.06.2016, stipulating as follows: "Admits the request and resets the recurrent-claimant within the appeal filing term, Denies as groundless the appeal filed by the National Power Grid Company Transelectrica against Sentence 1365 of 30 April 2014 of the Appeal Court Bucharest, Section VIII of administrative and fiscal disputes section, Irrevocable, Pronounced at public hearing today, 16 June 2016", Ruling 1945/16,06,2016 pronounced by the High Court of Cassation and Justice was notified to the Company by photocopy.

Contest for annulment was filed against the ruling 1945/16,06,2016 submitted to the High Court of Cassation and Justice. On 01.03.2017 the High Court of Cassation and Justice decided in ruling 779 as follows: "denies the exception of inadmissibility of contestation for cancellation filed by contender Transelectrica SA, invoked by statement by the respondent in appeal General Directorate Administrating Large Tax Payers, Denies as groundless the contestation for cancellation filed by contender Transelectrica SA against civil ruling 1945 of 16 June 2016 of the High Court of Cassation and Justice, Section of administrative and fiscal disputes, pronounced in file 6657/2/2012, Irrevocable", Until the elaboration date of these financial statements the Company has not received the printed ruling 779/01.03.2017.

The additional payable liabilities set by ANAF-DGAMC under the taxation decision 62/2011 were registered under "other operational expenses" by including the provision constituted in the financial years 2012 and 2014 into revenues.

- Recording within the indicator "operational expenses regarding depreciation allowances for current assets" the depreciation allowances for:
 - Elcomex IEA SA in the amount of 31,868;
 - Arelco Power SRL in the amount of 18,782;
 - other uncertain clients and various debtors amounting to 7,602 (Elsaco Energy SRL, Eva Energy, Enol Grup SA, CET Govora SA, PetProd SRL, etc.).

24. NET FINANCIAL RESULT

	2017	2016
Interest revenues	5,664	5,844
Foreign exchange gains	11,501	21,470
Other financial income	64	1,322
Total financial income	17,229	28,676
Interest expenses	(19,231)	24,382
Foreign exchange losses	(21,623)	22,727
Other financial expenses		1,411
Total financial expenses	40,854	48,520
Net financial result	(23,625)	(19,844)

The decrease of the net financial in 2017 compared to 2016, in the amount of 4,092, was negatively influenced by the evolution of the exchange rate of the national currency in relation to foreign currencies in which the Company has contracted bank loans for financing the investment programs (Euros, Dollars), which led to the decrease in exchange-rate income to be only partly offset by exchange and interest rate fluctuations, amid a 30% decrease in the Other Financial Income position.

The average exchange rate of the national currency registered on December 31^{st} , 2017, compared to the one registered on December 31^{st} , 2016 is as follows:

Currency	31,12,2017	31,12,2016
Lei / Euro	4,6597	4,5411
Lei / USD	3,8915	4,3033
Lei / 100 Japanes yen	3,4574	3,6834

25. THE LEGISLATIVE AND FISCAL FRAMEWORK

The legal and fiscal environment in Romania and its implementation into practice changes regularly and is subject to different interpretations by various Ministries of the Government, Income tax returns are subject to review and correction by the tax authorities for a period generally of five years subsequent to their filing, Management believes that it has adequately provided for tax liabilities in the accompanying financial statements; however, the risk remains that tax authorities could take differing positions with regards to the interpretation of these issues, Their impact cannot be estimated at this time.

26. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

i) Commitments

As of December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, the Company had commitments amounting to 1,121,770 and 1,036,117 mainly representing ongoing contracts related to the investment program for the modernization and upgrading of the transmission grid

ii) Land plots used by the Company

As per the Group'spolicy, the financial statements include only the value of the land for which certificates authenticating the ownership rights have been obtained as of the date of the financial statements.

According to Law No. 99/1999, in case the Company obtains the title deeds for lands after the privatization, the land will be considered as contribution in kind of the State. These plots of lands are firstly recognized in other reserves, In this respect, the Company will increase the share capital in line with the value of the lands, and the beneficiary of this increase will be the Romanian State, In accordance with Art. 130 of Law 297/2004 regarding the capital market, "the increase in the share capital of a listed company on a regulated market will be made with the possibility for the other shareholders to maintain their percentage in the share capital of that company".

As of the date of the issuance of these financial statements, the external legal opinion received by the management of the Group following the acquisition of legal consultancy, assistance and/or representation services needed for the share capital increase states that in the absence of other changes or clarifications in the legal framework, the general legal provisions applicable to the companies are contradictory with regards to the increase provisions for companies regulated by the privatization law. Taking into consideration the steps undertaken by the Group for the share capital increase by the value of the land plots for which certificates authenticating the ownership rights have been obtained, O.P.S.P.I. has communicated to the Group that in their opinion, the share capital increase should be performed after the changes in the legal framework.

iii) Pending disputes

The management regularly analyses the ongoing litigations, and after consulting with its legal representatives decides the need to create provisions for the amounts involved or of their presentation in the financial reports.

Taking into account the existing information, the management of the Company considers that there are no significant disputes in progress in which the Company is defendant, except for the following disputes:

• Pending with the Mehedinti Court – Section II Civil, Administrative and Fiscal Litigation Section, the **file no. 3616/101/2014** was recorded, involving the "claims in the amount of 1,091, counter value of invoice no. 1300215/31.12.2013", a file in which the Company is the defendant, the plaintiff being the Autonomous Authority for Nuclear Activities – RAAN.

By civil sentence no, 127 ruled on October 10th, 2014, the Mehedinti Court admitted the request lodged by plaintiff RAAN and ordered CNTEE Transelectrica SA to pay the amount of 1,091, the counter value of invoice no, 1300215/31.12.2013.

The amount requested for payment represents penalties calculated by RAAN for the bonus due from the support scheme and withheld from payment by the Company, in its capacity as Administrator of the support scheme, who enforced the provisions of Article 17 (5) of ANRE's Order no, 116 / 2013 (see Note 9).

The amount was enforced by RAAN on July 15th, 2016, as per the Decision issued by the Bankruptcy Receiver Office Ailiesei si Guta in the enforcement file no. 12105/2016.

By civil decision no. 843/2015, the Craiova Court of Appeal rejected the appeal filed by CNTEE Transelectrica SA against civil sentence no, 127/10.10.2014, as lacking interest, Against the decision no, 843/May 11th, 2015 of the Court of Appeal Craiova - Section II Civil, pronounced in the public hearing from May 11th, 2015, in file no, 3616/101/2014, as well as against the decision no. 127/2014 of the Mehedinti Court- Section II Civil, Administrative and Fiscal Litigation, pronounced in the public hearing from October 10th, 2014, in file no, 3616/101/2014, as well as against the Decision no, 1/2015 of the Mehedinti Court - Section II Civil, Administrative and Fiscal Litigation, pronounced in the public hearing from October 10th, 2014, in file no, 3616/101/2014, as well as against the Decision no, 1/2015 of the Mehedinti Court - Section II Civil, Administrative and Fiscal Litigation, pronounced in the public hearing from January 9th, 2015, in file no, 3616/101/2014, CNTEE Transelectrica SA filed an appeal asking the court to allow the appeal as it was filed and to reverse the judgment and sentences under appeal and to refer the case to the trial court in the territorial jurisdiction for judgement, and to declare the compliance with the requirements of Articles 1616 and 1617 of the Civil Code, reason for which it is being required to declare the intervention of the compensation of mutual debts, and their redemption up to the amount of the smallest of them, namely the total amount requested by the plaintiff in the application for summons, ordering the appellee - plaintiff to pay the expenses occurred with this appeal.

The appeal was registered on the docket of the High Court of Cassation and Justice who decided to reverse decision no, 843/2015 and to remand the case for retrial to the same court, the Court of Appeal Craiova.

By decision no, 124/2017, the Court of Appeal Craiova admitted the appeal declared by Transelectrica and remanded sentence no, 127/2014 pronounced by the Mehedinti Court, and the case was remanded for retrial to the Bucharest Court – Section VI Civil, On the docket of the Bucharest Court, the case was registered under no, 40444/3/2017 who, via civil sentence no. 4406/04.12.2017, admitted the request lodged by RAAN and ordered Transelectrica to pay the amount of 1,090,831,70 lei. The decision is subject to appeal in higher court.

In the period 2014 - 2015, the Company has retained the due support scheme bonus from payment to RAAN, pursuant to the provisions of the ANRE regulations, namely the Article 17 (5) of ANRE Chairman's Order no. 116/2013.

Under these conditions, RAAN calculated penalties for late payment of the due cogeneration bonus in the amount of 3,497, withheld from the payment by the Company in the account of non-cashed receivables, The amount of 3,497 was refused for payment by the Company and was not registered as a liability in the support scheme.

• Pending with the Mehedinti Court - Section II Civil, Administrative and Fiscal Litigations, the file no.

9089/101/2013/a138 was recorded, involving the "presidential ordinance", a file in which the Company is the defendant, the plaintiff being the Autonomous Authority for Nuclear Activities - RAAN – debtor in insolvency,

Through the sentence no, 63/2016, the court ordered the defendant to continue the electricity transmission and system services necessary for continuing the activity throughout the judicial reorganization of the RAAN.

Transelectrica filed an appeal against that decision.

On May 10th, 2016, the Craiova Court of Appeal delivered its judgment no, 457/05,10,2016, which ordered the following: "Dismisses the appeal, Rejects the appeal as ill-founded. Final."

Also, the hearing of the appeal declared by RAAN against the decision of starting the bankruptcy proceedings, subject of file no. **9089/101/2013/a137** before the Court of Appeal Craiova, was postponed until May 31st, 2016, when the case was taken for judgement,.

Through the Decision no, 563/June 14th, 2016, the Court of Appeal Craiova - Section II Civil rejected the appeals lodged against interim decision no, 10/January 28th, 2016, ruled by the Mehedinti Court - Section II Civil, Administrative and Fiscal Litigation Section.

• Pending with the Mehedinti Court – Section II Civil, Administrative and Fiscal Litigation Section, the file no. **1284/101/2015** was recorded, involving the "claims in the amount of 11,637,439,66i", a file in which the Company is the defendant, the plaintiff being the Autonomous Authority for Nuclear Activities – RAAN.

By the application for summons filed by the plaintiff, they asked Transelectrica SA to pay the amount of 11,637.

On May 22^{th} , 2015, the Mehedinti Court - Section II Civil, Administrative and Fiscal Litigation Section, ruled the sentence no, 41/2015, by which it ordered the following: 'Admits the exception for lacking territorial jurisdiction, Declines jurisdiction in favor of Bucharest Court, Section VI Civil, With no means of appeal." The file was registered to the Bucharest Court - Section VI Civil, under no. 24206 / 3 / 2015.

The applicant RAAN filed a request to amend the amount of the alleged right, seeking the increased amount of 17,806 from Transelectrica SA.

On November 3^{rd} , 2015, the Bucharest Court, Section VI Civil delivered the sentence no, 6075 / 2015, by which it ordered the following: 'Upholds the application in the way it was completed, Orders the defendant to pay the plaintiff the amount

of 17,806, representing the equivalent value of the bonus and penalties, Dismisses the application for granting legal expenses, lodged by the plaintiff, as ill-founded, With appeal within 30 days from communication, The appeal is lodged at the Bucharest Court - Section VI Civil."

The ruling was communicated on July 4th, 2016, according to the registration entry stamp of the correspondence with Transelectrica SA, An appeal was lodged against the sentence, By Hearing protocol from January 12^{th} , 2017, pronounced in the file no. 24206/3/2015, the Court of Appeal Bucharest ordered the postponement of the hearing of the appeal until the final settlement of the file no. 9089/101/2013/a152 on the docket of the Mehedinti Court, on the grounds of Article 413 (1) (1) of the New Civil Procedure Code, With appeal throughout the suspension.

The Court of Appeal Bucharest decided the suspension of the judgement of the case, considering that its settlement depends on the decision that shall be pronounced in file no. 9089/101/2013/a 152 on the docket of the High Court of Cassation and Justice, involving the challenge of the additional receivables table of the Autonomous Authority for Nuclear Activities SA.

• Pending with the Bucharest Court – Section VI Civil the **file no. 26024/3/2015** was recorded, involving the "claims", a file in which the Company is the defendant, the plaintiff being the Autonomous Authority for Nuclear Activities – RAAN.

By the application for summons filed by the applicant, they asked Transelectrica SA to pay the amount of 10,275.

The court reserved judgement on June 13th, 2016, postponing the ruling until June 27th, 2016 when, by hearing protocol, it ordered the redocking of the case in order to discuss the administration of additional evidence to establish mutual debts and compensation invoked by the defendant, to date, setting the next hearing on November 28th, 2016.

By Hearing protocol from November 28th, 2016, the Bucharest Court has suspended the cause according to Article 413 (1) of the New Civil Procedure Code, in conjunction with Article 411 (1) of the New Civil Procedure Code, With appeal throughout the suspension.

The Court of Bucharest decided the suspension of the judgement of the case, considering that its settlement depends on the decision to be ruled in file no, 3014/2/2014 on the docket of the High Court of Cassation and Justice, involving appeal - annulment of the Decision of the ANRE Chairman no.743/2014.

• Pending with the Bucharest Court – Section VI Civil the file no. 3694/3/2016 was recorded, involving the "claims", a file in which the Company is the defendant, the plaintiff being the Autonomous Authority for Nuclear Activities – RAAN.

By application for summons filed by the plaintiff, they asked Transelectrica SA to pay the amount of 15,699.

On the grounds of Article 413 (1) (1) of the Civil Procedure Code, on October 20^{th} , 2016, the Bucharest Court ordered the suspension of judgement until the final settlement of the file no. 3014/2/2014 on the docket of the High Court of Cassation and Justice, involving appeal – annulment of the Decision of the ANRE Chairman no, 743/2014, With appeal throughout the suspension.

• Pending with the Mehedinti Court - Section II Civil, Administrative and Fiscal Litigation Section, the file no.

9089/101/2013/a140 was recorded, involving the "claims in the amount of 86,513,430,67", a file in which the Company is the defendant, the plaintiff being the Autonomous Authority for Nuclear Activities – RAAN.

By application for summons filed by the plaintiff, they asked Transelectrica SA to pay the amount of 86,513.

On May 19th, 2016, the Mehedinti Court - Section II Civil, Administrative and Fiscal Litigation Section, pronounced a hearing protocol by which it ordered the following: "on the grounds of Article 413 (1) of the Civil Procedure Code, suspends the case until the settlement of the file no, 3014/2/2014 on the docket of the High Court of Cassation and Justice, With appeal throughout the suspension, Pronounced today, May 19th, 2016, in open court."

• We also mention the fact that, by the protocol dated on September 18^{th} , 2013, ruled by the Mehedinti Court in file no, 9089/101/2013, the opening of the general insolvency proceedings has been ordered against the debtor Autonomous Administration for Nuclear Activities R.A.(R.A.A.N.)

Through the sentence no. 387/March 20th, 2014, the Mehedinti Court confirmed the reorganization plan of the debtor Autonomous Administration for Nuclear Activities, proposed by the insolvency administrator Tudor & Partners SPRL and voted on by the General Assembly of Creditors according to the minutes of February 28th, 2014.

By interim decision no, 10/January 28^{th} , 2016, pronounced by the Mehedinti Court - Section II Civil, Administrative and Fiscal Litigation, the liquidator ordered the commencement of the bankruptcy procedure for the debtor pursuant to Article 107 (1) C of Law, no, 85/2006, and the dissolution of the debtor and cancellation of the debtor's right to administer,

Through the Decision no, 563/June 14th, 2016, the Court of Appeal Craiova - Section II Civil rejected the appeals lodged against interim decision no. 10/January 28th, 2016, ruled by the Mehedinti Court - Section II Civil, Administrative and Fiscal Litigation Section.

By the hearing protocol of June 30^{th} , 2016, Mehedinti Court - Section II Civil, Administrative and Fiscal Litigation Section set the new procedural time limit as follows: "Sets the deadline for the submission of claims arising in the proceedings to August 13^{rd} , 2016, Sets the deadline for the verification of claims arising during the procedure, preparation, display and communication of additional table of receivables on September 29th, 2016, , Sets the deadline for filing objections against receivables arising in the proceedings on October 9th, 2016 and for resolving the objections against

receivables arising in the proceedings on October 20th, 2016, Sets the deadline for the preparation and display of the consolidated final table on November 10tth, 2016."

Together with filing the receivables declaration in the bankruptcy proceedings of RAAN, Transelectrica SA may invoke the provisions of Article 52 of Law no, 85/2006, applicable to the bankruptcy proceedings for RAAN, provisions taken from Article 90 of Law no, 85/2014 concerning the creditor's right to invoke the compensation of his receivable with the one of the debtor, when the legal provisions on compensation in legal proceedings are completed on the date of commencement of the procedure, Transelectrica SA has been registered in the table of debtor RAAN with the amount of 11,264,777,30 lei under the category of receivables resulting from the continuation of the debtor's activity, the amount requested by our company being equal to 89,361, our amount of 78,096 not being registered in the preliminary table because "this is not listed as owed in RAAN's accounting records." Moreover, the liquidator considered that the request regarding the registration in the table of the amount equal to 78,096 is tardily filed, being related to the timeframe 2011 - 2013, reason for which the receivable declaration should have been filed at the moment of commencement of the insolvency proceedings, namely on September 18^{th} , 2013. Objection was filed against the Table. The Mehedinti Court approved the evidence with the audit expertise. The parties lodged objections against the audit expertise report, which were admitted by the court who set the hearing on February 22^{nd} , 2018.

• Following a verification conducted in 2013, the Court of Auditors issued several measures to be implemented by the Company as a result of a series of deficits identified within this verification, The decision and protocol issued by the Court

of Auditors have been appealed before the Court of Appeal Bucharest, the file no. 1658/2/2014 being constituted.

At the hearing from January 20^{th} , 2016, the court postponed the case so that the appointed accounting expert can express his point of view regarding the objections of the plaintiff against the expert report concerned and so that the technical expert can perform the expertise. On June 29^{th} , 2016, the court postponed the case so that the technical expertise report may be finished. The next hearing was set on October 26^{th} , 2016, and until the date of drafting this report, no other changes have been registered.

At the hearing from February 8th, 2017, the objections against the expert report have been notified, Postponement term 04,04,2018.

• CNTEE Transelectrica SA filed a complaint against the Order of the ANRE Chairman no, 51/June 26th, 2014, registered at ANRE under no, 47714/August 4th, 2014, and an appeal before the Court of Appeal Bucharest, subject of the file no.

4921/2/2014, requesting either the amendment of the aforementioned Order, or the issuance of a new order, which should recalculate the RRR value at the level of 9,87% (recalculated with a (β) coefficient of 1,0359, according to the internal analyses conducted by Transelectrica) or, should this request be rejected, using the same percentage of 8,52% set by ANRE for the year of 2013 and for the first semester of 2014.

On June 26th, 2014, the ANRE Order no, 51 was issued, published in the Official Journal under no, 474/June 27th, 2014 on the approval of the average tariff for the transmission service, the tariff for the system service and the zonal tariffs for the transmission service, payable to the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica" - SA, and the repealing of Addendum no, 1 of the ANRE Chairman's Order no, 96/2013 regarding the approval of the average tariff for the transmission service, the tariff for the system service, the zonal tariffs for the transmission service and the tariffs for the transmission service, the tariff for the system service and the tariffs for the transmission service, the tariff for the system service, the zonal tariffs for the transmission service and the tariffs for the reactive electrical energy, payable to economic agents from the electricity sector.

The values taken into consideration for calculating the Regulated Rate on Return (RRR^1) by ANRE, according to the Methodology on establishing the tariffs for the electricity transmission service, approved by ANRE Order no. 53/2013 ("the Methodology") have determined a RRR value of 7,7%.

CNTEE Transelectrica SA considers that the enforcement of the provisions of Article 51 of the Methodology on establishing the Beta (β) parameter at the value of 0,432 shall determine the financial damage of the company by decreasing the rentability with an estimated value of 138,4 mil, lei³, having a significant impact on the financial interests of the company.

At the hearing from February 9^{th} , 2016, the court admitted the evidence with the audit expertise - specialization financial investments and other entities of movable goods, extended the discussion on the technical evidence discussion – electro-

energetic specialization, after administering the evidence with the audit expertise - specialization financial investments and other entities of movable goods.

At the hearings from March 25th, 2016, April 22nd, 2016, June 10th, 2016 and March 3rd, 2017, the court postponed the judgement of the cause because of the missing technical expertise report, The next hearing was set for March 27th, 2018,

• On March 4th, 2014, the European Commission issued a communication stating that it has imposed a fine of 1,031,000 EUR to the subsidiary of SC OPCOM S,A, for the abuse of dominant position on the Romanian market in order to facilitate the trading of electricity on the spot market, in breach of the EU antitrust rules, The Company was included in the trial acting as parent company to the subsidiary SC OPCOM S,A, being jointly responsible for paying the fine.

The General Assembly of the subsidiary SC OPCOM SA shareholders, at the meeting from June 10th, 2014, decided upon full payment of the fine amounting to 1,031,000 euro imposed by the Directorate General for Competition – European Commission for breaching of Article 102 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, according to the Decision no. AT 39984 in the antitrust case, The subsidiary SC OPCOM SA has made full payment of the fine set by the European Commission.

On November 24th, 2014, the subsidiary SC OPCOM SA summoned CNTEE Transelectrica SA in order to force it to pay the amount of 582,086,31 euro (2,585 at the National Bank of Romania exchange rate from November 24th, 2014), representing the amount paid by her as fine, from the total of the fine amounting to 1,031,000 euro.

¹ RRR - Regulated Rate on Return is presented in the technical literature as WACC – Weighted Average Cost of Capital – translated as Weighted Average Cost of Capital, the equation of both indicators being similar: RRR = WACC = CCP + Kp/(1 – T) + CCl x Ki

² The value that caused the decrease of the RRR to 7.7% 3 Calculated value compared to the DDD of 8.52%

³ Calculated value compared to the RRR of 8.52%

Also, the subsidiary SC OPCOM SA requested the court to order the Company to pay the amount of 85 as lawful interest related to the period between June 11th, 2014 - November 24th, 2014, plus legal expenses amounting to 38.

The action filed by the subsidiary SC OPCOM SA is subject of the **file no**, **40814/3/2014** on the docket of the Bucharest Court, Section VI Civil, involving claims, litigation with professionals matter, CNTEE Transelectrica SA has lodged counterclaim against the application for summons in this case, invoking exceptions and defenses on the main issue of the matter regarding the unfounded and unlawful character of the action.

On July 24th, 2015, the Bucharest Court ruled the judgement no, 4275/2015, by which it ordered the following: "Admits the application for summons filed by plaintiff Romanian Gas and Electricity Market Operator - OPCOM S,A, against defendant National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica" S,A, Orders the defendant to pay the plaintiff the amount of 582,086,31 euro, representing the amount paid by the plaintiff in the defendant's stead from the fine in the amount of

1,031,000 euro, imposed by the Decision of the European Commission on March 5^{th} , 2014 in the case no. AT.39984 and of the lawful interest related to the amount of 582,086,31 euro, calculated on June 11^{th} , 2014 and up until de day of the actual payment, Orders the defendant to pay the plaintiff the amount of 38 as legal expenses, With right of appeal within 30 days from notification, The request for appeal shall be lodged before the Bucharest Court – Section VI Civil."

Against sentence no, 4275/2015, pronounced in the aforementioned file, Transelectrica SA filed an appeal, which was registered on the docket of the Court of Appeal Bucharest, The resolution of the Court of Appeal is the following: Admits the appeal, Changes the appealed civil sentence completely, meaning that it rejects the application for summons as ill-founded, Orders the appellee - plaintiff to pay the trial expenses to the appellant - defendant amounting to 16,129, representing legal stamp duty, With appeal within 30 days from notification, Ruled in open court today, October 10th, 2016, Document: Decision 1517/2016 from October 10th, 2016.

OPCOM S.A. filed a second appeal, The High Court of Cassation and Justice decided the following: Grants, in principle, the appellant-plaintiff Operatorul Pieței de Energie Electrică și Gaze Naturale – OPCOM S,A, motion against decision no, 1517/10,10,2016, ruled by the Bucharest Court of Appeal – Section V Civil, Sets the hearing for solving the appeal on March 13th, 2018, The parties will be summoned, Ruled in open court today, December 5th, 2017.

In 2014, the company recorded a provision amounting to 2,670 for the litigation with the subsidiary SC OPCOM SA.

• In 2013, Conaid Company SRL took legal actions against CNTEE Transelectrica for the unjustified refusal of the latter to sign an addendum to the connection agreement or to sign a new connection agreement, and requested the compensation for costs incurred up to that time, amounted to 17,420 and loss of profit for the period 2013 - 2033 amounting to EUR 722,756,000. So far, the Company did not conclude an addendum to the connection agreement because the suspensive provisions included therein have not been met by Conaid Company SRL, A new connection agreement would have had to be concluded by March 11th, 2014, the date on which the technical connection permit has expired, On the date of these financial statements, the amounts claimed by Conaid Company SRL were regarded as contingent liabilities as it is unlikely to settle this obligation, there will be necessary outflows of resources embodying economic benefits and the value of

obligation cannot be evaluated with sufficient reliability.

The file no. 5302/2/2013 was on the docket of the High Court, involving the obligation of issuing of an administrative document, the procedural stage – second appeal, the hearing being on December 9th, 2015. At this hearing, the High Court of Cassation and Justice admitted, in principle, the second appeals and set the hearing, in substance, of the second appeals on April 8th, 2016, Formation 4, summoning the parties. The case trial was postponed for the date of June 17th, 2016, when the court reserved judgement, postponing the judgement until June 29th, 2016, when it pronounced Decision no. 2148/2016, by which it ordered the following: 'Rejects the exceptions invoked by the appellant - plaintiff S.C. Conaid Company S.R.L. via insolvency administrator RVA Insolvency Specialists SPRL, and by the appellant - defendant National Company for Energy Transportation Transelectrica S.A. Admits the second appeal filed by the defendant National Company for Energy Transportation Transelectrica S.A. against the hearing protocol of February 18th, 2014 and the civil sentence no. 1866 of June 11th, 2014, pronounced by the Court of Appeal Bucharest - Section VIII. Administrative and Fiscal Litigation Section, Partially invalidates the contested protocol and judgment and refers the case to the Bucharest Court - Section VI Civil, for settlement of the application of the plaintiff sought against the National Power Grid Company Transelectrica S,A, Maintains the other provisions of the sentence concerning the plaintiff's action against the National Regulatory Authority for Energy, Rejects the second appeals of the plaintiff SC Conaid Company S,R,L, via insolvency administrator RVA Insolvency Specialists SPRL and the intervener S,C, Duro Felguera S.A. against the civil sentence no, 1866 of June 11th, 2014 pronounced by the Bucharest Court of Appeal – Section VIII.

Administrative and Fiscal Litigation, Rejects the second appeal filed by the defendant National Power Grid Company Transelectrica S,A, against the hearing protocol from March 25th, 2014, pronounced by the Bucharest Court of Appeal - Section VIII, Administrative and Fiscal Litigation, Final, Ruled in open court today, June 29th, 2016.

On the docket of Bucharest Court – Section VI Civil, the case was registered under no, 12107/3/2017, By civil sentence no, 4364/23.11.2017, the Court admits the exception to the ineligibility of the claim and rejects it as ineligible, It also rejects the motion to intervene in the interest of the plaintiff, With right of appeal within 30 days from notification, The appeal is lodged at the Bucharest Court - Section VI Civil, Sent to the parties via registry today, November 23^{rd} , 2017.

Following a verification conducted in 2017, the Court of Auditors issued several measures to be implemented by the Company as a result of a series of deficits identified within this verification, CNTEE Transelectrica SA filed a total of 8 objections against the measures ruled by the Romanian Court of Auditors (CCR) via Decision no, 8/27,06,2017 requesting

the annulment thereof, as well as the Decision no, 77/03,08,2017 registered with the Company's secretariat under no, 29117/08,08,2017, as well as the Control Report no, 19211/26.05.2017.

• Case file no. 47332/3/2017 on the docket of the Bucharest Court - Section VI Civil, by which the company FF Wind Energy International SRL requests the following against CNTEE Transelectrica SA: - the annulment of the unilateral statement for the termination of the PTG connection agreement no, 85/14,03,2011 issued on March 2nd, 2016 under no, 8295, - ordering the Company to pay the amount of 33 mil, lei as damages following the termination of the agreement and to pay the amount of 45,000,000 euro as the amount of depreciation of the company FF Wind Energy International SRL caused by the impairment of its purpose, Status of the file: in preliminary proceedings for notification of the action and filing statement of defense.

• Also, the company is involved in significant litigations in which it has the quality of plaintiff, especially for debt recovery (e,g, Eco Energy SRL, Petprod SRL, Total Electric Oltenia SA, Arcelormittal Galati SA, Regia Autonoma de Activitati Nucleare, Romenergy Industry SRL, Energy Holding SRL, UGM Energy Trading SRL, CET Iasi, CET Bacau, CET Braila, CET Govora, CET Brasov, Elsaco Energy SRL, Elsaco Esco, Arelco Power SRL, Arelco Energy SRL, Inversolar Energy SA), The company recorded adjustments for value losses for the customers and other receivables in litigation and for the customers in bankruptcy, The Company also acted as plaintiff in a dispute with ANAF as shown in Note 23, and starting with the year 2018 is the plaintiff in a new litigation against ANAF.

At the same time, the Company Transelectrica SA is also involved in litigation with former members of the Directorate and the Supervisory Board, regarding the mandate contracts concluded between the Company and them.

The management of the Company considers it is likely that there will be no cases in which an outflow of resources will be required for settling the pending litigation, In addition, there are no other pending litigations which, either by their nature or by their value would deem necessary the presentation of some contingent assets or liabilities significant for the activity of the Company,.

The Company is also involved in:

-Litiations with subsidiary SMART SA

Case file no. 3269/3/2015 registered with Bucharest Tribunal, Section VI Civil, renumbered 1015/2/2018 with the Court of Appeal Bucharest,

Case file subject:

Compelling SMART SA to pay 1,841, VAT included and the sum of 232 as accessories – representing the reduced value of our patrimony by the defendant's violating the provisions of contracts C, 43/2005 and C,237/2010,

Case file stage: On the hearing date 11,10,2017 Bucharest Tribunal pronounced civil ruling 3592/11,10,2017, whereby it denied as inadmissible the action filed by CNTEE Transelectrica SA in contradiction with the Company of Maintenance Services to the Electricity Transmission Grid SMART SA,

On 04.12.2017 CNTEE Transelectrica SA filed appeal against civil ruling 3592/2017 pronounced by Bucharest Tribunal on 11.10.2017, Such appeal is included in file 1015/2/2018 on the docket of the Appeal Court Bucharest, with hearing term set on 07.05.2018.

Case file no. 40958/3/2016 registered with Bucharest Tribunal, Section VI Civil

Case file subject:

Compelling Company SMART SA to pay 2,797, VAT included + 1,212 accessories calculated to the amount of 2,872 Smart has misunderstood the sum of 2,871,823,43 Lei represented accessories (interest rates).

File stage: On the hearing date 07.06.2017 the instance in accordance with article 413 para 1 pt, 1 NCPC suspended judging the case until the final settlement of file 1658/3/2014 on the docket of the Appeal Court Bucharest in contradiction with the Court of Accounts, Appeal right during the entire suspension period.

Remarks about the circumstances when such action was initiated

Item 3 from Ruling 37/2013 of the Court of Accounts retained the following: "Making undue payments in the estimated sum of 314 for deforestation services provided by the same provider at higher tariffs as well as for services provided on

the same surfaces" (pages 3-6 of Ruling 37/2013)

1, Case file no. 48509/3/2017 registered with Bucharest Tribunal, Section VI Civil File subject:

CNTEE Transelectrica SA requests by court action to have SMART SA compelled to:

a) Return to our company the amount of 7,652 where VAT is to be added, as prejudice incurred by our company as a consequence of the defendant's enrichment with no just cause, in the first place, and as undue payment, in the second place;

b) Compelling the defendant to pay the non-achieved benefits associated to the sum paid under the enrichment title without just cause, in the main, calculated from the date when the subscribed made the undue payments to the defendant until the date when the law court was notified, in quantum of 2,773, as well as compelling the defendant to further pay the non-achieved benefits until the actual return date of the sum representing the principal by the defendant,

Case file stage: found in the preliminary procedure, On 12.03.2018 we were notified the contestation filed by SMART which we answered on 22,03,2018, and the first hearing term is to be set later,

- Litigations with the subsidiary Teletrans SA

1, Case file no.20223/3/2017 registered with Bucharest Tribunal, Section VI Civil

Case file object:

Teletrans SA requests compelling CNTEE Transelectrica SA to pay 4,635, as value of the performance bond constituted as per contract C243/2010, to which the sum of 293 is added, legal interest calculated on the maturity date until law suit opening -31.05.2017,

stage of the case file :Court hearing term on 13,04,2018, in view of settling the dispute in amiable manner,

2, Case file no. 16216/3/2017 registered with Bucharest Tribunal, Section VI Civil

Case file object:

By its suing request Teletrans SA asks the instance

- To ascertain the services under contract 03/2007 have been fully provided, as added;
- In subsidiary to ascertain the services under contract 03/2007 have been provided and partially accepted, as it has been added;
- To oblige Transelectrica to pay 4,649, to which VAT of 883,360,56 Lei is added, representing the amounts of invoices 115/2017, 123/2017 up to 143/2017;
- To oblige Transelectrica to pay 214,355,40 Euro plus VAT, at the exchange rate on the invoice issuance dates, representing the value of services provided and partially accepted for the contractual interval May 2014 November 2016, "in subsidiary if admitted the second subject of the request not the first subject of the request";

stage of the case file: hearing term 23.04.2018, in view of settling of the litigation amicably.

iv) Guarantees

As of December 31st, 2017 and December 31st, 2016, the guarantees are presented as follows:

	2017	2016
Guarantees granted, of which:	381,753	461,879
- letters of guarantee issued – production	44,554	36,325
- letters of guarantee issued – investments	183,962	238,617
- other guarantees granted	153,237	186,936
Guarantees received, of which:	497,216	502,122
- letters of guarantee received – production	184,226	220,879
- letters of guarantee received – investments	264,729	233,729
- other guarantees received	48,261	47,513

Guarantees granted

In accordance with the License no, 161/2000 updated by ANRE Decision no, 802/18,05,2016 regarding the provision of electricity transmission and system services and the administration of the balancing market, the Company has the obligation to establish and maintain a financial guarantee of 1% of the turnover related to the licensed activities, which

enables the Company to continue its licensed activities, considering the major risks that may impact these activities and which covers any potential damages that may be incurred according to the concluded contractual clauses, In order to comply with this obligation, the Company concluded a loan agreement for issuance of bank letters of guarantee with EximBank SA, the value of which being 29,422,392 as of December 31st, 2017.

On December 27th, 2017, the Company concluded a loan agreement for issuance of bank letters of guarantee with Banca Comerciala Romana amounting to 26,805,370 and valid between January 1st, 2018 and December 31st, 2018.

The other guarantees granted consist mainly of bank letters of guarantee issued for contracts concluded on the centralized markets administered by OPCOM – the Centralized Market for Bilateral Electricity Contracts for Extended Auction (CMCB-EA), the Day-Ahead Market (DAM) and the Intra-Day Market (IDM), as well as commitments/guarantees granted for investments in relation to pending loan contracts.

Other guarantees granted consist of contracts assigned to secure the credit line contracted for the support scheme.

Guarantees received

The guarantees received consist mainly in bank letters of guarantee for due payment in relation to contracts concluded on the electricity market, the good performance bonds and down payment letters of guarantee in relation to investment contracts and other guarantees received based on contracts funded by the connection tariff.

v) Revaluation reserves as of December 31st, 2017

As of December 31st, 2017, revaluation reserves are in amount of 408,899 (December 31st, 2016: 458,184).

Starting with May 1st, 2009, the reserves from the revaluation of fixed assets, including land plots, recorded after January 1st, 2004, which are deducted when calculating taxable income through tax depreciation expenses or transferred and/or ceased assets expenses, are taxed simultaneously with the tax depreciation deduction, namely when the assets are disposed, as the case may be.

Realized reserves are taxable in the future, in case of changing the destination of the reserves in any form, in case of liquidation, merger of the Company, including using the reserves for covering the Company's losses, except for the transfer of the aforementioned reserves after May 1st, 2009.

vi) Tariff for energy transmission and system services

The tariff for electricity transmission is set based on the "revenue cap" methodology, Using this methodology, ANRE sets an initial annual target revenue calculated by summing up the regulated costs and the regulated return of recognized assets, Certain costs included in the base of regulated costs are subject to efficiency requirements limiting the level of expenses that may be recovered through the regulated tariff (controllable operating and maintenance costs, own technological consumption). The annual target revenues calculated for a regulatory period are redirected through a linearization procedure aiming at softening any severe increases/decreases of revenues from one tariff year to the next, The revenues redirected in this way are annually adjusted by the price consumption index.

Certain changes in the tariff mechanism may have a significant impact on the recovery of the regulated depreciation of fixed assets included in the regulated assets base.

The current regulatory period lasts five years (July 1^{st} , 2014 – June 30^{th} , 2019), and comprises five tariff years (the tariff year begins on July 1^{st} and lasts for 12 months). Thus, 2017 was the year of transition from the third tariff year to the fourth tariff year within the current regulatory period (the third tariff year ended June 30^{th} , 2017, the fourth tariff year began July 1^{st} , 2017). For 2017, the tariffs for the transmission and system services were calculated according to the provisions of ANRE Orders no. 53/2013 and 87/2013, as subsequently amended and supplemented, For the first semester of 2017, tariffs for the transmission and system services were approved by ANRE Order no. 27/2016 and for the second semester of 2017 by ANRE Order no. 48/2017.

According to ANRE Order no. 53/2013, as subsequently amended and supplemented, approving the Methodology for determining the tariffs for the electricity transmission service, for the calculation of the regulated revenue for the first tariff period, the competent authority determines the amount related to the efficiency gains (resulted from the reduction of

controllable operating costs incurred in a tariff period) above the targets set for prior regulated period and allocates 50% of the surplus to the customers of the transmission service (gain sharing mechanism).

According to ANRE Order no. 87/2013 approving the Methodology for determining the tariffs for the system services, the competent authority determines the amount related to gains obtained by the transmission and system operator through an efficient management of technological system services within a tariff period and allocates 80% thereof to users (gain sharing mechanism). In June 2017, via Order no. 45/2017, ANRE approved the new Methodology for determining the tariffs for the system services, applicable starting with the tariff period July 1st, 2017 - June 30th, 2018 (repealing ANRE Order no.87/2013).

The tariffs for the transmission of electricity and system services are adjusted annually by the total corrections resulting from the previous tariff period's corrections (actual data for 8 months and estimated data for 4 months) and the corrections of the second last tariff period (actual data), By way of exception, the tariff for the technological system services approved for the fourth tariff year has been revised pursuant to the provisions of Art. 45 of ANRE Order no. 45/2017, from 9.39 lei/MWh to 12.06 lei/MWh, applicable starting with January 1st, 2018, The main underlying factor for the tariff increase was represented by the reconsideration of the price assumptions related to Transelectrica's purchase of system reserves on the competitive market.

Service	Tariff applied in the first semester of 2017 (approved by ANRE Order no, 27/2016) lei/MWh	Tariff applied in the second semester of 2017 (approved by ANRE Order no, 48/2017) lei/MWh
Electricity transmission service	18,70	16,86
Functional system services	1,30	1,11
Technological system services	11,58	9,39

vii) Contingencies

The following control measures are ongoing at the Company's Transelectrica headquarters:

Ministry of Public Finance - General Department of Economic and Financial Inspection - an inspection activity that started on 15.09.2017 and which was suspended by Address 243104 / 29.11.2017 on the same date. The objectives undergoing verification for 2012-2016 are presented below:

- substantiating and executing the revenues and expenses budget;
- compliance with the budgetary, economic, financial and accounting discipline;
- compliance with the legal provisions regarding the public and private property of the state and of the units
- administrative-territorial units, held in any form;

- compliance with the provisions of the Government Order no, 64/2001 on the distribution of profits to the national entities, national companies and commercial companies with full or majority state capital, as well as self-governing administrations with subsequent amendments and completions;

- the use of reserve holdings;
- the way of organizing and exercising the compulsory forms of internal / managerial control;
- the way in which the amounts granted from the consolidated general budget were substantiated and justified,

The Ministry of Economy – Division for Control Body of the Minister– the control commenced on January 18th, 2018 – the objectives of the measure are: verifying the observance of legal provisions and internal norms pertaining to the entity's organization and functioning, verifying the way in which the acquisition activity is organized and performed, verifying the way in which consultancy, legal assistance and representation and litigation agreements are concluded and performed.

verifying the way in which the sponsorship agreements are concluded and performed, verifying the way in which the transportation expenses are made, analysis of the way in which orders, instructions and other requirements of the Ministry of Economy in the specific field of activity are performed, verifying the completion status of the measures ruled via previous reports, comparative analysis of the entity's economic and financial results in the last three years of activity.

The National Agency for Public Procurement – the control started on February 26^{th} , 2018 – the control aimed at verifying the observance of the rules pertaining to the drafting of technical specifications for the allocation procedure of the agreement for the Technical upgrade of the Turnu Severin Este 220/110 kV substation – procurement notice no, 166637/15.03.2016.

On 31 December 2017 Teletrans S,A,,subsidiary of the Company was under a control that began on 29.05.2015 by the General Economic–Financial Audit Directorate from the Ministry of Public Finance, the reviewed period being

01.01.2010-31.12.2014, according to the service orders 82/2.,05.2015 and 01.01.2015- to date, according to the service order 38/31.05.2017; the economic-financial audit objectives being:

-Fundamentals and execution of the revenue and expense budget;

- -Compliance with the budgetary economic-financial and accounting discipline;
- -Observing the legal provisions regarding assets in the public and private state domain and of the administrative territorial units;

-The organisation and exercise of compulsory internal / managerial control;

-Checking the compliance with the provisions of GO 26/2013 on enhancing financial discipline of certain economic operators where the state or administrative territorial units are single or majority shareholders, or hold directly or indirectly majority participation in 2015 – to date.

On December 31, 2017, Teletrans SA, the subsidiary of the Company, was subject to control by the General Division- for Economic and Financial Inspection of the Ministry of Public Finance regarding the period 2010-2014 and finalized in 2018. The Economic and Financial Inspection Report Draft issued on February 21st, 2018 specifies that, as a result of the leasing of the assets belonging to the public state domain (capacities and infrastructure elements of the public telecommunications network) with disregard by the Company's representatives and Teletrans S.A. of the provisions of art. 14, art. 15 and art. 16 of Law no. 213/1998 on the public property, the state budget would have been damaged in a total amount of 88,778, representing sums collected and not paid to the state budget in the period 2006-2016.

In the letter 13443 from 26.03.2018 written by Teletrans, it notified Transelectrica of the following:

- -In 21.02.2018 10.032018 time frame several meetings took place between the representatives of Teletrans and the representatives of the Ministry's audit team, which decided the calculation base used in the draft report was
- -wrong, as it strictly related to the revenues registered without taking into account the expenses made (total amortisement of the procured grid equipment, human resources as well as all indirect costs of such activities) and without fully understanding the commercial and juridical relations between Transelectrica and Teletrans;
- -Consequently, the audit team together with the managers of the Economic-Financial Audit Division from the Ministry of Finance provided a new term to Teletrans by which it should submit the reviewed situation and additional explanations for the reviewed time interval, extending the 27.02.2018 term by 30.03.2018,

Teletrans letter also specified that, taking into account the above, the managerial team of Teletrans has got solid reasons to believe the finding about the so-called deviation from the draft audit report will be removed and this report will find Teletrans performed correct commercial activities.

As regards the legality of using the excess optical fibre, the juridical nature of the contractual relation took into account the legal opinion of Bostina&Asociatii according to which the previous contract C45/2006 was deemed as mandate contract without representation pertaining to "concluding by SC TELETRANS SA in its own name but on behalf of the public telecommunication network of Transelectrica some contracts trading its capacity and infrastructure elements", Such construction of the juridical deed enabled concluding Covenant C111/2014, while keeping the juridical relations between parties.

Until the date of approval of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended on December 31st, .17, the Company did not complete the analysis necessary to determine the possible effect of the result of the economic and financial inspection report issued on 21 February 2018 on the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended on 31 December 2017.

Considering that the ANAF-DGAMC findings for the period 2005-2010 include both additional debts and accessories corresponding to the technological services provided in the framework agreements approved by ANRE and considering that until thedrafting of the financial statements there was anofficial reply from the Authority received, regarding the amendments of the framework contract as requested by the Company, at this moment it is not possible to accurately estimate the possible influence of the authorities' interpretation of the unrealized technological system services for which Transelectrica records income from penalties for the capacities not provided to it under the contract under the conditions of IAS 37 Provisions , contingent liabilities and contingent assets.

At the same time, according to the Court of Accounts' findings regarding the expenses that were not aimed at the continuous training of the employees and which are not forms of professional training and for which the Decision no. 14/2011was issued, ANAF-DGAMC retained additional debts and corresponding accessories.

Currently there are ongoing litigations with the Court of Auditors regarding controls carried out in 2013 and 2017. Taking into account the findings of the Court of Accounts, found in the Decisions of the years 2013 and 2017, there is the potential of additional tax liabilities, which at this time cannot be accurately determined under IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets.

26. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Thus considering the above on December 31^{st} 2017 the Company's managerial team did not have the necessary information to make a sound analysis in view of determining the effects and results of such report over the stand-alone financial statements for the financial year ended on December 31^{st} , 2017.

From 16.01.2017 to 05.05.2017 Romania's Court of Auditors conducted an audit at Smart SA pertaining to "Control on the mode of administration of the assets from the national electricity transmission network",

When such control ended an Audit report was issued on 05,05,2017, This Audit report was capitalised by Decision 6/07,06,2017, Smart SA filed objection against this decision.

The objection was settled by the Objection Settlement Commission under Conclusion 75/25,07,2017, which denied the objection, The conclusion was received by the company on 31,07,2017.

Within the legal term Smart SA filed Complaint against Conclusion 75/25.07.2017 issued by the Objection settlement commission established in Romania's Court of Accounts, requesting cancellation of such conclusion as well as cancelation of Decision 6/07.06.2017 issued by the Court of Accounts, Department IV, The complaint is included in File 6412/2017 found on the docket of the Appeal Court Bucharest, Section VIII of administrative and fiscal disputes,

Since the suspension of the obligation to enforce Decision 6/2017 ended as of the reception date of Conclusion 75/25.07.2017, the measure plan was elaborated and implemented, being registered under no.5790/23.08.2017 in order to carry out the decided measures.

The initial term to carry out the measures decided by Romania's Court of Accounts was 29,12,2017, The term was extended until 30.06.2018.

27. GROUP STRUCTURE

The main Group companies and the percentage of ownership exercised by the Company are as follows:

Entity	Country	31 December 2017	31 December 2016
	of Origin	% of total shares	% of total shares
SMART SA	Romania	70	70
TELETRANS SA	Romania	100	100

SC SMART SA

SC SMART SA, with registered office at 33Magheru Blvd,, district 1, Bucharest, and head office located at the work point in 246 C Calea Floreasca, "Sky Tower" Building, 20th floor, district 1 Bucharest, has as main activities the provision of maintenance services for the transmission-dispatch system, The subsidiary was incorporated by GD no, 710/July 19th, 2001 on November 1st, 2001.The share capital as of December 31st, 2017 amounted to 55,036,300, of which 38,528,600 is subscribed and fully paid up by the Company.

By Decision no, 14/10,12,2014, the Extraordinary General Assembly of Shareholders of SC Smart SA approved the company's share capital increase by in-kind contribution with the land plots value for which the certificate authenticating the ownership rights was obtained.

On December 30th, 2014, the Trade Registry Office attached to the Bucharest Court settled the application to register the share capital increase of SC Smart SA and, consequently, as of December 31st, 2015, the shareholding of SC Smart SA was the following:

-	CNTEE Transelectrica SA	- shares 3,852,86 - participation in pr	70,005%
-	Romanian State through the General Se	cretariat of the Governmen	1,650,770 pation in profit and loss: 29,994%

On January 25th, 2016, the amendment regarding the change of the shareholder structure of SC Smart SA was processed at the National Trade Registry Office, namely the mention regarding the administration of State's assets, amendment required by Art, 10 of GEO no, 86/2014, as amended and revised.

*) On the docket of the courts there was a litigation - file no, 32675/3/2015 - involving the annulment of Resolution of the

27. GROUP STRUCTURE (continued)

Designated Person No, 154954/December 30th, 2014, pronounced in file no. 449314/December 23rd, 2014, under which the Trade Register attached to the Bucharest Court has registered the share capital increase of the subsidiary SC Smart SA with contribution in kind and amended the Articles of Association according to Decision no, 12375/December 22nd, 2014 of the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the subsidiary and according to Board Decision no. 19/December 22nd, 2014, The Company also requested the competent court for the annulment of the two aforementioned decisions and the suspension of the enforcement of deeds whose annulment is requested, until the resolution of the promoted action.

In the file no. 32675/3/2015, the Bucharest Court – Section VI Civil pronounced the civil sentence no. 6468/November 16th, 2015, through which it ordered the following: "Admits the exception of inadmissibility. Dismisses the application for summons filed by the plaintiff Transelectrica against the defendants: the subsidiary Company for electricity transmission grid maintenance services SMART SA, the Romanian State and ONRC, as inadmissible. With right of appeal within 30 days from notification. The appeal is lodged with the Bucharest Court Section VI Civil, Pronounced in open court today, November 16th, 2015", CNTEE Transelectrica SA lodged an appeal, which was registered on the docket of the Court of Appeal, the case being settled at the hearing from May 23rd, 2016, when the Court of Appeal Bucharest ruled the civil decision no, 903/23.05.2016, by which it ordered the following: "Rejects the appeal as ill-founded, Admits the notification of the Constitutional Court, Pursuant to Article 29 (4) of Law no, 47/1992, notifies the Constitutional Court to resolve the exception of unconstitutionality of Article 114 (3) of Law no. 31/1990 in relation to the provisions of Article 16. Article 21 and Article 44 of the Constitution, exception invoked by the appellant. Final."

SC TELETRANS SA

SC TELETRANS SA, with registered office at 16 - 18 Hristo-Botev Blvd,, district3, Bucharest, has as main activities process and management IT maintenance services, telecommunication and IT specific services in the PTG, telephony and data transmission. The subsidiary was incorporated as per Decision no, 3/2002 of the General Assembly of Shareholders, The share capital as of December 31^{st} , 2017 amounted to 6,874,430, subscribed and fully paid up.

28. REMUNERATION OF COMPANY'S MANAGEMENT

The wages paid to the management employed based on Individual Employment Contracts (IEC) for the services rendered consist primarily of base salary, benefits upon termination of employment and post-employment and the fixed and variable components for the members of the Directorate and the Board of Supervisors. These are detailed as follows:

	2017	2016
Short-term employee benefits	9,822	10,269
Other long-term benefits	121	267
Members of the Management Board and the Supervisory Board		
Fixed component	1,611	1,566
Variable component	0	2,013
Total	11,555	14,116

In 2013, the 4 year mandate was approved for the members of the Board of Supervisors and the Directorate. The General Assembly of Shareholders of November 6th, 2013 approved the mandate of the Board of Supervisors members and their variable remuneration level starting with the business day immediately following the date of approval of the Administration Plan of CNTEE Transelectrica SA for the period 2013-2017 prepared by the Board of Supervisors, i.e. from 01.10.2013.

Decision no, 1 of 23,03,2015 of the Ordinary General Assembly of Shareholders approved under items 3.3 and 3.4 the setting of the general caps of the fixed remuneration granted to the Board of Supervisors members of CNTEE "Transelectrica" – S,A, and the general caps of the variable component of their remunerations.

As of December 31st, 2017, the number of OAVTs granted to the Board of Supervisors members of Transelectrica is as follows:

27. REMUNERATION OF COMPANY'S MANAGEMENT (continued)

Package	No, of OAVTs	Date granted	Due date	Weighted average price for the month prior to granting as per the mandate contract
Package 1				
November 15 th , 2013	644,545	15,11,2013	15,11,2016	13,1484 (lei/share)
Package 2				
November 15 th , 2014	571,561	15,11,2014	15,11,2017	26,6040 (lei/share)
Package 3 November 15 th , 2015	355,640	15,11,2015	15,11,2018	25,9986 (lei/share)
Package 4 November 15 th , 2016	415,274	15,11,2016	15,11,2019	29,0861 (lei/share)

As of December 31st, 2016, as per the certificates issued by the Company, the number of OAVTs granted to the Transelectrica Directorate members is as follows:

Deslage	No, of OAVTs	Date	Due date	Weighted average price for the month prior to granting as per the mandate
Package	UAVIS	granted	Due date	contract
Package 1				
May 15 th , 2014	567,978	15,05,2014	15,11,2016	13,1484 lei/share
Package 2				
November 15 th , 2014	657,973	15,11,2014	15,11,2017	26,6040 lei/share
Package 3 November 15 th , 2015	522,418	15,11,2015	15,11,2018	25,9986 lei/share
Package 4 November 15 th , 2016	474,837	15,11,2016	15,11,2019	29,0861 (lei/share)

Details of the valuation model of OAVTs:

	Package 1	Package 2	Package 3	Package 4
Validity	3 years	3 years	3 years	3 years
Way of exerting	1/3 of the package granted yearly			
Weighted average price for the month prior	13,1484 lei/ share	26,6040 lei/ share	25,9986 lei/ share	29,0861 lei/ share

Thus, as of December 31st, 2017, the Company recorded a provision amounting to 38,498 (42,355 as of December 31st, 2016) for the annual variable component owed to the Directorate and Board of Supervisors members for the fair value of the virtual shares of the Company as of the end of the financial year.

29. NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Balance at the beginning of the year Share of profit for the year Additional non-controlling interests	5,484 (1,419)	11,645 (6,161)
Balance at the end of the year	4,065	5,484

30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial risk management

The Group is exposed to the following risks that arise from financial instruments: market risk (interest rate risk and currency risk), credit risk and liquidity risk, The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to mitigate potentially adverse effects on the Group's financial performance, Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates, will affect the Group's profit or loss or the value of its holdings of financial instruments.

The Group does not have formal arrangements to mitigate financial risks. Despite the fact that no formal arrangements are in place, the financial risks are monitored by management considering the financial needs of the Group in order to make sure that the opportunities and threats are matched efficiently.

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, the Group's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the Group's management of capital.

Interest rate risk

The Group's operating cash flows are affected mainly by changes in interest rates, due to the foreign currency long-term borrowings with variable interest rates contracted from external credit institutions. The Group has significant long-term borrowings with variable interest rates that expose it to significant cash flow risk.

At the reporting date, the financial liabilities with fixed and variables interest rates are as follows:

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Fixed rate instruments		
Financial liabilities	389,449	478,649
Variable rate instruments		
Financial liabilities	143,919	178,829

Sensitivity analysis of interest rate

As of the reporting date, a 100% appreciation of the interest rate for the borrowings with variable interest rates date would have decreased the gross profit for the period by the amounts shown below, This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency exchange rates, remain constant.

	Loss 2017	Loss 2016
RON	<u>-</u>	(44)
EUR	(877)	(1,325)
USD	(12)	(21)
Total	(889)	(1,390)

As of the reporting date, a 100% depreciation of the interest rate for the borrowings with variable interest rates date would have increased the gross profit for the period by the amounts shown below, This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency exchange rates, remain constant.

	Profit 2017	Profit 2016
RON	_	44
EUR	877	1,325
USD	12	21
Total	889	1,390

The Group did not conclude any hedging contracts regarding the debts in foreign currencies or the exposure to the interest rate risk.

Exchange rate risk

The Group may be exposed to the changes in the foreign exchange rates through cash and cash equivalents, long-term borrowings and commercial debts denominated in foreign currencies.

The Group's functional currency is RON, The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk on cash and cash equivalents, purchases and borrowings that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency, The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily EUR, USD and Japanese Yen (JPY), The long-term loans and other liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are then retranslated at the prevailing exchange rate at each balance sheet date, as communicated by Romanian National Bank, The resulting differences are charged or credited to the profit or loss, but do not affect cash flows until the settlement of the amount.

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk, expressed in RON, was as follows:

	Value	RON	EUR	USD
31 December 2017				
Monetary assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	553,875	498,963	54,896	16
Other financial assets	-		-	-
Receivables	825,464	759,016	65,148	-
Gross exposure	1,379,339	1,258,979	120,043	16
Monetary liabilities				
Suppliers and other liabilities	704,574	638,725	65,849	-
Borrowings	533,369	224,989	308,380	-
Gross exposure	1,237,943	863,714	374,229	3,435
Net balance sheet exposure	141,396	395,265	(254,186)	(3,420)
	Value	RON	EUR	USD
31 December 2016				
Monetary assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	960,489	920,125	40,327	38
Other financial assets	135,090	135,090	-	-
Receivables	874,107	830,854	43,253	-
Gross exposure	1,969,686	1,886,068	83,580	38
Monetary liabilities				
Suppliers and other liabilities	889,349	808,560	80,789	-
Borrowings	657,478	217,343	428,798	11,337
Gross exposure	1,546,827	1,025,903	509,587	11,337
Net balance sheet exposure	422,859	860,165	(426,007)	11,299

Trade and other receivables, suppliers and other liabilities, except suppliers of non-current assets are denominated only in RON.

The following significant exchange rates were used:

	Average exchange rate		Exchange rate as of	
	2017	2016	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
RON/ EURO	4,5682	4,4908	4,6597	4,5411
RON/ USD	4,0525	4,0592	3,8915	4,3033

Sensitivity analysis of exchange rate risk

A 10% appreciation of the RON against the following currencies as of December 31st, 2016 and December 31st, 2015 would have increased the gross profit by the amounts shown below, This analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant

	Profit 2017	Profit 2016
EUR	25,419	42,601
USD	342	1,130
JPY		
Total	25,761	43,731

A 10% depreciation of the RON against the following currencies as of December 31st, 2016 and December 31st, 2015 would have had the equal but opposite effect on the above currencies to the amounts shown above, assuming that all other variables remain constant,

	Loss 2017	Loss 2016
EUR USD JPY	(25,419) (342)	(42,601) (1,130)
Total	(25,761)	(43,731)

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, This risk arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers and cash and cash equivalents.

The treatment of counterparty risk is based on internal and external success factors of the Group. External factors of success that are systematically reducing the risk are: de-centralization of the energy sector where production, transmission, distribution and supply are distinct activities, and the interface for the customer is the supplier, the trading of energy on the Romanian market on two market segments: regulated market and competitive market. Internal factors of success in the treatment of counterparty risk include the diversification of customer portfolio and diversification of the number of services provided on the electricity market.

Financial assets, which potentially subject the Group to collection risk, consist principally of trade receivables and cash and cash equivalents. The Group applied a series of policies to make sure that the services are rendered to customers that can provide a proper collection, by including in the commercial contracts their obligation to establish financial guarantees, The carrying amount of accounts receivable, net of impairment allowances, represents the maximum amount exposed to collection risk.

The collection risk related to these receivables is limited, as these amounts are primarily due by state-owned companies.

The cash is placed in financial institutions, which are considered as having minimal risk, The deposits are placed with Banca Comeciala Romana, BRD – Groupe Societe Generale, Credit Europe Bank, Garanti Bank, Alpha Bank, Banca Transilvania, Exim Bank, ING Bank and CITI Bank,

At the date of reporting, the maximum exposure to the risk of collection was:

	December 31st, 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Financial assets		
Net trade receivables	728,463	774,993
Cash and cash equivalents	553,875	960,489
Other net receivables	38,000	89,339
VAT to recover	47,899	-
Other financial assets		135,090
	1,378,468	1,959,911

The situation of receivables' seniority on the date of drafting the financial position report was:

-	Gross value December 31 st , 2017	Provision December 31 st , 2017	Gross value December 31 st , 2016	Provision December 31 st , 2016
Not due	573,750	1,268	648,510	5,550
Due date exceeded by 1 to 30 days	294	2	13,257	-
Due date exceeded by 31 to 90 days	2,877	2,853	6,222	-
Due date exceeded by 90 to 180 days	(91)	-	1,152	359
Due date exceeded by 180 to 270 days	61,178	2,979	27,315	7,725
Due date exceeded by 270 to 365 days	26,220	21,851	6,256	-
Due date exceeded by more than a year	189,222	96,034	175,662	89,746
Total	853,451	124,988	878,374	103,381

The situation of other receivables' seniority on the date of drafting the financial position report was:

	Gross value December 31 st , 2017	Provision December 31 st , 2017	Gross value December 31 st , 2016	Provision December 31 st , 2016
Not due	22,944	2,526	68,799	2,501
Due date exceeded by 1 to 30 days	73	0	16	9
Due date exceeded by 31 to 90 days	63	57	57	30
Due date exceeded by 90 to 180 days	34,681	34,534	6,064	4,791
Due date exceeded by 180 to 270 days	3,020	2,939	2,317	669
Due date exceeded by 270 to 365 days	179	113	3,160	595
	71,054	42,746		
Due date exceeded by more than a year			101,201	83,678
Total	132,015	82,913	181,613	92,274

The Group's policy is to record impairment adjustments for value loss of 100% for clients in litigation, insolvency and bankruptcy, and 100% of trade receivables and other receivables not re paid in more than 180 days, except for outstanding

claims generated by the support scheme, The Group also carries out an individual analysis for trade receivables and other uncollected receivables,

The highest impairment adjustments as of 31st December 2017, calculated for trade receivables and related penalties were recorded for SC Eco Energy SRL (24,736), SC Petprod SRL (23,540), Arelco Power (17,359), SC Total Electric Oltenia SA (14,186), Romenergy Industry (13,513), Elsaco Energy (9,294), RAAN (8,517), Elsaco Energy (7,177), CET Brasov (4,665), OPCOM (4,517), In order to recover the receivablesadjusted for impairment, the Company took the following measures: court action, enrollment at creditor table, requesting clarifications from ANAF (for VAT to be collected from Opcom), etc.

At the same time, the Company has registered an impairment adjustment of the amount of 44,443 due to the total liabilities paid to NAFA.(see Note 9).

The evolution of adjustments for impairment of receivables is presented as follows:

	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016	
Balance on the 1 st of January	103,381	89,312	
Recognition of adjustments for impairment	36,576	22,607	
Reversal of adjustments for impairment	14,969	(8,538)	
Balance at the end of the period	124,988	103,381	

The evolution of impairment adjustments for other receivables is presented as follows:

	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Balance on the 1 st of January	92,274	86,429
Recognition of adjustments for impairment	38,010	7,501
Reversal of adjustments for impairment	3,356	(1,656)
Balance at the end of the period	82,913	92,274

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group may encounter difficulties in fulfilling the obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled in cash or by another financial asset's transfer.

A prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents and the availability of funding through adequate credit facilities.

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Assets		
Monetary assets in RON	1,258,979	1,886,068
Monetary assets in foreign currency	120,059	83,618
	1,379,339	1,969,686
Liabilities		
Monetary liabilities in RON	(843,210)	(1,025,903)
Monetary liabilities in foreign currency	(377,664)	(520,924)
	(1,237,943)	(1,546,827)
Net monetary position in RON	395,265	860,165
Net monetary position in foreign currency	(257,605)	(437,306)

The Group's policy on liquidity is to maintain sufficient liquid resources to meet the obligations as they fall due.

The followings are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including interest payments:

December 31 st , 2017	Carrying amount	Contractual amount	12 months or less	1 – 2 years	2 – 5 years	> 5 years
Financial liabilities						
Trade and other						
liabilities	693,349	726,521	679,594	12,917	838	-
Other tax and social						
security liabilities	11,225	11,503	11,225	-	-	
Borrowings	533,369	1,292,252	338,183	51,449	68,913	74,824,
Total	1,237,942	2,030,276	1,029,001	64,336	69,751	74,824

December 31 st , 2016	Carrying amount	Contractual amount	12 months or less	1 – 2 years	2 – 5 years	> 5 years
Financial liabilities						
Trade and other						
liabilities	877,058	877,058	877,058	-	-	-
Other tax and social						
security liabilities	12,291	12,291	12,291	-	-	-
Borrowings	657,478	1,646,600	155,548	311,712	95,402	94,816
Total	1,546,827	2,535,949	1,044,897	311,712	95,402	94,816

Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value is the amount at which the financial instrument can be exchanged in current transactions by willing parties in an arm's length transaction, other than determined through liquidation or forced sale. The fair values are obtained from quoted market prices or through cash flows models, as appropriate. As of December 31st, 2016 and December 31st, 2015, management believes that the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, trade payables, loans and other short-term liabilities approximates their carrying value. The carrying amount of the loan is the depreciated cost.

December 31 st , 2017	Book value	Fair value	Level
Financial assets			
Net trade receivables	728,463	727,103	Level 1
Cash and cash equivalents	553,875	553,875	Level 1
Other financial assets	49,102	38,489	Level 1
VAT for recovery	47,899	47,899	Level 1
Other net receivables	-	-	Level 1
	1,378,468	1,378,468	
December 31 st , 2017	Carrying amount	Fair value	Level
Non-current financial liabilities			
Borrowings, except for bonds	195,186	195,186	Level 1
Bonds		-	Level 1
	195,186	195,186	

CN TRANSELECTRICA SA NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2016 (All amounts are in "thousand LEI", unless stated otherwise)

Current financial liabilities			
Trade payables and suppliers of non-current	602 240	602 240	Laval 1
assets Borrowings	693,349 138,183	693,349 138,183	Level 1 Level 1
Bonds	200,000	200,000	Level 1 Level 2
Liabilities towards employees and other	200,000	200,000	Level 2
liabilities	11,225	11,225	Level 1
	1,042,757	1,042,757	
December 31, 2016	Book value	Fair value	Level
2000	20001 (4440		
Financial assets			
Net trade receivables	774,993	774,993	Level 1
Cash and cash equivalents	960,489	960,489	Level 1
Other financial assets	135,090	135,090	Level 1
Other net receivables	89,339	89,339	Level 1
	1,959,911	1,959,911	
December 31, 2016	Book value	Fair value	Level
Non-current financial liabilities			
Borrowings, except for bonds	501,930	501,930	Level 1
Bonds	200,000	200,000	Level 1 Level 1
	701,930	701,930	
Current financial liabilities			
Trade payables and suppliers of non-current			
assets	877,058	877,058	Level 1
Borrowings	155,548	155,548	Level 1
Liabilities towards employees and other			
liabilities	12,291	12,291	Level 1
	1,044,897	1,044,897	
Categories of financial assets			
	Decembe	er 31 st , 2017 Decen	nber 31 st , 2016
Financial assets			
Cash and bank equivalents		553,875	1,095,579
Receivables		825,464	874,107
Financial liabilities			
Depreciated cost		1,237,943	1,802,230

Personnel risk and the salary scheme

As of December 31st, 2017, the average age of the Group's personnel is quite high, It is likely that in the nearest future, the Company will face a lack of personnel due to natural causes.

The Company could also face the risk that highly qualified employees leave for private companies which may offer more attractive salary packages than those offered by the Company.

The salary policy imposed by the State on companies in which it is the majority shareholder may lead to a major fluctuation within the specialized work force.

Capital risk management

The Group's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investors, creditors and market confidence and to

sustain future development of the business.

Debt ratio indicator

	December 31 st , 2017	December 31 st , 2016
Short and long-term borrowings	533,369	657,478
Cash and cash equivalents	(533,875)	(960,489)
Other financial assets		(135,090)
	(20,506)	(438,101)
Equity Debt ratio	2,739,069	3,133,857

31. FEES CHARGED BY EACH STATUTORY AUDITOR OR AUDIT FIRM

The total fees charged by each statutory auditor or audit firm for the statutory audit of the annual financial statements and the total fees charged by each statutory auditor or audit firm for other assurance services, for tax consultancy services and for non-audit services according to Art.38 of Annex no. 1 to the Order no. 2844/2016 of the Ministry of Public Finances, as subsequently amended and supplemented, related to the year 2017, are as follows:

- SC Deloitte Audit SRL Contract no, C210/30.10.2017 audit services for the stand-alone and consolidated financial statements, issuance of the report on the conformity of the Directorate's Report with the stand-alone and consolidated financial statements, audit services regarding the fulfillment of the financial conditions specified in the loan agreements concluded with Commercial Banks/International Financial Institutions, in bond issuance contracts, audit report in compliance with Art. 113 letter G paragraph (6) of Regulation no. 1/2006 issued by the National Securities Commission fees for 2017 200,000, to which VAT is added;
- SC PKF Finconta SRL Contract no. C75/11.04.2016 tax consultancy services fees for 2017 36,700, to which VAT is added.
- SC Econsulting SRL Contract no,.C266/03,12,2015 audit services for the project called "Studies regarding the new 400 kV OHL d,c between the Smardan and Gutinas substations", financed via European Funds within the TEN-E program for the period April 1st, 2011 January 27th, 2017 fees for 2017 2,569;
- SC Deloitte Audit SRL Contract no.C166/04,09,2017 Independent report for limited assurance of information included in current reports drafted by the company as per provisions of Law no, 297/2004 and Regulation no. 1/2006 fees for 2017 4,500, to which VAT is added;
 - **KDCL CONCEPT SRL** contract C1669 / 10,02,207 audit services for Teletrans SA subsidiary, according to the auditing standards issued by the CAFR for the financial statements of the financial year ended 31.12.2017 related fee 2017 9000 euro.
 - at the time of drafting of these consolidated financial statements the general Shareholders Meeting of Smart SA was summoned for the appointment of DBF Expert Audit SRL and Expertise and Audit Manolescu Florin through leading association DBF Expert Audit SRL providing audit services for the Smart SA subsidiary, according to the audit standards issued by CAFR for the financial statements of the financial year ended 31.12.2017, 31.12.2018, 31.12.2019 related fee 2017 17,280 lei

32. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Acceptance of mandate for interim member of the Supervisory Board

According to the Decision no 1 of Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting from January 9^{th} , 2018, Mr, Constantin DUMITRU was appointed as a temporary member of the Supervisory Board, with a term of office until March 30^{th} , 2018.

The appointment of Mr, Constantin DUMITRU became effective starting with January 15th, 2018, the date of signing before the public notary of the statement of acceptance of the mandate as an interim member of the Supervisory Board of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica" S.A.

Extension of the directorate mandate

In the meeting on January 15th, 2018, the Supervisory Board decided to extend through an addendum, the Mandate Contract of the interim members of the Directorate for a period of 2 months, respectively until March 16th, 2018. Therefore, the composition of the Directorate is as follows:

1, Georgeta - Corina POPESCU 2, Andreea - Georgiana FLOREA 3, Dan - Valeriu ARDELEAN 4, Mircea - Toma MODRAN 5, Florin - Cristian TĂTARU.

Grant approval in the amount of 27,085,000 euro

On January 25th, 2018, the European Commission approved a grant of € 27,085,000 for the construction of the Cernavoda-Stalpu 400 kV power line. The Cernavodă - Stâlpu airline will contribute to increasing interconnection capacity between Romania and Bulgaria and to the integration of wind energy in the Dobrogea area. The Cernavodă-Stâlpu 400 kV line will be about 160 km long and for its commissioning it is necessary to build the 400 kV Stâlpu station and to expand the Cernavoda and Gura Ialomiței stations, According to the 10-year Development Plan

of CNTEE Transelectrica SA, 400kV Cernavoda-Stâlpu OHL will be completed in 2020.

32. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (continued)

The Cernavoda-Stalpu Line Project, part of the Black Sea Corridor Cluster, is one of the six major investment objectives of the National Power Grid Company Transelectrica SA, which is on the third list of projects of common interest (PCI) on energy infrastructure adopted in November 2017 by the European Commission, The total value of the six investments is about one billion lei. All of these projects contribute to the achievement of the 400kV national ring, an objective included in the governance program, which leads to an increase in the operational safety of NPSs and the achievement of an economical operating regime for the PTGs.

Loans for current activity

Transelectrica signed the credit contract no. C55 / 01.03.2018 with Raiffeisen Bank for a period of 12 months for the financing of the high efficiency cogeneration bonus scheme, in the form of an overdraft facility amounting to 100,000,000, at an interest rate calculated according to the reference rate ROBOR 1M, plus a negative margin of 0,35%, If the reference rate is less than 0,35%, the interest rate applied is 0%, This was guaranteed by:

- Mortgage on the bank account opened at the bank
- Mortgage on the receivables resulting from the High Efficiency Contribution Contribution Agreements concluded with CES Sale S.A., E.ON Energie Romania S.A.

Appointment of interim Directoratw Members

As the term of office of the current members of the Directorate ceases on March 16th, 2018, the Board of Supervisors, as of March 17, 2018, appointed the following persons as interim members of the Board of Directors as of March 17th, 2018: 1. Georgeta – Corina POPESCU

- 2. Andreea Georgiana FLOREA
- 3. Dan Valeriu ARDELEAN
- 4. Florin Cristian TĂTARU
- 4. Horni Cristian TATARO

The mandate is granted for a period of 4 months with the possibility of extending the mandate, for solid reasons, for further two months, The term of office shall not exceed the date of finalization of the selection procedure of the members of the Directorate of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica" SA in the conditions of art, 642 of G,E,O, no, 109/2011 if the procedure is completed within this interval, In accordance with Art, 18 par, (4) of the Constitutive Act of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica" -SA, the Supervisory Board elects as the Chairman of the Executive Board, alternatively Chief Executive Officer or Chief Executive Officer - "CEO" - of the Company) of the National Company of Power Transmission "Transelectrica" SA, starting with March 17th, 2018, Ms Georgeta - Corina POPESCU, The appointment of the above-mentioned Directors will become effective on the date of signing before the public notary of the declaration of acceptance of the mandate of the Director of the National Power Grid Company "Transelectrica" SA.

Mandate Acceptance – Interim Directorate Members

The interim members of the Executive Board, appointed on March 14th, 2018 by the Supervisory Board, signed the declaration of acceptance of the mandates on March 15th, 2018, their appointment becoming effective as of March 17th, 2018, according to the declaration of acceptance of the mandates .

The accompanying consolidated financial statements were approved by the management on March 28th, 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

Directorate

Georgeta - Corina	Andreea Georgiana	Dan - Valeriu	Florin - Cristian
POPESCU	FLOREA	ARDELEAN	TATARU
Chairman	Member	Member	Member

Cristina STOIAN Economics and Financial Strategy Department Director

Cristiana ZIRNOVAN Budgeting and Management Reporting Department